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Korean Affairs Report



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11 January 1985

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INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

VRPR HITS CHON MESSAGE TO U.S. SOLDIERS IN KOREA

SK261235 (Clandestine) Voice of the RPR in Korean to South Korea 1000 GMT
25 Dec 84

[Station commentary]

[Text] In greeting Christmas on 24 December, traitor Chon Tu-hwan, a pro-U.S. murderer, sent a message to U.S. soldiers in South Korea. In this message, he highly praised the U.S. troops in South Korea, who provoked the shooting incident at Panmunjom, and viciously slandered the North. He also babbled that U.S. forces in Korea are a restraint against war and make a great contribution to preserving peace.

This is indeed another sophistry vividly exposing the true nature of the pro-U.S. nation-selling flunkeyist. As is widely known to the world, the shooting incident at Panmunjom was a cursed provocation perpetrated in broad daylight by the U.S. imperialist aggressor forces and the South Korean Army, killing three North Korean guards.

The fact that the U.S. imperialist aggressors perpetrated a shooting incident in the area of the conference room at Panmunjom, shooting North Korean guards to death, was a deliberate maneuver to block by any means the relaxation of tensions on the Korean peninsula and the creation of an atmosphere favorable to dialogue.

This notwithstanding, traitor Chon Tu-hwan babbled that he extends warm greetings to the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the ringleaders who committed the provocations, attempting to shift the responsibility for the shooting incident at Panmunjom to the North. This is a remark which could not be made by anyone other than traitor Chon Tu-hwan.

What is more intolerable is that he highly praised the U.S. imperialist aggressors who are the ringleaders of war and [word indistinct] as a restraint against war and as those greatly contributing to preserving peace and so forth.

As is known, the U.S. imperialist aggressors are the sworn enemy of our masses and the basic obstacles to independence, democracy, and reunification. From the first day of their occupation, the U.S. aggressors ruled over this land as the obstructors of peace, as aggressors who did not restrain war but provoked war, and as warmongers.

Everyone knows that the ringleaders who mercilessly murdered the patriotic masses who shouted for independence and democracy, peace, and peaceful reunification, and who bestially suppressed the just struggle of the patriotic masses, including the Kwangju Popular Uprising, are none other than the U.S. imperialist aggressors. Those who created a touch-and-go situation in this land by dragging more than 1,000 nuclear weapons and more than 40,000 U.S. troops into South Korea and who are running amok with the new war provocation maneuvers are none other than the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Even when the North-South economic talks were held in November for the first time in the nearly 40-year history of the nation's division and when the talks between the Red Cross organizations of the North and the South were held, the U.S. imperialist aggressors ran amok with an arms buildup and war preparations. This clearly showed that the U.S. aggressor forces in South Korea are the basic obstacles to the independent and peaceful reunification of the Korean peninsula, disturbing its peace.

Nevertheless, traitor Chon Tu-hwan sent a message to the U.S. imperialist aggressors, praising and describing them as a restraint against war and the envoy of peace. This is indeed an intolerable crime.

The dark intention of traitor Chon Tu-hwan in flattering his masters is as clear as fire. This is aimed at perpetuating the nation's division and realizing his long-term power under the master's patronage by permanently keeping the U.S. forces in South Korea.

The Chon Tu-hwan clique is the wicked nation-selling group which cannot live even one day without its U.S. masters' support and is the enemy of peace and peaceful reunification. The Chon Tu-hwan clique should give up the foolish idea of realizing long-term power under the U.S. masters' protection and immediately step down from power in accordance with the unanimous demand of public opinion and the masses.

CSO: 4110/053

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

CHON TU-HWAN PLAN TO ERECT DICTATORS STATUES SCORED

SK291250 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2154 GMT 28 Dec 84

[NODONG SINMUN 29 December commentary: "Puppet Worshipping the Specter of Traitors"]

[Text] It is said that the Chon Tu-hwan group will erect statues of some previous dictators, such as Syngman Rhee and Pak Chong-hui, in Seoul next year. The footsteps of the 19 April warriors who surged into every street of Seoul, dragging the bust of Syngman Rhee by rope, and of the October democratic protesters who demanded the overthrow of the Pak regime can still be heard. Its attempt, under these circumstances, to erect statues of the nation-selling traitors who were kicked out under the curse of the people to worship their specter is a truly dirty, treacherous act beyond imagination. This cursed, rash act is an unbearable profanity against the resistance warriors who marched on the fascists' citadel, while dyeing the streets in the blood of protest, and an open challenge to the South Korean youths, students, and people who are waging a righteous struggle under the anti-U.S. and antifascist banners of independence and democratization.

As a pro-U.S. stooge who had been raised by the U.S. imperialists' bread crumbs for decades, Syngman Rhee was a greedy politico who sought personal pleasure by collecting money in the name of the independence movement fund. Even after the 15 August National Liberation, as the U.S. imperialists' old stooge, he was a dirty, treacherous traitor who was kicked out under the curse of the people because of his nation-selling treachery. Pak Chong-hui was also a pro-Japanese stooge who vowed loyalty to the Japanese emperor and who, as a member of the chock brigade in its aggression of the continent, was frantic about massacring the patriots during the Japanese imperialist rule, and is a human butcher who, transformed into the U.S. imperialists' stooge after the Japanese imperialists' defeat, made it a business to suppress and massacre the people and who, consequently, was eliminated in the surging waves of the South Korean people's October democratic struggle. The Chon Tu-hwan ring worships the specter of these nation-selling traitors because, just like Syngman Rhee or Pak Chong-hui, as a stooge raised by the U.S. imperialists and Japanese reactionaries, it is a descendant of the subservient traitors or the fascist dictatorial naniacs who sought survival by selling the country and the nation to their lords and masters.

As one who had supported the Yusin system of the previous dictator with guns and bayonets, traitor Chon Tu-hwan is a ringleader of the Yusin remnants who reigned above the heads of the people, perching on the old Yusin nest, and a fascist tyrant who blocked the democratization of the South Korean society and violently trampled the buds of democratization. He is a butcher of the nation who turned the streets into a bloodbath by massacring thousands of fellow countrymen in Kwangju, a warmaniac who tries to aggravate tension and to lead the situation to the brink of war by instilling North-South confrontation and kicking up war rackets, a divisionist who attempts to block peaceful reunification and seek the perpetual division of the nation, and a nation-selling traitor who sold the country and the nation and who furthered subjugation by simply obeying outside forces.

His game of worshipping such pro-U.S. or pro-Japanese stooges as Syngman Rhee and Pak Chong-hui is a trick designed to instill an ideology of worship and respect for the United States, a pro-Japanese nation-selling ideology, among the South Korean people, to justify his nation-selling, treacherous act of following the footpath of the previous traitors, and to realize his dirty ambition of an extended reign in office under the military protection of the U.S. and Japanese masters by finding favor in their eyes.

However, this is a useless fantasy. The South Korea people's indignation and resentment against the brutal colonial, military, and fascist rule by the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan ring has reached its climax and the people's voices calling for the dignity of the nation and freedom is growing higher day by day. No sophistry deceptive trick can conceal the Chon Tu-hwan ring's crime of defaming the spirit of the 19 April people's uprising and the October democratic struggle and leaving shame before history and the nation. The Chon Tu-hwan ring can no more escape the stern judgment of history and the nation than traitors Syngman Rhee and Pak Chong-hui did.

CSO: 4110/053

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

NORTH'S 1984 ECONOMIC ACCOMPLISHMENTS PRAISED

SK261159 (Clandestine) Voice of the RPR in Korean to South Korea 1000 GMT
21 Dec 84

[From the program "Today's Feature," titled "Great Leadership, Shining Fruition"]

[Text] We hear that the North has achieved great success this year in completing the second 7-year plan and attaining the 10 major prospective targets in the socialist economic construction of the 1980's. The North's second 7-year plan is not only a grand program of economic construction to further strengthen the might of the self-reliant national economy by pushing ahead with the policy of export-oriented, modernized, and scientized economy, but a brilliant plan to score epochal progress in the struggle for the complete victory of socialism. Therefore, the North has concentrated all its efforts this year on successfully completing the second 7-year plan, and we hear that major efforts have been placed on pushing ahead with basic construction in the five districts--Sunchon, Anju, Chongjin, Nampo, and Hamhung districts.

According to Pyongyang Radio, many plants and enterprises have been recently built, repaired, and expanded in these districts. In Sunchon District, a vinylon plant with an annual production capacity of 100,000 tons is being built at a rapid pace; in Anju District, three new coal mines have gone into operation; in Chongjin District, the construction project at the Kim Chaek Iron Works with an annual production capacity of 6 million tons is being carried out successfully; in Nampo District, the expansion project for Kangson general steel enterprise is progressing as planned and the construction project of the Nampo lockgate, whose completion date is targeted for 1 April next year, is being accelerated in the stage close to completion. The construction of the basic dam is far past the halfway point, and the [word indistinct] project is nearing completion. In Hamhung District, fire was kindled in the large [word indistinct] (furnace) No 1 of Tanchon smelter in Tanchon last July, and the workers of the Yongmang general machinery enterprise have almost completed the [word indistinct] processing of [word indistinct] press on their own.

Thus, the North has attained remarkable successes this year in construction in the five districts, providing a firm base for successfully completing the second 7-year plan and attaining the grand 10 major prospective targets.

The North concentrated its efforts this year on production of coal and mineral ores, making great progress in opening a new breakthrough in socialist economic construction and increasing production in overall industry, including heavy chemical industry. As a result of the successful progress of the light industrial revolution and the services revolution, the production of daily necessities and foods increased rapidly, their quality improved, and the base for drastically enhancing the people's living has been built more firmly.

In particular, the North has overcome disadvantageous and unusual weather this year and has farmed as required by the chuche agricultural method, reaping unprecedentedly high bumper crops. The 10th plenum of the Sixth WPK Central Committee, which was held 4 to 10 December in Pyongyang, proudly announced the (successful) attainment of the 10 million-ton grain production target.

The North has set up an ambitious target of 15 million tons of grain for the end of the 1980's. If this target is attained, the grand plan to realize the distribution of rice, among other things, based on demand will be realized. With the attainment of the 10 million-ton grain target this year, a firm prospect of attaining the 15 million-ton grain target in the near future has opened.

As enumerated above, the North has attained great successes this year in all sectors of socialist economic construction, including industry, agriculture, production, and construction, and has provided a firm base for attaining higher targets--the 10 major prospective targets of the 1980's. This shows that the North has been carrying out its economic plans well, without a hitch, attaining fruitful results.

Such successes in the North are attributable to the outstanding and refined leadership of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the genius of the revolution and construction, and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il [chinaehanun chidoja Kim Chong-il tongji].

CSO: 4110/053

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

VRPR VIEWS ECONOMIC SITUATION IN SOUTH

SK250127 (Clandestine) Voice of the RPR in Korean to South Korea 1000 GMT
22 Dec 84

[Station commentary]

[Text] In this hour, we will discuss the direction to be taken in the economy next year, which was announced recently by the Chon Tu-hwan ring. As has already been reported, the authorities have made public the so-called direction to be taken in the economy next year. According to this, they will continuously attain an economic growth rate of 7.5 percent next year by continuously expanding the opportunities for employment through the attainment of stability in the consumer economy and by promoting equipment investment. They said that they will curb inflation by holding wholesale price increases to 1 to 2 percent and consumer price increases to 2 to 3 percent, and will reduce the deficit in operating costs to the level of \$5 to \$1 billion by increasing the capability for competition in exports and by doubling efforts to exploit the export market. This is very preposterous.

The infeasibility of the direction to be taken in the economy next year, as announced by the authorities, is shown by the fact that they vowed to achieve stability and attain continuous growth by promoting something. The Chon Tu-hwan ring has raved that the economy developed in a stable manner this year as a result of the promotion of equipment investment and the expansion of opportunities for employment. This is a sheer lie designed to deceive the people. As is widely known, instead of attaining stable growth, the economy this year faced depression and a crisis much more serious than last year's. Exports, which are said to play a leading role in developing the South Korean economy, have declined seriously because of the weakness of international competitive capability and because of U.S. and Japanese control over imports. According to materials released by the authorities in a very exaggerated manner, last year's export goal fell short of 98 percent. It is expected that this year's goal will be far short of that. As a matter of fact, exports declined further this year. Exports in the third quarter decreased by 18.5 percent as compared with the first quarter and by nearly 10 percent as compared with the second quarter. On the other hand, imports increased by nearly 15 percent. Exports in the first half of the year show a decrease of 53.7 percent in cement as compared with the same period of the previous year, a decrease of 23.2 percent in plywood, and a decrease of 2.2 percent in

maritime products. In particular, export results at the end of September this year remained at the level of 54.6 percent as compared with the same period last year. Exports decreased further in October by [figure indistinct] percent, causing depression in the South Korean economy, ponderously dependent on both exports and foreign forces.

According to materials released by the authorities, with curtailed statistical figures, the trade deficit of \$1.66 billion at the end of June this year increased to \$2.24 billion in September. It is expected that this figure will increase to \$3 billion by the end of the year.

The deficit in the balance of international payments increased from \$680 million in the first quarter to \$1.45 billion at the end of August this year.

Industrial production has continuously decreased as a result of the increase of goods in stock caused by the decrease in exports. Industrial production decreased in the third quarter by 3.9 percent as compared with the first half of the year. Long-range indices in November decreased by 2 percent as compared with October. Enterprises have gone bankrupt en masse after scaling down operations and after failing to pay bills. According to materials released by the authorities, 538 enterprises failed to pay bills as of the end of September this year and 388 enterprises were forced to stop fund transactions in October because they were unable to meet bills. More than 500 workers were recently dismissed because the Tongjin Industrial company in Pusan went bankrupt as a result of debts amounting to 1.5 billion won.

Nevertheless, while distorting facts by saying that they enjoyed an economic boom this year, the authorities have raved that they will continuously attain economic growth at the level of this year and will increase exports. How brazen they are!

The Chon Tu-hwan ring has also raved that it will curb inflation, to a certain degree.

The Chon Tu-hwan ring is now babbling that prices have remained stable for 4 years running. The price of such staples as rice and barley and other daily necessities has gone up exorbitantly as compared to prices of last year, a year that was much less stable.

The stable prices advertised by the authorities are only armchair statistics fabricated by the Chon Tu-hwan ring for the demonstration effect. In actuality, it is utter nonsense to talk about stable prices while leaving the subordinate nature of the economy, which is entirely dependent on foreign countries in terms of capital, raw materials, and materials, as it is.

In addition, his babblings that he will continue the policy of improving productivity in agriculture and self-sufficiency in staples that he will push ahead, on a full scale, with the project of utilizing other sources of income for the rural community next year are nothing but empty words not worth discussing.

Despite this, the Chon Tu-hwan ring is now enumerating chimeral promises as if he were about to bring something to the people next year. This is nothing but part of a ploy to lay foundations for the general elections scheduled for early next year, whose chief goal is to placate the antigovernment sentiment growing daily among the people.

With such false promises, the Chon Tu-hwan ring will never be able to exculpate itself from responsibility for having plunged the economy into today's abyss and for having created such hardships for the people in their daily lives.

CSO: 4110/053

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

SOUTH'S DIRECTIVE ON UPCOMING ELECTION VIEWED

SK231405 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2152 GMT 22 Dec 84

[NODONG SINMUN 24 December commentary: "A Tyrannical Directive Designed for a Fraudulent Election"]

[Text] On 13 December, the puppet police headquarters formulated a guideline for controlling those who would violate an election law and issued this guideline to police bureaus in cities and provinces. This guideline included directives on ferreting out and severely punishing those who would disturb an election and who would slander candidates by spreading rumors and conducting false propaganda. These tyrannical directives were issued when puppet Chon Tu-hwan threateningly said that he would not tolerate the slackening of administration discipline with an election as momentum.

On 21 December, the puppet traitor threateningly ordered severe punishment, by law, of those who would illegally hinder the election, and thoroughgoing control of those who would create social disorder during the election period. On 19 December, the person occupying the position of puppet minister of education said that the joint activities of students to oppose the election would continue during the vacation season. He then threateningly said that he would sternly control these activities in accordance with the current law.

Facts well show how indiscreetly the Chon Tu-hwan ring has run amok to consolidate its ruling system by wielding swords. The puppet clique's fascist directives have revealed the intention of consolidating a system for long-term power by concocting the National Assembly election through means of violence and swindle after binding the hands and feet of the people on the pretext of an election climate and after banning all the activities of patriotic and democratic forces and political opposition factions. This is proven by the fact that, while threateningly saying that they will not tolerate those who violate the election law, the rascals have maneuvered to win votes by having the rabble of the Democratic Justice Party [DJP] a private party, establish an election headquarters and disseminate false election pledges.

The Chon Tu-hwan' ring's frantic raising of a fuss in vowing to control those who will violate the election law by issuing a guideline after having all the police forces assume a posture of vigilance reveals its uneasiness and panic resulting from a daily increasing crisis in its rule and from social disorder.

The antifascist struggle for democratization, which has continued among the South Korean students and people from all walks of life, has shown signs of expansion, with the election of the puppet National Assembly scheduled for the early part of next year as momentum. Students of Yonsei University in Seoul recently decided to carry out a campaign to obtain 1,000,000 signatures of those who oppose the upcoming National Assembly election.

Kim Yong-san, former president of the defunct New Democratic Party, said that the National Assembly election scheduled for this coming February is nothing but a procedure to consolidate a foundation for perpetuating one-man dictatorship by the puppet traitor. Figures from various social circles have raised their voices, denouncing and rejecting the current election system. Perplexed by this, the Chon Yu-hwan ring has created a whirlwind of tyranny in such a manner as to consolidate its ruling foundation by preventing the antigovernment spirit of the South Korean students and people from developing into a mass struggle by conducting the National Assembly election and staging another fraudulent election farce, and by suppressing the people with bayonets.

It is clear that the election, which will be conducted by binding the hands and feet of the people and forcing them to remain silent, will only become a frantic fascist farce, just as we witnessed in the past, and the monopolistic stage of the DJP, a private party of the dictator, and that we cannot expect from this election the emergence of a National Assembly that will represent the people.

The Chon Yu-hwan ring's raising of a tyrannical commotion in its maneuvers to conduct a fraudulent election reveals once again the falseness and deceitfulness of its clamorous pledge regarding a fair election and a peaceful transfer of power. Without eliminating the matchlessly atrocious fascist and terrorist ruling system of the Chon Yu-hwan ring, we can expect neither fair election nor a peaceful transfer of power. Furthermore, we will be unable to achieve democratic freedom and rights.

The more desperately the puppet regime maneuvers to strengthen the foundation of its fascist rule, the more fierce the struggle of the people to oppose and reject this rule will become.

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

DAILY HITS CHONG RING'S NORTH-SOUTH CONFRONTATION

SK250245 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0956 GMT 21 Dec 84

[MODONG SINMUN Commentary: "Sordid Slanderous Propaganda"; date not given]

[Text] The puppets, who are going crazy in stirring up North-South confrontation consciousness among the people, are now being engrossed in the sordid slanderous rackets of slinging mud at us and CHONGNYON by involving even CHONGNYON as a target of their anticommunist propaganda.

On 19 December, the puppet Ministry of Education clamored that CHONGNYON, through primary and middle school students under CHONGNYON, sent seditious letters to primary and middle school students in South Korea. This is a fabricated drama concocted by those who are bent on creating antagonist feelings among the nation in a bid to find fault with us and CHONGNYON.

The puppets clamored that CHONGNYON, through students of Hansong primary and middle school in Fukushima Prefecture, Japan, had sent seditious letters to South Korean students. Is there nothing for CHONGNYON to do except for such a thing?

The puppets' act vividly shows how despicably and sordidly they are scheming to stir up North-South confrontation consciousness among the South Korean students.

It is clear to everyone why the puppets are kicking off sordid rackets, fabricating facts. The puppets have constantly babbled about the threat of southward invasion in a bid to inspire anticommunist confrontation consciousness among the people. However, this has been proven to be false by the reality.

This year alone, the puppets have cried out since the beginning of the year as if something dire is about to happen. However, what happened was not southward invasion but our compatriotic relief goods delivered to the South. This has laid bare the deceptiveness of the puppets' anticommunist propaganda and has, in particular, given a big shock to youths and students of South Korea who have been imposed upon by anticommunist propaganda since their childhood.

It was only recently that the puppets formed a so-called committee, clamoring about the need for anticommunist education for students. The Chon Tu-hwan ring's babbling about what it called seditious letters from students under CHONGNYON is a last-ditch effort to inspire North-South confrontation consciousness among students by strengthening anticommunist education among them.

However, they cannot undermine CHONGNYON nor impair our republic's efforts for the peaceful reunification of the country with such maneuvers.

The puppets' act only exposes their antinational nature of being indifferent to national reunification and of pursuing North-South confrontation only.

The puppets had better to renounce the sordid slanderous maneuvers immediately and act discreetly.

(S): 4110/053

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

CHON TU-HWAN'S TOUR OF MILITARY UNITS SCORED

SK250140 (Clandestine) Voice of the RPR in Korean to South Korea 1000 GMT
21 Dec 84

[Text] While prowling about an air force unit on the central front, a naval unit on the western front, and a maritime police unit at Inchon for about 7 and one-half hours on the morning and afternoon of 20 December, traitor Chon Tu-hwan spoke in harsh language reeking of the smell of power, urging the air force to establish goals in order to crush the enemy's combat capability at the very beginning and the navy and the maritime police guard to strengthen capability for night-time and winter season maneuvers.

Traitor Chon Tu-hwan inspected combat preparedness and fueled war fever while prowling about the air force, naval, and other units at a time when the situation on the Korean peninsula has been strained after the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan ring perpetrated the Panmunjon shooting incident. This shows that the maneuvers to provoke a war of northward invasion have reached a very dangerous stage.

Even though the Chon Tu-hwan ring is paying lip-service to peace and dialogue, its true ulterior motive is to provoke a war of northward invasion without fail by building up power behind the curtain of dialogue. The Chon Tu-hwan ring's frantic maneuvers of provoking a criminal war of northward invasion while suppressing with guns and bayonets the righteous struggle for independence, democracy, and reunification by the people of all walks of life shall not escape the strong indignation of the international community, as well as our people.

CSO: 4110/053

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

CHON'S CALL FOR STRENGTHENING VIGILANCE SCORED

SK231256 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 1247 GMT 21 Dec 84

[Commentary by station commentator Han Yong-uk: "War Agitation Running Counter to the Trend of the Time"]

[Text] Appearing at a puppet air force base in the central sector of the frontline on 20 December, traitor Chon Tu-hwan fanned war zeal by babbling about a surprise attack and about annihilation in the initial stages of a war. Visiting a naval base of the puppet armed forces in the western sector of the frontline and a maritime police unit in Inchon on the same day, he clamorously called for strengthening the capabilities for night and winter season tactical operations. The provocative and absurd remarks the rascal has made everywhere [word indistinct] war maniac who is hellbent on making preparations for a war of northward invasion.

The puppet traitor's reiteration of the theory of the threat of southward invasion, the false nature of which has already been exposed, is a maneuver to conceal his criminal attempt to in practice, heighten tension on the Korean peninsula and shift responsibility for this onto us.

Although traitor Chon Tu-hwan has clamorously babbled about someone's surprise attack, the threat of an attack comes not from the North but from the South. While clamorously calling for a complete combat posture, the Chon Tu-hwan ring has recently staged war exercises on a large scale, increased military capability, and accelerated the militarization of the entire country. The puppets' kicking up of such war rackets assumed an indiscreet nature, coinciding with U.S. Army Chief of Staff Wickham's crawling into South Korea and with his holding of a conspiratorial war conference with the puppets.

Meeting with major commanders of the three branches of the puppet armed forces, and meanwhile visiting various places in South Korea, the bosses of the puppets, including traitor Chon Tu-hwan, have fanned the sentiment of anticommunist confrontation and war zeal under the billboard of the threat of southward invasion. The puppet traitor's recent visits to the central and western sectors of the frontline and his making of hostile and absurd remarks are part of such anticommunist and war rackets.

The puppets' wicked maneuvers for anticommunist confrontation and war are an intolerable challenge to the demand of the people. Today, thinking it fortunate that the dialogue between the North and the South, which has been postponed because of the murderous Panmunjom shooting incident touched off by U.S. aggressive forces and puppet army troops, will be resumed in the early part of next year, all the people of the North and the South unanimously hope that the act of throwing cold water on the atmosphere of dialogue by heightening tension will not be committed again. While running counter to such a demand of the people, and while babbling about dialogue in words only, the puppets have, in actuality, [words indistinct] dialogue.

Clamorously babbling about dialogue while fanning the sentiment of confrontation and war is not a sincere attitude of dialogue and is an intolerable and criminal betrayal of the demand of the people.

The puppet's recent zeal for anticommunist and confrontation rackets is related to their unstable internal situation. The antifascist struggle of the students and the people for democratization has been waged continuously and steadily in South Korea. The feeling of respect for the northern half of the republic and the spirit of peaceful reunification have increased among them, dealing great blows at the puppets, who are trying to further consolidate their ruling system through the election of the puppet National Assembly. Perplexed by this, the Chon Yu-hwan ring is trying to suppress their fighting spirit by diverting the attention of the people and by creating an atmosphere of panic in South Korean society.

Although the puppets are trying to find a way to survive by kicking up anticommunist and confrontation rackets, they will only deepen their isolation and expedite their downfall by further revealing their treacherous nature of seeking only division and war.

History and the people will never pardon the puppets, who have challenged the demand of the people and who have clung to anticommunist and war rackets.

CS01 4110/031

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

VRPR HITS CHON'S CALL FOR ANTICOMMUNIST VIGILANCE

SK231157 (Clandestine) Voice of the RPR in Korean to South Korea 0300 GMT
21 Dec 84

[Station commentary]

[text] In this hour, we will discuss the bellicose remarks made by villain Chon Tu-hwan while visiting the air force headquarters and the central front-line. On the morning and afternoon of [words indistinct], traitor Chon Tu-hwan, while visiting an air force base in the central sector of the frontline and a naval base in the western sector of the frontline, raved that it would take only 10 minutes to launch a nonexistent southward attack. Prior to this, on the morning and afternoon of 19 December, traitor Chon Tu-hwan, while visiting the South Korea-U.S. Combined Field Army Command and army units in the central sector of the frontline, fanned war zeal in South Korea. Saying that North Korea is the cause of the strained situation on the Korean peninsula, he babbled about a nonexistent surprise attack from the North. He then clamorously called for a complete posture for vigilance. This is an absurd act of a thief crying "stop thief!"

An act of concealing criminal maneuvers to provoke a new war by distorting facts to the extent that a nonexistent southward invasion from the North is viewed as the cause of the heightening of tension on the Korean peninsula could only be committed by bellicose elements.

As is known widely at home and abroad, North Korea has declared, whenever an opportunity has presented itself, that it has no intention of attacking the South. In order to resolve the question of the Korean peninsula peacefully, North Korea has advanced a most rational, just, and fair proposal for holding tripartite talks, taken the initiative of proposing North-South dialogue, such as North-South economic talks for multilateral collaboration and exchange and North-South Red Cross talks, and exerted a sincere effort to achieve peace and the peaceful reunification of the country. In particular, by sending relief goods to our flood-stricken people with sincerity, North Korea has clearly shown, at home and abroad, that it has no intention of attacking the South. Nevertheless, the Chon Tu-hwan ring has clamorously babbled about the theory of southward invasion, the false nature of which already has been fully exposed. This is an outrageous and intolerable act against the people.

As a matter of fact, it is the U.S. aggressors and the Chon Tu-hwan ring, their stooges, who have willfully heightened tension on the Korean peninsula by frantically running amok to provoke a new war through deploying more than 1,000 nuclear weapons and U.S. forces numbering more than 40,000 men in South Korea.

While babbling about dialogue and peace at the front, the Chon Tu-hwan ring has recently kicked up war exercise rackets continuously on a large scale, simulating an attack on the North. It has also been engaged in anticommunist and anti-North rackets to fan the sentiment of North-South confrontation. When North-South economic talks were held after a long interval of 40 years, a joint South Korea-U.S. naval exercise was staged in the seas around Pohang. At the end of November, a military exercise was frantically staged at a South Korean army unit, simulating an attack on the North. In particular, the touching off of a shooting incident in the conference room area in Panmunjom on 23 November, brutally murdering our side's security personnel, was a willful maneuver to lead the situation on the Korean peninsula to the verge of war by throwing cold water on the dialogue. This shows that the Chon Tu-hwan ring has sought not dialogue but confrontation, not peace but war, and not reunification but perpetual division.

What is much more intolerable is the fact that, having willfully touched off the firing incident at Panmunjom, traitor Chon Tu-hwan raved that, because South Korean and U.S. troops had assumed a complete combat posture, they repelled an infiltration offensive from the North. This is a bellicose and absurd remark that could only be made by a war maniac.

Traitor Chon Tu-hwan's fanning of a war atmosphere for North-South confrontation by visiting the frontline was aimed at justifying his maneuvers to make preparations for a war of northward invasion by suppressing the daily increasing feeling of respect for North Korea and antigovernment sentiment by diverting the attention of the people.

No matter how desperately traitor Chon Tu-hwan may fan the sentiment of North-South confrontation and war zeal, he will be unable to suppress the people's feeling of respect for the North and antigovernment sentiment. Instead of frantically running amok to fan anticommunist sentiment and to make preparations for a new war, traitor Chon Tu-hwan must step down immediately from the seat of power in accordance with the unanimous demand of the people at home and abroad.

CSO: 4110/053

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

KPA SOLDIERS URGED TO INCREASE COMBAT POWER

SK221408 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 1123 GMT 21 Dec 84

[Unattributed talk: "Let Us Strengthen Combat Preparations by All Means To Cope With the Enemy's Provocative Maneuvers"]

[Text] The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught: Youths of the People's Army and the People's Security Forces standing at the guard posts of national defense should firmly defend the defense line of the fatherland, should more energetically participate in combat and political training, and should strengthen, by all means, the combat capabilities and combat preparations of their units.

Today, soldiers of our People's Army are faced with the urgent task of completing combat preparations more firmly than ever before.

As has been known to the world, economic talks and a preliminary contact for plenary Red Cross talks between the North and the South were held in succession at Panmunjom recently, thanks to our positive initiatives and sincere efforts. This was another epochal event in improving the tightly closed relations between the North and the South after the delivery of our compatriotic relief goods to the South Korean flood victims. Therefore, not only our people but also peoples of the world unanimously hoped that this would be a turning point for alleviating tension on the Korean peninsula and for opening the road toward peaceful reunification of the country.

However, at the time when such a favorable atmosphere for North-South dialogue was created and signs of the alleviation of tension were seen, the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique perpetrated the criminal act of barbarously murdering our security guards carrying out their routine duties in the Panmunjom conference room area. This was by no means an accidental incident. This shooting incident at Panmunjom was not only a product of the policy of confrontation and war invariably pursued by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique, but was a deliberate and premeditated provocative act designed to destroy the atmosphere for dialogue and to aggravate tension.

Nevertheless, the South Korean puppet clique is not only viciously slandering our peaceloving efforts, terming them a false peace offensive, but is also clamoring about the need for superiority in military strength over the North and military preparedness, while clamoring that the North has completely prepared for an all-out attack against the South and that it has reinforced offensive military strength.

The rascals not only held a so-called seminar recently through the South Korean Anticommunist League in a bid to inspire anticommunist confrontation among the South Korean people, but are also viciously slandering us through their propaganda media.

Along with this, the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets have wantonly perpetrated such provocative military actions against us as various war exercises against the northern half of the republic, the firing of large-caliber machineguns at our guard posts along the Demilitarized Zone in the eastern sector of the frontline, and the successive infiltrations of a spy plan into our airspace for espionage activity.

Because of these provocative actions, the situation of our country has reached a very dangerous stage in which war may break out at any time.

Should the rascals trigger a war in our country, we should smash them with united strength, rallied around the great leader and our party. Therefore, we should maintain perfect combat preparations so that we can smash the rascals in one stroke at any time.

What is important here is that all soldiers maintain high vigilance and work and live militantly. We should know that the provocations of the rascals, which have been increasing recently, are extremely adventurous acts on the eve of a war, and should keenly watch the enemies' moves with high vigilance.

Today, when the war provocation maneuvers of the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique are constantly increasing, soldiers of our People's Army who are defending our fatherland should arm themselves with the *chuche* idea of our party more firmly than ever before and thoroughly defend their guard posts with lofty revolutionary awareness.

Along with this, soldiers of the People's Army should strengthen, by all means, their combat preparations and combat capabilities by conducting combat and political exercises in substantive manner. At the same time, soldiers of the People's Army should deeply master the *chuche* tactics created by the great leader through their combat and political training and should maintain firm combat capability to outstandingly perform any combat mission. Soldiers of the People's Army should also complete combat preparations in a substantive manner by following the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance displayed by the anti-Japanese guerrillas in the past.

As long as there are the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the wise leadership of our party, and there is the ever-victorious and invincible strength of our people rallied around the party center, we will win victory without fail. Soldiers of the People's Army should further strengthen combat capability and combat preparations with firm courage and faith in victory.

CSO: 4110/053

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

DAILY PLAYS CHON'S INSPECTION OF MILITARY BASES

SK230600 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2153 GMT 21 Dec 84

[NODONG SINMUN 22 December commentary: "One Is Pursuing War Behind Facade of Dialogue"]

[Text] On 19 December, traitor Chon Tu-hwan clamored about the need to assume a perfect posture in preparation against someone's attack, roaming about the command [as heard] Field Army of the U.S. forces and the South Korean puppet army, a puppet army unit on the central frontline, and a puppet army training corps.

On 20 December, he made similar remarks at a naval base in the western area and at an air force base in the central area. Not long ago, too, the puppet traitor clamored about the hackneyed theory of a southward invasion, while touring the southern area, such as South Cholla and South Kyongsang provinces.

Although he is clamoring about a southward invasion, while making a tour like a roving merchant dealer, of course no one listens to his remarks. Although traitor Chon Tu-hwan has kicked up a fuss, claiming a big mishap would take place, having said early on that this year is the most dangerous time for a southward invasion, his remarks have been proven a complete lie as the year comes to a close.

The only thing that went from North to South this year was the relief goods, reflecting our brotherly love. Then, how can a theory of southward invasion be convincing?

It was not we who created a danger of war on the Korean peninsula this year, but the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique. This year, the U.S. imperialists, who have long accelerated preparations for a war of northward invasion out of their ambition to invade the whole of Korea, more openly kicked up war rackets, while introducing weapons of mass destruction, including nuclear weapons, into South Korea.

The U.S. imperialists are only watching for an opportunity, while even having mapped out a 3-day war plan based on a nuclear preemptive strike. The war

exercise rackets which the U.S. imperialists aggressors and the South Korean puppet clique kicked up this year substantiated the reckless stage their war preparation schemes have reached. In particular, when this year's Team Spirit war exercise was at its peak, traitor Chon Tu-hwan, who appeared at a puppet naval unit, gave a directive that should an appropriate situation be created, there should be an immediate switch to a combat posture.

Wickham, who sneaked into South Korea as an on-the-spot war errand boy, raved that the Team Spirit joint military exercises proved that they could cope with an unannounced war. Such remarks by them very clearly show who is going to stage a surprise attack and create a threat of aggression.

During his latest inspection tour, traitor Chon Tu-hwan praised the role of the U.S. forces in South Korea, lauding it as a deterrent of war and a preventer of global war.

As has been exposed, the U.S. imperialist aggressors have occupied South Korea and have turned it into a nuclear forward base in order to invade the northern half of the republic and other Asian countries.

Traitor Chon Tu-hwan has revealed to the world his nature as a out-and-out stooge of the U.S. imperialists' war policy and as their war servant by describing the U.S. imperialist aggression forces--the ringleaders who are aggravating tensions in Korea and creating a danger of war--as a deterrent of war and describing the masterminds trampling underfoot world peace as a preventer of global war.

Now, when the North-South dialogue is about to resume in the new year, we cannot but take notice of the fact that the puppet clique is instigating war fever while frequently touring around the U.S. imperialist aggression forces and puppet army units.

It has been also known that when North-South talks were being held in various fields with our offer of relief goods as momentum, they destroyed the atmosphere for dialogue by fabricating the Panmunjom shooting incident. The facts show that although they are talking, outwardly, about dialogue, the puppets are, in actuality, pursuing North-South confrontation and war. The South Korean puppet clique, which is pursuing war, while challenging our nation's aspirations and the demands of the current for peace and reunification on the Korean peninsula, cannot escape denunciation at home and abroad.

CSO: 4110/053

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

BRIEFS

NORTH-SOUTH ECONOMIC TALKS--SINHAN MINBO, a Korean residents' paper published in the United States, carries an editorial welcoming the North-South economic talks. The editorial described the holding of North-South economic talks as a happy event following the republic's delivery of relief goods to the South Korean flood victims and pointed out that another significant milestone in the history of division can be erected if we make the most out of this opportunity. Noting that the stepped-up slanderings, defamations, and anticommunist confrontations by the persons in authority in South Korea are acts devoid of manners to our nation and devoid of principles, the editorial went on to say: The North-South economic collaboration and exchange have a real significance. [We] should achieve the joint development of the national economy and promote peaceful reunification by making a success of the North-South economic talks. We should make further efforts to make a success of the North-South economic talks. So said a paper of overseas compatriots in its editorial. [Text] [Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2200 GMT 18 Dec 84 SK]

'NEW PARTY' IN SOUTH--A meeting was held in Seoul on 20 December to found the New Korean Democratic Party. This meeting elected Yi Min-u, former deputy speaker of the National Assembly, as chairman of the preparatory committee for founding the party. Expressing regret that Kim Yong-sam and Kim Tae-chung were absent from the meeting, he said that the aim of the new party was to end despotism by the dictatorial military force in accordance with the ardent desire of the people and to achieve new democracy. He said further that he will demand democratization and that, if circumstances so allow, he will confront the present regime. The statement the initiators issued on that day said that the vicious political cycle resulting from violence should never be allowed to exist through any cause or in any form whatsoever. The statement then called for the restoration of democracy and the peaceful transfer of power through the efforts of our people. After electing the vice chairmen of the preparatory committee for founding the party, the meeting adopted a five-point resolution demanding the immediate rescission of the law controlling political activities, the complete lifting of the political ban against Kim Yong-sam and Kim Tae-chung, study of the issue of holding elections early, and guarantees for fair elections. [Text] [(Clandestine) Voice of the RPR in Korean to South Korea 1000 GMT 22 Dec 84 SK]

N.KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

VRPR LAUDS KIM CHONG-IL'S LEADERSHIP

SK170614 (Clandestine) Voice of the RPR in Korean to South Korea 1000 GMT
11 Dec 84

[Roundtable talk between Yun Chong-won, Ko Hui-chol, and announcer Kim Chol-min, from the feature program "Today's Feature": "Public Sentiment Trailing After the Star of Guidance"]

[Text] [Kim Chol-min] The year 1984, which has raged with a struggle for independence, democracy, and reunification, is now drawing to an end. When we recall this eventful year, we find many things worth discussing.

The most emotive of all such things we can recall is the fact that our people's inexhaustible respect and admiration for the dear Comrade Kim Chong-il, who is inheriting the revolutionary cause of Comrade Kim Il-song, the sun of the nation, and leading it victoriously together with Comrade Kim Il-song, have become stronger than at any other time.

I have invited you here to discuss things related with this. Who will open our discussion?

[Yun Chong-won] The most emotive of all events we can recall at this time of the year, a year that is nearly ended, is the fact that, as you have just said, the admiration for the sagacious leader [chidoja] of the nation Comrade Kim Chong-il has become stronger than at any other time among the masses from all walks of life. Yes, I concur with your view.

What must be mentioned, first of all, in this regard, I believe, is that the masses from all walks of life, taking incomparable pride and happiness in upholding the dear Comrade Kim Chong-il as the leader of nation, have ardent respect for him. I have many examples to demonstrate this.

Unable to hold back his emotion at the sight of a photograph of the sagacious Comrade Kim Chong-il, whom he had long admired, in the house of a friend in Pusan, a certain Kim, a historian who has devoted his whole life to the study of history, reportedly said to his friends: Leader Kim Chong-il no doubt is a great man with no peer in history. The leader's youthfulness, which seems to reflect the future of the nation, his humble and noble personal appearance, the brightness of his eyes, filled with wisdom and intelligence--all these make one realize his greatness instantly.

His appearance is a carbon copy of General Kim Il-song in his younger days. No doubt this is the appearance of a leader to lead the nation. Our people are lucky to have such a man. The instant I looked at his photograph, my soul has become a captive and [words indistinct].

I cannot help saying that our people are fortunate to have such a sagacious leader as the national leader [Minjogui yongsu]. The future of our people is endlessly bright.

[Ko Hui-chol] Showing his colleagues a photograph of Comrade Kim Chong-il published with due respect in a foreign magazine, a certain Pak, an employee of a company in Taegu, reportedly said: This is the sagacious leader [chidoja] Kim Chong-il. With his clairvoyant wisdom, combined with extraordinary leadership, the leader Kim Chong-il is the most outstanding leader of our era. He perfectly embodies the qualifications and personality required of an outstanding leader. With such a wonderful person upheld as the national leader, our people have become the most honorable people, possessing such great luck.

He spoke thusly in such a proud manner, it is reported.

[Yun] Some time during last July, a professor named Choe, working as a researcher at Seoul National University, while discussing with his colleagues the qualifications world leaders are required to have, reportedly said: Leader Kim Chong-il is the most powerful leader that the world will require in the future. Leader Kim Chong-il is well-versed in theories and ideologies as well as in the art of leadership. He is, as it were, the most talented among mankind. In addition, he has an extraordinary amount of knowledge and a respectable personality. He is widely known in the international community. He is a hero, shining as brightly as the sun.

Saying that he has come to realize the greatness of the sagacious leader Comrade Kim Chong-il well while studying data on the North in recent months, professor Choe reportedly continued: Last 16 February was the birthday of the leader Kim Chong-il. On this day, many state leaders, well-known personages of political and social circles and academicians sent congratulatory messages to the leader Kim Chong-il and men of letters and artists wrote poems and songs in praise of him and sent them to the leader Kim Chong-il. Also, functions of all descriptions were held on a global scope to praise his accomplishment, along with seminars on the leader's writings. On a global scope. On a global scope.

Leader Kim Chong-il is, no doubt, a great man with no match in modern history and an outstanding person who is acclaimed as a world-renowned leader. Since such a sagacious leader as the leader Kim Chong-il is now inheriting the great cause of President Kim Il-song, our people will prosper forever and the bright day of reunification has been assured.

[Kim] As you have just said, there is no end to our talk concerning the masses' admiration and their expression of happiness for upholding the dear Comrade Kim Chong-il, at the top in the nation.

Now, I believe that the masses, who are following and admiring the dear Comrade Kim Chong-il, talk proudly about his greatness as if it were a legend. What do you think?

[Ko] You are right. Fishermen operating along the southern coastline of South Korea who are awe-struck by the dear leader's greatness are often talking about the star of guidance which is said to be creating all miraculous things while radiating bright rays high up in the sky over North.

According to them, the star of guidance above the Mt Paektu is radiating bright light throughout the night. When the star radiates unusually brighter rays, plazas and houses stand like a forest and the fields produce unprecedented bumper crops.

The rays emitted by the star of guidance revive the lives of dying people, make cripples get to their feet, make the aged regain youthfulness, and make every man live a long life and enjoy happiness.

Looking down at every corner of the world, even at Mt Halla, from the top of Mt Paektu, the star of guidance illuminates the path for the people, who are at loss, as brightly as broad daylight. They are reportedly saying such things to each other.

[Yun] Stories told with sincerity, about the greatness of the dear Comrade Kim Chong-il are also abundant among the residents of Mokpo and Chajudo.

They are spreading stories about the greatness of the sagacious leader [chidoja] Kim Chong-il, saying that the leader Kim Chong-il, who is shining as a sun of guidance, has all-round resourcefulness such that he is capable of putting the whole of the blue waters of the East Sea into a single bowl, combined with the intelligence and will of Mt Paektu. When he utters a word, nature seethes, and when he lifts the baton of commander, a sea of unknown depth is transformed into fertile paddy-fields, and even a mountain rises in mid-air. He even brings the future to the present by gaining control of the entire world.

He foresees what is to pass in 1,000 years' time through instant wisdom and creates universal miracles on the strength of one fraction of wisdom.

[Kim] They are indeed stories reflecting the minds of our masses, who endlessly admire the greatness of the dear leader [chimaehanun chidoja] Comrade Kim Chong-il.

I would like to resume our talk after listening to a song. A song entitled "Star of Guidance" is ready for airing. [sounds of a song heard]

All of our masses who are following and admiring the dear Comrade Kim Chong-il unanimously say that the comrade leader [chidoja tongji] is a sagacious man equipped with every personality aspect required by a leader [yongdoja] of the popular masses. I would like to continue talking about this.

[Yun] By inheriting the respected and beloved leader's great ideas and personality to the fullest extent, the dear leader is perfectly equipped with the personality required of a leader of the popular masses. Charmed by his personality, our masses are now endlessly admiring him.

First of all, they laud the dear comrade leader as an outstanding ideologue and theoretician. A certain Choe, a professor of philosophy at a university in Seoul, who has come to establish a chuche-oriented world outlook after pouring over the sagacious leader Comrade Kim Chong-il's immortal work "On the Chuche Idea," said, to a circle of students studying ideology: The chuche idea, established by the respected President Kim Il-song and developed and enriched by the leader [chidoja] Kim Chong-il, is a great philosophical idea that has opened the eyes of the people of the present era. Never before have I encountered as great a guiding ideology implanting in the hearts of millions upon millions of people a (v)igorous will to live) and endless courage and faith as does the chuche idea.

Judging from this, it is natural that the leader Kim Chong-il, who is polishing President Kim Il-song's chuche idea, is praised as a prodigious ideologue and theoretician such as never produced in the history of mankind.

As a worshipper of the chuche idea, I genuinely look up to and respect him. The chuche idea, the immutable truth of the era of independence, will continue radiating brilliant rays forever, along with the respected name of the leader Kim Chong-il, the sun of guidance.

[Ko] Voices admiring and praising the dear Comrade Kim Chong-il as an ideological and theoretical genius are strongly raised by the youths and students, too.

A certain Yi, a student at Kangwon College, reportedly said, one day last October, while he was chatting with his friends, with whom he pursued truth during his high school days, and ran a literary organization: In the process of studying the chuche idea not long ago, I came to realize more profoundly the greatness and genius of the General Kim Il-song and the leader Kim Chong-il.

The general Kim Il-song is a great person who has risen to the top of human history by establishing the chuche idea, an idea centered around man, for the first time. As for leader Kim Chong-il, he is a genius of ideology who has systematized the chuche idea as a whole and defined it as Kimilsongism.

[Ki] Our masses' ardent sentiment of admiring the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il's great personality can be noted in terms of their admiration for his outstanding and tested leadership.

[Yun] All the successes being realized in the North today are the fruition of the great leader's wise leadership as well as the outstanding and tested leadership of the dear comrade leader. Thus, the North is now enjoying a daily-soaring reputation and the people there are united as one, firm as a rock. Moreover, [words indistinct] party has grown and developed to become more powerful and militant than at any other time. As a result, the

revolution is being pushed ahead energetically and miraculous successes are being created in socialist economic construction in the North. All these are a fruition of the wise leadership of the dear comrade leader, who is now honoring with loyalty the respected and beloved leader's revolutionary cause.

This being the case, our masses have great esteem for the dear comrade leader's outstanding leadership. They also believe that the recipe for the North's rapid economic growth even in the face of the economic recession which hit the entire world is derived from his extraordinary leadership.

They are now saying that the dear Mr Kim Chong-il's guiding ability is the source of the miraculous economic growth in the North.

Thus, they unanimously praise him, saying that he is indeed a great leader [yongdoja] who is wisely leading our people in order to make them grow and create with their own strength and wisdom.

The masses from all walks of life throughout the country are now talking to each other about the dear comrade leader's ability in terms of his leadership.

A certain Pak, an employee of a company in Ulsan County, South Kyongsang Province, said, in a voice full of admiration for the sagacious Comrade Kim Chong-il's outstanding leadership ability: Thanks to the wise leadership of the leader Kim Chong-il, the North is now rapidly becoming an economically powerful country in the world, with the whirlwind of creating "the speed of the eighties" at work.

Even last year, when the world underwent an economic recession, the North's economy witnessed miraculous growth in all sectors and reaped substantial fruition. So, the North's national strength is now powerful and all the people there are leading an affluent life. The leader Kim Chong-il's leadership ability is indeed wonderful.

[Ko] Even the peasants throughout the country are talking extensively about the dear comrade leader's wise agricultural policy.

Peasants in Pochon County, Kyonggi Province, are now saying: Thanks to the leadership of General Kim Il-sung, who established the North's unique chuche-oriented farming methods, and of Mr Kim Chong-il, who led the peasants to grow crops on the basis of the chuche-oriented farming methods, the North has reaped bumper crops year after year despite cold waves, heat waves, and flood damages and other abnormal weather patterns. Their agricultural policy is the greatest in the world.

[Kim] All of you have told us great stories. I believe that our masses are also ardently praising the virtues possessed by the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il. What do you think?

[Yun] A certain Kim, a man who has long worked as a journalist in Seoul, said: It is none other than the leader Kim Chong-il who values the popular masses and is devoting himself to their benefit.

He always stays among the working people. Rivers running the same course for thousands of years changed their courses. A broad sea has been transformed into fertile paddy-fields. The economy has surged forward. All these miracles are a fruition of his noble (?leadership) and ideas.

[Ko] The miners in Sanchok County, Kangwon Province, too, heaped ardent praise on the dear comrade leader's virtues.

A certain Nam, who has been to Sanchok County to see one of his former fellow miners who had been crippled by an industrial disaster, and who said that when the people have returned to the bosom of General Kim Il-sung and Mr Kim Chong-il in a reunified country, they will be able to cure themselves of their diseases and become well off, noted: Mr Kim Chong-il very much values miners like us. Despite the fact that he has to devote himself to day-to-day state affairs, he often visits pits where the miners work and takes care of them warmly, expressing his concerns about their health and shaking hands with them. Whenever he finds that the miners are in need of something, he spares nothing to give them what they need.

Indeed, Mr Kim Chong-il is a genuine leader of the popular masses who endlessly values and loves the working people.

[Kim] Until now we have talked about our people's admiration and respect for the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il who has outstanding ideology and theory and leadership, and noble virtues.

Now, will any one of you talk about the fact that the masses are looking to him as the symbol of deliverance and a star of guidance?

[Yun] Our masses, who are thirsting for a happy life in a single, reunified country after putting an end to the tragic division, while looking up to and admiring the sagacious leader Comrade Kim Chong-il as the guiding star of reunification, are getting a glimpse of a new dawn of reunification that will break through the brilliant rays radiated by him.

Early last January, young men of a village located at the foot of the Mt Sorak praised the sagacious Comrade Kim Chong-il as the sun of guidance while discussing matters concerning preparations for his birthday.

One of the young men, a certain Kang, said: The leader Kim Chong-il is now brilliantly illuminating the path leading to reunification and national salvation. Let us all honor the leader Kim Chong-il, the guiding star of reunification, by becoming satellites (?defending) him.

[Kim] The reverence of our people in looking up to the dear comrade leader [chinsaehanun chido]a tongji as the symbol of salvation and the lodestar of national reunification has been further enhanced because the North sent the relief goods for the flood victims. A Mr Kim residing in Majoon-ku, Seoul,

commented on this as follows: When I received the relief goods sent by the compatriots in the North, I felt greater reverence for General Kim Il-song and Mr Kim Chong-il. I always dream of being in Pyongyang where General Kim Il-song and the leader Kim Chong-il live, and I am eagerly waiting the day when I will be in their bosoms. I will continue to live, firmly believing in General Kim Il-song and the leader Kim Chong-il [Kim Chong-il chidojanim].

[Ko] It is nice to hear them. I think our masses' reverence for the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il is expressed by their wishes for his long life and good health and their resolve to further uphold and look up to him.

[Yun] Long life and good health is the greatest aspiration and happiness for our nation. This is because his presence assures the prosperous future of our nation. Therefore, our masses sincerely wish him long life and good health.

Early last February leaflets were scattered among the residents in In-hon with the title "Long Live Comrade Kim Chong-il, the Guiding Sun." They read: Dear people,

February 16 is the day of great national festivity when the leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, the guiding sun, was born. The sagacious leader Kim Chong-il [chidojanim] is the hope of our fellow countrymen and mankind and the symbol of the future. Let us pray for a life of ten thousand years for leader Kim Chong-il for the country's reunification and the bright future of our nation. Long live leader Kim Chong-il, the Guiding Star!

[Kim] The masses also prepared congratulatory letters and other sincere gifts to give him with hearts wishing him long life and good health even though they were in an extreme adversity rampant with fascism.

[Ko] We have a lot more to say about such heart-moving episodes. Our masses today are sincerely wishing long life and good health to the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, full of resolve to uphold him sincerely.

[Yun] Because our masses know that upholding the great leader and the dear comrade leader is the way to the reunification of the fatherland and the endless prosperity and happiness of our nation, they are firmly resolved to uphold them.

[Ko] Thank you for your remarks. We understand, from what you have told us, that the hearts and minds of the people in this land are inclined toward the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il [chinaehanun chidoja Kim Chong-il tongji] and that the hearts and minds of the people, inclined toward the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, cannot be blocked just as dead leaves cannot hide the rays of the sun, no matter how wild the Yankee aggressors and their stooges may run.

The warm admiration of our South Korean people for the dear comrade leader, which is becoming greater with each passing day, will be turned into a great force in the anti-U.S. struggle for independence and in the struggle for independent reunification, accelerating the arrival of the glorious day when they will uphold the great leader and the dear comrade leader in the plaza of reunification.

CSO: 411 0/049

N. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

KIM CHONG-IL WHEREABOUTS REMAIN MYSTERY

OW270529 Tokyo KYODO in English 0517 GMT 27 Dec 84

[Text] Tokyo, 27 Dec, KYODO--Despite growing signs of Kim Chong-il about to replace his father President Kim Il-song as North Korean leader, his whereabouts remain a mystery.

A senior Japanese foreign ministry official questions the rationale of the present North Korean leadership barring the heir apparent from meeting foreign visitors to Pyongyang.

"He is not in town," the official said quoting North Korean officials who were rejecting a request by Thai Deputy Premier Phichai Rattakun who later related the episode to Japanese officials in Tokyo.

Phichai who left for home Wednesday after visiting North Korea, China and Japan, also recalled in conversations with the Japanese that a mere mention of Kim Chong-il's name prompted North Korean officials to stand up suddenly from their seats.

Phichai's request for a meeting with the junior Kim was denied. Masashi Ishibashi, chairman of the Japan Socialist Party, was also told by his North Korean hosts during his September visit there that the president's son was not available.

The Thai deputy premier said he was startled by the unexplained North Korean gesture, according to the Japanese ministry source.

It is not immediately known if North Korea is still in the process of carefully grooming younger Kim as the president's successor.

The Public Security Investigation Agency in the Japanese Justice Ministry hinted in a report released Wednesday the 42-year-old Kim may succeed his 72-year-old father as North Korean leader next year.

CSO: 4100/100

N.KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

VRPR CALLS FOR ORGANIZING MASS MOVEMENT

SK170944 (Clandestine) Voice of the RPR in Korean to South Korea 1000 GMT
16 Dec 84

[Talk: "The Organization of a Mass Movement Is a Guarantee for Victory,"
from the program "Today's Feature"]

[Text] As you know, organizing a mass movement is a guarantee for victory. This is because the enemy can only be defeated through the united strength of the masses when a mass movement is organized.

The invincible strength of the masses lies in unity. The most powerful strength in the world is the united strength of the masses. No enemy can win over the united strength of the masses. This is the truth of history.

The unity of the masses is realized through fighting organizations. For this reason, organization should be actively materialized in order to win victory in a mass movement.

Another reason why the organization of a mass movement is a guarantee for victory is that strategic and tactical guidance can only be realized when organization is realized. As is clearly shown through the experience of practice struggle, a spontaneous struggle without strategic and tactical guidance inevitably suffers from turns, twists, and ordeals. Only a mass struggle under the unified strategic and tactical guidance of fighting organizations can realize the unity and organized nature of action, develop a struggle with the goal in mind, and advance toward victory.

For this reason, organizing a mass movement is raised as a most important task.

To organize a mass movement, the core members of struggle and their forerunners should constantly carry out the work of awakening the masses so that the masses themselves can recognize the justness of their cause and necessity for fighting organizations.

To organize a mass movement, the ranks of core members, who have been disciplined through struggle, should be expanded. Fighting organizations should be incessantly expanded among the masses in the method of 1 man uniting 10, 10 uniting 100, and 100 uniting 1,000.

To organize a mass movement, fighting organizations, including existing organizations, should be consolidated and should advance toward a monolithic organization which seeks anti-U.S. struggle for independence and realizes the unity of action. To this end, the core members of struggle and their fore-runners should grasp experience in building [words indistinct] and apply it to struggle in conformity with the demands of reality.

Only through a monolithic fighting organization formed through the solidarity of the core members of struggle from all walks of life can the masses from various strata be joined in a single movement--the anti-U.S. movement for independence--and the mass movement be developed to win victory.

Such being the case, the patriotic masses of all walks of life should devote themselves to realizing the organization of a mass movement.

CSO: 4110/049

N.KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

DAILY CALLS FOR GLORIFICATION OF SOCIALISM

SK170448 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2112 GMT 16 Dec 84

[NODONG SINMUN 17 December editorial: "Let Us Further Glorify Socialist System"]

[Text] Today, our people are enjoying a happy life, never envying any other people in the world. This is because we have the most superior socialist system which was established by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and is endlessly prospering under the party's leadership. Safeguarding, protecting, and glorifying this system are important and rewarding work for our people.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught: We should make active efforts to ensure that all workers realize the superiority of the socialist system established in the northern half of our country, encourage them to tenaciously struggle to safeguard this system, and inspire them to strive to consolidate and develop it.

The socialist system established in our country is a previous revolutionary gain which our people obtained through arduous struggle. The Korean communists and patriotic people waged a long, struggle to achieve the prosperous socialist paradise of today.

The social system, which was achieved by the arduous struggle of the revolutionary patriots, and at the cost of their blood, has become the cradle of our people. Thanks to the superior socialist system in our country, our people, who suffered the misery of being colonial slaves in the past, are enjoying an affluent and civilized life as the masters of the nation's sovereignty and their destinies.

We cannot think of our people's glory, happiness, and dignity without this system. Deeply cherishing the pride and dignity of people living under the most superior socialist system, all the party members and workers should struggle to tenaciously safeguard and protect and further glorify this system, devoting everything.

What is important in glorifying the socialist system is for all the party members and workers to accept the preciousness of this system as their firm faith. Our socialist system is a superior social system which not only

guarantees today's happiness for the people but also opens the more brilliant prospect of tomorrow. Without this system, we can neither live and carry out the revolution nor can we pioneer a happy future.

Our workers should accept this as their faith and should devote their lives to the struggle to glorify the socialist system. The preciousness of socialist system cannot be preserved naturally by the people. All workers can understand it only when they truly realize how the system of today has been achieved and how great the changes taking place in their lives and situation are.

We should deeply realize the blessings [komaun] of the socialist system by comparing the past, when we were suppressed and exploited by the Japanese imperialist aggressors, land owners, and capitalists, with the present situation, in which we are enjoying an affluent and civilized life.

In particular, the new generations who have not experienced the repression and exploitation by land owners and capitalists and who were fostered happily in the party's bosom should correctly realize the arduousness of the struggle carried out by the revolutionary patriots and their parents in order to bring about the prosperous fatherland of today and the socialist system.

Party organizations and workers' organizations at all levels should substantively wage indoctrination work to make the party members and workers realize this. Thus, they should inspire the party members and workers to struggle devotedly to glorify this system, thinking of the preciousness of the socialist system before anything else at any place and any time.

Our country's socialist system has a firm bedrock. All people have been united as a single political force, and the system is firmly secured by the powerful self-reliant national economy.

We must further strengthen our socialist system in the political, economic, cultural, and military fields, as well as all other fields, by relying on the success we have achieved.

We must strengthen the unity and cohesion of all people, on the basis of the worker-peasant alliance. By so doing, we must reinforce the bedrock of our country's socialist system.

Economic construction is a rewarding struggle to consolidate and develop the socialist system and to great turn in economic construction by firmly grasping and thoroughly implementing the decisions of the 10th plenary meeting of the 6th party Central Committee and other tasks put forth recently in accordance with the party's policy. By so doing, they must make epochal progress in attaining the 10 long-range goals of socialist economic construction of the 1980's and further strengthening the economic might of the country.

What is particularly important in this is to place emphasis on the extra five industry, railway transport, and the metallurgical industry and to vigorously struggle to increase production in Kondok, Musan, Naju, and Hyusan districts.

The ideas and emotions of those who struggle to glorify the socialist system are by no means abstract. They are specifically displayed in implementing the lines and policies, and decisions and directions of the party and in contributing to revolution and construction.

At present, our party is vigorously carrying out the struggle to realize the decision to turn our fatherland into a more affluent and prosperous socialist power. The struggle to uphold and implement the party's intent and leadership is precisely the struggle to glorify the socialist system. All party members and working people must devote all their strength, wisdom, and energies to accomplishing the economic tasks which dear Comrade Kim Chong-il has put forth in order to implement the intent of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

At the same time, they must, as socialist construction workers and people being engaged in revolution, properly manage plants, villages, and work sites and live their lives correctly in accordance with the demand of the socialist life style. By so doing, they must prevent the infiltration of elements of impure life styles and imbue the society with the culture of the life of the working class and with the spirit of revolutionary and noble living.

The struggle to glorify the socialist system is linked with the struggle against the class enemies who are trying to obliterate it. The U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique are intensifying their maneuvers of aggression and war in order to obliterate our socialist system and its gains. We must defend our socialist system from the aggressive maneuvers of the enemy, while stepping up socialist construction always, assuming a vigilant and mobilized posture.

The socialist system cannot be yielded to anyone, but should, rather, be protected and defended under all circumstances. This is the firm will of our people.

With this revolutionary will and resolution, all party members and working people must move forward constantly and vigorously in order to consolidate and develop the socialist system and achieve the prosperity and growth of the fatherland.

CSO: 4110/049

N.KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

DAILY PRAISES SOCIALIST WORKING CLASS CULTURE

SK171104 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1030 GMT 17 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 17 Dec (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today carries an article titled "Socialist Culture Is Culture of Working Class" which reads in part:

Dear Comrade Kim Chong-il expounded that the socialist culture is a chuche-oriented, working class culture and put forward a theory of widely disseminating new culture created by the working class and developing it.

This is a correct exposition of the class character of culture in the socialist society and its course of development.

Our party's idea that socialist culture is a culture of working class is based on the elucidation of the position and role of the working class in the building of socialist culture. This is a great ideological and theoretical feat showing a true road of firmly adhering to the revolutionary spirit and principle in building socialist culture and creating a culture whose master is the working class and the working masses.

Our party's theory on the class character of socialist culture raises the demand for constantly creating a new culture of the working class and disseminating it.

Our party's theory on the class character of socialist culture is of great significance in building and developing true socialist national culture and chuche-oriented culture by the party and state.

Its significance lies, first of all, in that it makes it possible to firmly adhere to the class principle in developing all fields of culture including education, science, literature and art.

With the class character of the socialist culture clarified by our party, a true way was opened for developing all domains of culture including education, science, literature and art in such a manner as to render them the character, content and style of the working class. In particular, clear direction and way were indicated for building a chuche-oriented culture suited to the demand of the era and the desire of the popular masses, while retaining the nation's chuche character.

Its significance also lies in that it opened a road of rapidly developing culture in all fields.

Now, in our country, with the successful implementation of the party's original policy of building culture, culture is blooming and developing into a truly popular one in all fields of its construction including education and literature to be clear in the working-class line and to represent the interests of the people and realize their demand and desire.

The justness of our party's policy of building culture and its great merit lies in promoting the building of socialist culture on the pattern of a most advanced and revolutionary new culture of the working class.

CSO: 4100/090

N.KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

DAILY CALLS SOCIALIST SYSTEM REVOLUTIONARY GAIN

SK191548 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1501 GMT 19 Dec 84

[text] Pyongyang, 19 Dec (KCNA)--"Our Socialist System Is Revolutionary Gain Accomplished Through Arduous Struggle" is the headline of a signed article of NODONG SINMUN today.

Noting that the socialist system of our country is the gain of a prolonged struggle of the working class and the working masses, the article says:

Our people have waged a prolonged and arduous struggle to establish a socialist system.

The course of establishing and defending our socialist system has been a course of a rigorous struggle that defies description.

Rugged was the path of revolution. But the communists and people of Korea fought a heroic struggle, rallied around the great leader President Kim Il-sung, to build a superior socialist system as we see today. The course of the struggle of our people and social emancipation and establishment of the socialist system was marked by a sacred revolutionary war against the Japanese and the U.S. imperialist aggressors and an acute class struggle. This course was witnessed a heroic struggle of multitudes of anti-Japanese revolutionaries forerunners, People's Army soldiers and people.

The young communists fought at the dawn of the Korean revolution and the anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters fought their way through thousands of ri in the anti-Japanese bloody struggle following the great general Kim Il-sung--they all devoted everything to the liberation of the fatherland and to socialism and communism. Many revolutionaries among them dedicated their youth in their twenties for the freedom and independence of the country and a new system. The social system and gains of the revolution for the republic have been honorably defended by such a heroic struggle and at the cost of the precious blood of the people determined to lay down their lives.

Our country's socialist system and the gains of the revolution were a fruition of the heroic struggle waged by our people. Our socialist system is a precious gain achieved by our people through generations.

Thanks to this socialist system abiding by the principle of chajusong and associated with the bloody struggle and creative labor of the people, all our people enjoy unbounded happiness bringing their ideals and aspirations into full bloom.

Today, the socialist system of our country is unfolding a far brighter prospect for its people under the wise leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea.

CSO: 4100/090

DAILY HAILS PEOPLE'S LOYALTY TO LEADER

SK251001 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2121 GMT 24 Dec 84

[NODRUG SUSPENS 25 December special article: "The Indless Loyalty to the leader of the Revolution Is the Basic Character of Our People"]

[text] Today, a great turning point and successes are being achieved in the revolution and construction amid the march to remake the entire society on the chuche idea.

In particular, our people's spiritual traits to endlessly admire and uphold the leader of the revolution are becoming more noble and pure with the advance of the revolution. Such revolutionary traits were vigorously demonstrated on the occasion of the historic visit to foreign countries by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-sung this year and highly displayed in the course of carrying out the militant tasks put forth by the party.

The reality proved that upholding the party and the leader has become the everlasting traits of the entire society and our people's inseparable temperament. This is a proud success ensuring the final victory of the chuche cause.

1. The special features of the same nation and the same people are being defined by their political and ideological traits.

A great man has noble traits clearly showing his ideological and spiritual world without fail. The unique characters of the people mean the revolutionary traits which are being preserved continuously during the entire course of the revolutionary struggle.

The traits which were formed temporarily cannot define the ideological and spiritual features of the people. The revolution is being carried on continuously. Thus, the people must fight until the final victory of the revolution is attained. In order to do so, they should preserve to the end the revolutionary traits which they cherished in the times when the revolution was pioneered and reached its climax. This is the basic issue influencing the future of the revolution and the nation. The lofty revolutionary spirit which never changes no matter how long time may pass enables us to firmly safeguard the life of the revolution generation after generation.

Only when the loyalty to the leader becomes everlasting taking root in the ideological and spiritual world of the all people, can we say that the basic character of the people who carry out the revolution is firmly established.

Today, the loyalty to the leader overflowing in all society is everlasting and firm.

Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the Political Bureau Presidium and secretary of the party Central Committee, has indicated: The revolutionary faith of the Korean communists and people who uphold the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song with loyalty is firm and everlasting.

Our people's idea and sentiment to endlessly admire and uphold the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song and to follow the party and the leader with deep trust are growing more heated with each passing day.

Today's reality in which all the people are vigorously struggling for perfection of the chuche cause in firm unity with the party and the leader clearly shows that our society will be a sound revolutionary society overflowing with the loyalty to the party and the leader in the future, too.

Because the leader and the masses are linked with unbreakable blood relations, the noble traits of all people could be formed in our society.

The respected leader Comrade Kim Il-song is the supreme leader of the Korean revolution and father and teacher of our people. The leader leads all the people, taking full responsibility for their destiny, and the people follow and trust the leader. This is the most revolutionary and moral relations formed between the leader and our people.

The Korean communists and people were reared over generations under the care of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and enjoyed honor and happiness as genuine revolutionary fighters. Without the course in which the respected leader led the arduous revolutionary struggle to victory for more than a half century, our people cannot think of the fact that we are confidently marching toward the future of communism, enjoying the genuine life of men.

Our people regard the bosom of the leader as that of the revolution and consider invariably upholding the leader who fosters and leads them their reason and lofty principle.

The ties between the leader and the masses have reached the highest stage in our country and are being strengthened as the revolution advances. Because of this, our people's noble revolutionary traits have become firm ones that will not be shaken by any storm.

Our society traveled a proud course until it was filled with noble revolutionary traits of admiring and upholding the leader of the revolution. This course was, above all, consolidated during the period when we brilliantly inherited the previous ideological and spiritual assets that were provided when the revolution was first pioneered.

Because the revolutionary struggle had the nature of inheritance [kyesungsong], the people's ideological and spiritual traits developed amid the nature of inheritance of history.

The national temperament and traits, which have a glorious origin and which were consolidated amid trials, have everlasting vitality. The noble traits of the revolutionaries which were formed when the revolution was pioneered are being expanded throughout the entire society while they are inherited generation after generation.

The entire society's trait of upholding the leader is being perfected and consolidated in the course of the process by which the ranks of the genuine revolutionary fighters are fostered and expanded with the advance of the revolution in such a way that 1 is reared and expanded into 10, 10 into 100, and 100 into 1,000.

The number of revolutionary fighters who were united around the great comrade Hanbyol [apparent reference to Kim Il-sung] at the dawning of our revolution was small. However, they created excellent models of upholding the leader of the revolution under most difficult conditions, without a party and revolutionary regime.

They are precious ideological and spiritual assets which our people should cherish permanently, no matter how much time elapses. In the course of inheriting such a brilliant tradition, the ranks of the armed anti-Japanese resistance fighters who safeguarded the headquarters of the revolution with their lives were fostered and tens of thousands of revolutionaries were united into one rank that upheld the leader.

Today, the vast troops of several million members of the Workers' Party and the ranks of young party members which are a mighty reserve force of the party have been reared through such a course of history.

All our people upheld the loyal slogan, "Let us all become the Cha Kwang-su's and Kim Hyok's of the 1980's!" This slogan contains our people's firm will and faith to uphold the leader until the final victory of the revolution is attained.

All the people, including the old generation and the new generation, commanding staffs and plain workers, peasants, and working intellectuals, live and fight cherishing such a single aspiration and wish. The generation of our revolution changed during the long period of more than a half century and members comprising the ranks also changed. However, the revolutionary spirit overflowing in the revolutionary ranks has not changed at all. Herein lies the firmness of our people's traits throughout the society and a firm guarantee for vigorously carrying out the work of dying the ranks with one color.

The invariability of the revolutionary traits of our society is based on today's proud realities in which the brilliant future of the revolution is unfolded. Men's ideological and spiritual world reflects the realities of

history. The people's great traits can be formed in the only great reality. The history of our victorious revolution was a proud course in which the brilliant future of the revolution was constantly pioneered under the leadership of the great party. This was also a process in which various people united themselves with one another, cherishing a single aspiration and wish to entrust all their destinies and the destiny of the future generation to the leader.

The road along which our revolution traversed was indescribably arduous. This road, however, taught us the precious truth that only when we uphold the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song through practical struggle can we win the victory of the revolution and safeguard the nation's glory and dignity generation after generation.

Thus, during the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle days and the early days of building of a new society, a noble ethos with which people of various strata unanimously and endlessly upheld the great Comrade Kim Il-song [title as heard]--the national--hero--transcending differences in political views, religious beliefs, and class status, was created. Among the people, there were the colonialist intellectuals and the small propertied classes of the past, as well as the basic classes of the revolution, and even nationalists who were tainted with anticommunist ideology. If it had not been for their firm conviction in seeing the future of the nation in the leader's greatness, such a revolutionary ethos would not have been achieved.

Today, after a long period of time has elapsed, a brighter future is being unfolded for the future road of our revolution. In the struggle to imbue the entire party and the whole society with the chuche idea, our political and economic might is being incomparably increased and our fatherland is ushering in a golden age.

This year, too, although the situation at home and abroad was very complicated and vast tasks were put forth, we achieved the breakthrough of making epochal progress in the general fields of socialist construction and the people's living. What our people kept more deeply in their hearts, with such a proud reality, was their firm conviction in the greatness of the leader [yongdoja] who is leading the revolution and construction along the single road to victory.

In the struggle to consummate the revolutionary cause, too, as in pioneering and advancing the revolution, the leader [yongdoja] of the revolution plays a decisive role. What becomes important as the revolution reaches a higher stage is to possess a firm nucleus for leadership and unity. Because such a basic question was brilliantly solved, the future of our revolution is endlessly bright today and the political and ideological ethos of our people is reaching a noble stage.

Today, too, when the revolution has reached a new, higher stage, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song is wisely leading the general work of

party and the state with tested leadership and outstanding energy and our party is skillfully organizing and leading the struggle to realize the leader's lofty intentions.

Today, without the greatness of our party, no one can think of the fact that great victories are being achieved in the carrying out of the three revolutions—ideological, technological, and cultural—that our fatherland's status is being enhanced every day, and that a bright future is being unfolded in our people's struggle for socialist and communist construction.

Today, our people firmly see the bright future of our revolution in the leadership of dear Comrade Kim Chong-il [title as heard], who is leading at the head of the struggle to imbue the whole society with the *chuche* idea. Thus, the will and conviction of our people—that there is nothing they cannot do along the road following the leadership of the party and the leader—are becoming firmer. Because the entire party and all the people unite with such a single ideological will, the revolutionary ethos of our society is so firm. Our people's great pride lies in the fact that reality has proved that the ideological and spiritual world of people, who are under the leadership of the great party and who have wholeheartedly understood the greatness of the leader [yongdoja], can reach a boundlessly lofty stage.

2. The noble ethos of our people who are upholding the party and the leader is being fully displayed today in the practice of the revolution.

Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the Political Bureau Presidium and secretary of the party Central Committee, has noted: Whether or not a revolutionary view is established correctly is corroborated by revolutionary practice.

The future aspect of people's ideological and spiritual ethos is shown in today's ideological firmness and thoroughness. People's loyalty, which is maintained as a conviction, will be inherited without change and will become firmer every day.

In our society today, becoming genuine *chuche*-type communist revolutionaries is a goal and reward of life for everyone. Thus, the proud reality in which all members of society are growing up strenuously as indomitable revolutionary warriors endlessly loyal to the party is being unfolded.

Such a proud reality displays the noble and invariable nature of our people's revolutionary ethos. In our society today, all the people concentrate all thinking and practice on, above all, upholding the leadership of the party and the leader, regarding the upholding of the leadership of the party and the leader as the greatest happiness.

In the revolutionary struggle, it is, first and second, important to uphold and defend the leader [yongdoja]. This is the basic iron rule which the revolutionaries should defend, regarding it as their life. Although everything changes as the revolution advances, such a principles position should not change.

The Korean communists and people regard it a great honor to devote all of themselves to upholding the party and the leader. This is our people's ethos, which has become a tradition, and which is being highly displayed in struggles of every type.

Today, our people are firmly safeguarding the authority of the party and the leader with the spirit with which the anti-Japanese revolutionaries and patriots carried out all combat activities in the past, while they paid, the greatest attention to safeguarding the headquarters under the most difficult, adverse situation. Our people's ethos is to think of the party's authority in building a structure or making a political speech and in composing a song filled with the respect and admiration for the leader.

There is no particular occasion for loyal revolutionaries in upholding the party's leadership. All processes and moments of work and life should be filled with loyalty. Today, our people's thinking and practice are being directed to further pleasing the leader [yongdoja] of the revolution and to better upholding the leadership of the party and the leader.

During the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's historic foreign visits (?this year), and subsequently, the entire party and the whole society were seething with unprecedentedly warm revolutionary enthusiasm. During those agitated days, all the people, whatever they were doing, at any guard post of the revolution and construction, looked up to the respected and beloved leader, who was carrying energetic external activities, with boundless reverence, and they made all works contribute to glorifying the successes of the leader's foreign visits in compliance with the party's intentions. This serves as a vivid example of the noble revolutionary ethos of our people, who devote all of themselves, regarding the upholding of the leader [hongdoja] as their first duty.

The ethos of our people, who are faithfully upholding the leadership of the party and the leader, is also thorough and resolute in every respect. In the process of the revolution, numerous difficult, complicated duties arise. But genuine revolutionaries will wage struggle on the basis of the firm principle that there should not be the slightest deviation in upholding the party. Precisely because of this, the life and struggle of the loyal warriors are so brilliant and noble.

The Korean communists and people are revolutionary people who always maintains a thorough-going and resolute position in the work of upholding, defending, and safeguarding the leader [yongdoja]. Historically, the genuine revolutionaries of Korea made utmost efforts to better uphold the party's leadership, no matter how difficult the tasks put forth, always putting forth strict requirements for their works.

In particular, such a thorough nature was fully displayed in the struggle to oppose all alien ideological tendencies and defend the unity and cohesion of the party. The future of the revolution depends upon how the party's lines and policies are defended. The slightest ideological retreat or wavering

prevents the revolution from advancing successfully. Because they kept this deeply in their hearts, the Korean communists were firm along the road of defending the party's lines and policies in the past and resolutely struggled against all reactionary ideologies.

Uniting firmly only on the basis of the ideology of the leader [yongdoja] is the revolutionary ethos which is being inherited today, too, in our revolutionary ranks. The slightest factor running counter to the ideologies and intentions of the party and the leader finds no place to exist in or infiltrate into our society today. Our people know only one guiding ideology and one party lineage and carry out all works in conformity with the party's intentions.

Thus, our party and the ranks of the revolution have become one pure ideological body. This is why our revolutionary ranks are constantly being strengthened and developed no matter how severe a reactionary offensive the imperialists and the enemies of the revolution may launch in all domains including the ideological, moral and cultural, and in life-style.

The traits of our people who faithfully uphold the leadership of the party and the leader are constant and invariable, regardless of the objective situation and condition of the revolution. Various forms of conditions and ups and downs may be laid on the road of the advancing revolution. However, the attitude of revolutionaries upholding the party should absolutely not change.

It is the unique trait of the genuine revolutionary to faithfully uphold the party with firm belief, whether in the rain or snow, in favorable conditions or in difficulties.

The history of the long and glorious Korean communist movement shows us that there were many difficult times that influenced the destiny of the revolution. Whenever such times took place, indomitable fighters who had revolutionary integrity, which would rather be broken than bent, defended, protected and upheld with their lives the leader, the supreme commander of the revolution.

They were the anti-Japanese patriots who defended the headquarters of the revolution by throwing themselves into a rain of bullets and unhesitatingly cut their tongues in order to keep the secrets of their headquarters. They were the heroic fighters of the Fatherland Liberation War who blocked the enemy's bullets with their own bodies, shouting "Long Live General Kim Il-sung!" Their exploits show that those who dedicate their lives to the party and the revolution at the most perilous moment are genuine revolutionaries.

Loyalty to the party and the leader should be demonstrated not only in times of arduousness but also in normal times. Those who uphold the party and the leader amid smooth conditions without wavering can also firmly preserve their political faith in adverse situation. This is an unshakable truth shown by (history).

Today, the objective circumstances of our revolution are different from those of the past. However, the spiritual status of Korean communists is not at all different from that of the past when they safeguarded the governing body of the revolution during the days of arduous class struggle.

Our people are overflowing with the resolution to share their destinies with our party center and are devotedly struggling to implement the party's lines, decisions, and directives. The acts of numerous unheralded heroes and meritorious workers who are silently carrying out their missions to reliably safeguard the outposts assigned to them by the party for a long time and to embody the party's intentions are noble and precious, just as those of the heroic fighters who dedicated their lives in fierce battle. This shows that our people are firmly prepared politically and ideologically to uphold the party and the leader to the end, no matter what arduous trials they may face in the future.

Nothing is more important than thoroughly completing such political preparations for all of our people who still have to traverse the long rigorous road and carry out the revolution amid a situation of being confronted with the U.S. imperialists and their stooges.

Only when all people invariably retain their loyalty to the party regardless of their circumstances and conditions can they have a brighter future of our revolution.

The fact that our society is filled with the noble traits to uphold the party and the leader is a precious achievement, incomparable with anything else. The future of our party and revolution depends on how we preserve and embody such revolutionary traits.

Remembering that there is no limit to the loyalty of revolutionaries, we should strengthen revolutionary discipline. Just as a gem becomes more lustrous when polished, a revolutionary can endlessly glorify his political life only when he continuously maintains lofty (?traits) in his ideological life.

There cannot be a perfected revolutionary in the world. Thus, the revolutionary's mental training should not be stalemated. Only when one endlessly disciplines oneself and carries out mental training can he find the road to perfect his revolutionary traits.

The indomitable fighters who historically remained loyal to the party and the leader to the end constantly disciplined themselves ideologically. They always regarded their loyalty as still elementary and lived and fought cherishing an aspiration and resolve to uphold the leader better. Our practical life shows that only such a revolutionary will remain unchanged throughout his life and will be loyal to the party and the revolution, even dedicating his life in a grave moment.

Our revolution has advanced far and we live in a rewarding time when the party is stronger organizationally and ideologically than at any other time. The merits and exploits of the past can be glorified only through the struggle to remain continuously loyal to the party and the revolution.

All cadres, party members, and workers, cherishing a lofty party spirit and a revolutionary spirit, should permanently glorify their lofty political lives by firmly adhering to the pledge they once made to the party and the revolution.

The historic course of struggle of the Korean communist movement taught us that loyalty can be genuine when it is inherited. The tradition of loyalty to the party and the leader is a precious ideological and spiritual asset for the future of the revolution. We should brilliantly glorify this asset generation after generation. This is the road of firmly succeeding the generation of the revolution and an important mission assigned by the times to our generation of the eighties.

Today, our people's road of permanently preserving the tradition of loyalty is upholding our party center. Our party is the staff office of the Korean revolution and is the organizer and guide of all victories. Advancing under the party's banner is a continuation of the march of the young Korean communists who advanced following the great general by upholding the banner of the Down-With-Imperialism's Union. Only when we advance along this single road can we accomplish the revolutionary cause pioneered in the Paektu forest in the early days.

Firmly standing on the position that we only know the party and the leader, we will overcome any trial and difficulty together with the party, entrusting all our destinies to the party. This is the very firm and immovable will and everlasting pledge of the members of the WPK and the Korean people.

CSO: 4110/052

N. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

KCNA ON PEOPLE'S LOYALTY TO LEADER, PARTY

SK252352 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2312 GMT 25 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 25 Dec (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today devotes its front page to a lengthy editorial article consisting of two parts under the headline "Boundless Loyalty to the Leader of the Revolution is the Main Trait of Our People."

In the first part the article says that the quality of a nation and people is characterized by their political and ideological traits. It can be said that the true main trait of a revolutionary people is established only when loyalty to the leader has become an immutable one deeply rooted in the ideological and spiritual world of the entire people, it points out, and further says:

Loyalty to the leader prevailing in our society today is an unshakable and invariable one.

Such noble all-people trait could take shape in our society because the leader and the masses of the people are united by unbredable kindred ties.

As the revolution develops on to a higher stage, it becomes an important matter to have a centre in leadership and unity.

Today when the revolution has developed on to a new higher stage the respected leader Comrade Kim Il-sung is wisely leading the overall affairs of the party and state with his tested leadership ability and extraordinary energy and our party is skillfully organising and directing the struggle to realize the lofty intentions of the leader.

Our people set the bright future of our revolution in the guidance of dear Comrade Kim Chong-il leading the struggle for modelling the whole society on the chuche idea.

In the second part the article says that the noble trait of our people holding the party and the leader in high esteem is fully demonstrated in their revolutionary practice today. It goes on:

In our society all people regard it as the greatest happiness to uphold the guidance of the party and the leader and subordinate all their thinking and practice to it.

The most important matter in the revolutionary struggle is the leader in high esteem and defined aim.

Respected Comrade Kim Il-sung is the brain of the revolution and teacher of our people. The leader, shouldering the responsibility of the entire people, leads them and the people, faithfully follow him. This is the most revolutionary and moral principle established between the leader and our people.

It is through a proud road that the noble revolutionary leader of the revolution in high esteem, have been

It has been consolidated first of all in the course of the revolution, carrying forward the noble ideological and spiritual wealth made by the revolution. The revolution was pioneered.

In the period spanning more than half a century the composition of its ranks has been alternated and the composition of its ranks has changed. But there is no change in the revolutionary spirit prevailing in our revolutionary ranks yesterday or today.

The immutability of the revolutionary traits of our people is a proud reality in which the bright future of the revolution is guaranteed.

The leader of the revolution plays a decisive role in the revolution as in starting and advancing the revolution.

Today our people are firmly defending the authority of the party and the leader in the spirit displayed by the anti-Japanese revolutionaries, faithfully carrying out all combat actions, paying the deepest attention to the demands of the headquarters under the most difficult conditions.

The traits of our people upholding the leadership of the party and the leader with loyalty are also thorough-going and steadfast in the revolution.

No slightest practice against the ideas and intentions of the party and the leader can be allowed in our society or can infiltrate into the people. We know only the one guiding and lineage of the party and leader as demanded by the party.

Another aspect of our people's traits is that they are fearless in the face of the objective situation and conditions of the revolution.

Loyalty to the party and the leader should be displayed unswervingly not only in adversity alone, but in ordinary time, too.

The objective situation of our revolution differs from that of the past, and the spirit of the Korean communists in the past as they approached and leading the headquarters of the revolution in the past period of the party is completely different.

It is a most valuable success that our society is overflowing with the spirit of holding the party and leader in high esteem, the article stresses:

With firm stand that we know nothing but the party and the leader, we will trust all our destiny only to the party and overcome hardships and struggle together with the party.

CSO: 4100/100

X. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

PROVINCIAL WPK COMMITTEES HOLD PLENARY MEETINGS

SK260425 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0419 GMT 26 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 26 Dec (KCNA)--Plenary meetings were recently held at the provincial (municipal) committees of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The plenary meetings discussed the question of thoroughly implementing the decision of the Tenth Plenary meeting of the Sixth Central Committee of the WPK "on the 1985 plan for the development of the national economy".

The reports at the plenary meetings were followed by subcommittee meetings and discussions for fulfilling the 1985 national economic plans facing the provinces and municipalities.

It was stressed at the plenary meetings that big successes had been achieved in beating the Second Seven-Year Plan targets and attaining the ten long-range objectives of socialist economic construction for the 1980s through an energetical acceleration of production and construction in all domains of the national economy this year in the spirit of Chollima spurred on by the "speed of the 80s."

Noting that it is the main task of the 1985 national economic plan to give priority to the mining industry and railway transport and boost metal industry still further, thus effecting a new upsurge in socialist economic construction and radically enhancing the people's living standards, the plenary meetings discussed concrete measures and ways for its fulfillment.

The plenary meetings adopted appropriate decisions.

CSO: 4100/100

DAILY STRESSES UNITY AROUND PARTY CENTER

SK291047 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2144 GMT 27 Dec 84

[NODONG SINMUN 28 December special article: "Great Unity Firmly Guaranteeing the Future of Revolution"]

[Text] At the end of last year the great leader Comrade Kim Il-sung taught us of the need for the entire party membership and all the people to unite around the party center in terms of ideology and will, saying that unity is revolution and revolution is unity. The teaching of the great leader has great significance in strengthening the party and the revolutionary ranks politically and ideologically and completing the *chuche* revolutionary cause. Strengthening the unity and cohesion of the party and the revolutionary ranks is the basic requirement in carrying out the working class' revolutionary cause. Unity is the source of strength of the revolutionary ranks. The working class' revolutionary cause begins and advances under the slogan of unity and is brought to completion in the struggle to strengthen and develop it. There is no mightier weapon than unity in crushing the oppression of capital or in realizing national liberation, in defeating imperialist aggression and accelerating the socialist and communist construction. That united we triumph, and divided we fall is the truth of revolution and a historical lesson.

Strengthening unity is always an important requirement throughout the period of revolutionary struggle, but it is especially important today, when socialist and communist construction is being placed on a higher stage, as it affects the future of revolution and the nation.

Today, socialism is victorious on a global scale. Socialist construction has progressed to a higher stage in many countries. As revolution progresses, the revolutionary generations are changing. Ultimate realization of the communist cause becomes a realistic task. This requires that we should firmly adhere to the unity which was formed during the pioneering period of revolution and that we should continuously solidify and develop it.

This problem is brilliantly solved in our country. Today, our unity and cohesion is being solidified at a new, higher stage in conformity with the requirement of the cause of modeling the whole society on the *chuche* idea.

During the period subsequent to the historical Sixth Party Congress, especially this year, the work of strengthening the party in terms of organization and ideology was further deepened and the entire party membership and all the people have been firmly united around the party center. This is the most valuable success, unmatched by anything else attained in our revolution. Today our people are confident of completing to the end the chuche revolutionary cause pioneered by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and are full of conviction about the brighter future of the fatherland and the nation because they have this great unity and cohesion.

Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau and secretary of the party Central Committee, has indicated: Under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, our party has attained the firmest and most vital unity and cohesion in the history of the communist movement through a long struggle. We can have due pride and self-confidence in this.

The firmness and bright future of our unity and cohesion lie in the fact that all functionaries and workers have a firm chuche world view. This is not job-related unity, but unity of ideology and will. Firm unity is brilliantly realized when the revolutionaries and the people are firmly united, holding the leader's ideology as their firm world view and firmly united. The matter of inheriting unity generation to generation depends, after all, on the firmness of the ideological base and the ideological purity of the ranks.

People's faith in the leader's ideology does not come into existence by some job-related step. It is guaranteed by the greatness of the ideology. A great ideology creates a great reality, connecting the historical times and worlds, and ensures that unity is firmly inherited generation to generation. Herein lies the great role and significance of a great ideology.

The great Comrade Kim Il-song's [widaehan Kim Il-song tongji] revolutionary idea, the chuche idea, is the revolutionary idea that has been formed reflecting the demand of the times and the aim of the working popular masses. This great revolutionary idea which opened the new beginning of our revolution and which made it possible to realize the revolutionary stage for the first time in the Korean communist movement is firmly adhered to and is comprehensively victorious by our party's ideological and theoretical activities.

Because they inherited the leader's revolutionary idea, which pioneered the revolutionary road for the first time and developed its resplendent course, our party's ideology and theory are the ideological basis which firmly guarantee unity and purity in terms of ideology and will. Our people are firmly aware that the chuche idea and the party's ideology and theory are great and just and that they can complete the communist cause by following this banner, and hold it as their world view and faith.

The entire country and all the people, from the functionaries in the central organizations to the ordinary workers in lower echelons and to the new generations, make it their foremost demand to arm themselves with the party's ideology and theory and make them their flesh and bone. Therefore, our

revolutionary ranks have become an embodiment of ideological purity of the ardent and absolute followers of the chuche idea and the party's ideology and theory and of those who resolutely defend them and carry them out. This precisely shows how firmly and brilliantly the ideological basis of our party's unity and cohesion is inherited.

The might of our unity is highly demonstrated in the practical struggle of the revolutionary struggle and construction work. The purpose of unity rests in advancing revolution and construction, and its might is manifested in the practical struggle. Only those iron-willed ranks which move consistently in accordance with the leader's ideology and will and carry them out without a hitch can be said to have established indestructible unity with firm faith.

It is our people's traditional trait to accept as a matter of priority demand anything that is intended and desired by the party and the leader and to carry it out without a hitch, demonstrating endless devotion. In our country today, the party and the people have been formed into one body. In our party and society a firm environment has been formed in which the party's intent reaches smoothly from the central organizations to the lowest echelons and in which, once the party makes an appeal, the entire party, army, and all the people respond all at the same time and carry it out thoroughly. This is a source by which all trials and difficulties are overcome and continuous upsurges are effected in revolution and construction.

It thoroughly proves the might of our unity that, upholding the intent of dear Comrade Kim Chong-il [chinhaehanun Kim Chong-il tongji], who wished to glorify the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's visit to foreign countries with practical successes in revolution and construction this year, they attained great success in agricultural production and other fields of socialist construction and that they thoroughly crushed the enemy's challenge and aggressive maneuvers and firmly defended the revolutionary gains.

There are the firmly consolidated core elements in our ranks, which have been firmly rallied around the leader [yongdoja] and which are brilliantly implementing the leadership of the party and the leader [suryong]. Today, our party and ranks are firmly rallied with not only old revolutionary fighters, who have traversed the long road of the revolution since the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, following the great general, but also the enterprising companions who will struggle to the end, defending the party and the leader [suryong] under any difficult circumstance.

They are today firmly following the party's cause at all fronts and outposts of the revolution with the same attitude as that adopted by young communists in the past in following the orders of Comrade Han Ryol [apparent reference to Kim Il-song] and with the same spirit as that displayed by the protagonist of the art film "A County Party Responsible Secretary" in implementing party policy.

Thus, with the firmly consolidated ranks of core elements as well as all people who have unanimously upheld the party faithfully, it has been possible

to advance our revolution in accordance with the intent of the party, and the leader and socialist construction has been victorious.

The core of unity which was achieved in the period of pioneering the revolution is still firm and its ideological foundation still continues even today when the revolution has advanced far. Precisely herein lies the decisive guarantee for the final victory of the chuche cause and for the eternal prosperity of the nation.

We are still traversing the road of carrying out the revolution. We will have to overcome all difficulties and trials in the future. In order to win victory on this road, we must unite again and again as in the past. There should not be even the slightest degree of self-admiration or discontinuation in defending and consolidating unity.

Loyalty to the party and the leader [suryong] in the basic nucleus of a revolutionary world outlook and the ideological source which makes it possible to become an eternal companion who follows the intent of the leader and traverses the rigorous road of revolution together with him.

All functionaries and working people should more firmly aim themselves with the great chuche idea and the ideology and theory of the party, should possess the firm political faith of knowing the party and the leader only, and should faithfully follow the ideology and leadership of the party.

The dear Comrade Kim Chong-il has energetically unfolded a grand blueprint for the epochal development and prosperity of the fatherland and has energetically led the work of brilliantly realizing it.

Functionaries and party members should display lofty revolutionary spirit, party loyalty, working class spirit, and people-mindedness and should brilliantly follow the intent of the party center so that they can demonstrate the might of our party and effect a new upsurge in socialist construction.

CSD: 4110/052

N. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

DAILY SAYS GREAT UNITY GUARANTEES FUTURE

SK281157 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1103 GMT 28 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 28 Dec (KCNA)--RODONG SINMUN today carries an article titled "Great Unity Guaranteeing Future of Revolution," which reads in part:

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, at the end of the last year taught that the whole party and the entire people should rally around the party centre in ideology and purpose, saying that unity is revolution, and vice versa.

His teachings are of weighty significance in accomplishing the revolutionary cause of chuche by strengthening the party and the revolutionary ranks politically and ideologically.

Our unity and cohesion today is being consolidated on a new, higher stage in keeping with the demand of the cause of modelling the whole of society on the chuche idea. In the period following the historical sixth congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, especially, this year, the party work has been further deepened in the organisational and ideological strengthening of the party to unite the whole party and the entire people around the party centre as firm as a rock.

This is the most valuable success priceless in our revolution.

It is for this great unity and cohesion that our people are full of confidence that they can carry to accomplishment the revolutionary cause of chuche started by Comrade Kim Il-song and of the conviction of a brighter future of the fatherland and the nation.

The solidity of our unity and cohesion and our vast future lie in that the world outlook of chuche is firmly established among the entire officials and working people.

Deeply conscious that the chuche idea and the idea and theory of the party are great and just and that the cause of communism would be completed when they follow this banner, our people keep this as a world outlook and their faith.

The might of our unity is given full scope in the practice of the revolutionary struggle and the constructive work.

In hearty response to the intention of dear Comrade Kim Chong-il to add lustre to the foreign tour of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song with the practical successes of the revolution and construction, our people have achieved enormous successes in socialist construction including agricultural production and firmly defended the gains of the revolution, smashing to pieces the challenge and aggressive moves of the enemies. This proves to the full the might of our unity.

The centre of the unity achieved at the dawn of the revolution is firm and its ideological foundation is successfully carried forward today when the revolution has advanced far. Herein lies the decisive guarantee for the final victory of the chuche cause and the eternal prosperity of the nation.

Comrade Kim Chong-il unfolded a grand blueprint for the radical progress of the revolution and the prosperity of the country and is energetically leading the work to bring it into reality.

The article stresses that all the officials and party members should brilliantly realise the intention of the party centre, thereby demonstrating the might of our party and effecting a new upswing in socialist construction.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

KCNA VERSION OF NODONG SINMUN ON PAST VICTORIES

SK290530 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0419 GMT 29 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang 28 Dec (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN 27 December carries a political essay headlined "Road of Sure Victory", which says in part:

An ever-victorious record can be achieved only through an arduous struggle and the road of such struggle cannot be opened without sacrifice.

None on the shining victories and great revolutionary gains we have achieved in political, economic, military, cultural and all other realms could be achieved without hard-fought struggle accompanied by sacrifices.

Every victory in an ever-victorious record we call has been achieved in the course of overcoming life a phoenix manifold traits and difficulties with an indomitable fighting spirit that we should fight it out against the enemy in acute and difficult battles decisive of life and death and we should win without fail at all costs.

It is an inexorable principle of the revolution that all battles will emerge victorious through such struggle and at the cost of such sacrifice.

Those who give up struggle fearful of sacrifices are bound to surrender, turn their coats and fall into the quagmire of defeat.

There is no other way than two paths--victory and defeat--in the history of advance only through struggle.

This is one of the most serious lessons given us by modern history.

There is no need to dwell on what consequence was produced by the despicable acts of opportunists, renegades and turncoats of all brands who appeared in the international communist movement and working-class movement, who lowered the banner of struggle fearful of hardships and sacrifices, far from winning victory by trusting the strength of their people and waging a life-and-death battle in reliance upon it.

The loyal vanguards who paved the way to victory through struggle on the road of the arduous yet glorious Korean revolution and heroic soldiers whose names

are imperishable in our history were all those who were possessed of indomitable communist revolutionary spirit.

With their firm confidence in the justness of the chuche cause pioneered and led by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and with their unshakable faith that nothing is more precious than a life devoted to the victory of the revolution the revolutionary fighters viewed the life and death from such a steadfast and revolutionary viewpoint and stand.

Only a life dedicated to the revolutionary cause, a life devoted to the progress of society and history, is the true life of an independent man.

A disgraceful life, no matter how long it may be, is nothing but death, whereas a fruitful life, short as it may be, is immortal--this revolutionary viewpoint gave rise to the indomitable spirit defying sacrifices in the face of difficulties and trials and the noble revolutionary spirit of shedding blood and dedicating without hesitation one's own life to the revolution and opened up the road of sure victory.

Life is precious for everyone because there is only one life. But nothing is more valuable than a life devoted on a sacred road, the road for the victory of the revolution started by the great leader and no life is so undying with such glory.

Having always emerged ever-victorious, overcoming manifold trials and difficulties because they have advanced with a communist revolutionary spirit and a revolutionary determination defying sacrifices along the road of the sacred revolution started and directed by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, our revolutionary ranks entered a new, higher stage for accelerating the completion of the chuche cause under the wise and tested leadership of our glorious party.

CSO: 4100/100

DAILY ON MINING, METAL INDUSTRIES, RAILWAYS

SK150441 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 2138 GMT 6 Dec 84

[NODONG SINMUN 7 December special article: "The Mining Industry, Railway Transport, and the Metal Industry Are Breakthroughs for Effecting New Turns in Economic Construction"]

[Text] Our party has recently put forth a militant task to give priority to the mining industry and railway transport as a struggle by the entire party, entire country, and by entire people and to effect a turn in the metal industry and is now tenaciously propelling the struggle to implement the task.

This shows the wisdom of the leadership of our party which is energetically making headway for yet another upturn on the basis of a profound insight into the inevitability of socialist economic construction and the current status of our country's economy.

Effecting an epochal advance in the development of the mining industry, railway transport, and the metal industry is a firm guarantee for creating a great revolutionary upsurge in economic construction as a whole.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has taught: The mining industry must be given priority in order to create a great upturn on all fronts of socialist construction.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has also taught: The railway transport must, first of all, be developed at an early date in order to resolve the pressing problem of transport.

He also has taught: Only when the targets of the metal industry are fulfilled by concentrating on the metal industry can we ensure the supply of the steel products and the ferrous metal for which demand is growing daily and develop various sectors of the national economy speedily.

The mining industry, railway transport, and the metal industry are playing the major and leading role in the development of the national economy as a whole.

The mining industry is the first process of production and railway transport is the precedence of the national economy. And the metal industry is the major sector of industry.

This being the case, the mining industry and railway transport should be given priority and the metal industry should be developed speedily in order to push ahead with the economic construction. This is the basis of socialist economic construction.

In the whole process of leading the socialist construction, our party has always directed primary efforts to developing these sectors. Apart from such a leadership of our party, it is impossible to think of the fact that our national economy has endlessly developed at high speed and that its self-reliant and chuche character has firmly been consolidated.

Basing himself on the prospect for the development of our national economy and the demands of the revolution, the dear Comrade Kim Chong-il has recently taken a measure to give a decisive priority to the mining industry and railway transport and to develop the metal industry more speedily. This, being a very just and positive measure, is now demonstrating a great vitality in practice. Giving precedence to the development in the mining industry, railway transport, and the metal industry is the fundamental condition for keeping production normal in various sectors of the national economy and for hastening the socialist economic construction at high speed.

Keeping production normal is what our party has consistently stressed. Keeping production normal can be realized only when the state plan is smoothly fulfilled through maximum use of existing production capacity.

Our country today has been provided with mighty economic foundations. When we keep plants and enterprises operating at full capacity and keep production normal by using such economic foundations, we can achieve the wealth and prosperity of the country and produce and ensure everything necessary to improve the people's standard of living on our own.

Only when the mining industry, railway transport, and the metal industry are speedily developed can we keep the machines and equipment at various sectors of the national economy, including the processing industry, fully operating by smoothly supplying them with coal, ore, and steel products, and mobilize and utilize the production potential sufficiently. In particular, this enables us to keep production normal in the machine industry, chemical industry, and electricity industry, ones that play an important role in hastening the modernization of the national economy and technological progress. Thus, it also enables us to successfully fulfill the economic tasks arising from various sectors of the national economy and the problem of improving the people's standard of living.

A rapid development in the mining industry, railway transport, and the metal industry enables all sectors to develop without interruption by ensuring a firm balance in the national economy. And endless development in the national economy is premised on a correct balance.

Socialist economy develops according to plans and develops in a balanced way. Only when the balance is well preserved in the national economy can we develop all sectors smoothly and more speedily without wasting the materials, funds, and labor.

A rapid development in the mining industry, railway transport, and metal industry will enable us to firmly ensure balance between the mining industry and processing industry, and balance between production and transport. It will also enable us to ensure the related balances with initiative and positiveness.

A rapid development in the mining industry, railway transport, and metal industry is an important work in strengthening economic self-reliance. Strengthening economic self-reliance is a strategic demand in the socialist economic construction. Only when we firmly adhere to and implement this line, can we build firm material and technological foundations for socialism and endlessly strengthen the might of the country as a whole.

Our country's national economy is a mighty economy with strong self-reliance. When the mining industry and metal industry are rapidly developed and an upturn is effected in the railway transport, we can consolidate the foundations for a self-reliant national economy by organizing the country's inherent raw material and fuel bases better and eventually build firm pillars of the self-reliant economy. Also, it will enable us to ensure organic ties within the economy and to demonstrate the high might and vitality of the self-reliant economy.

Rapidly developing the mining industry, railway transport, and metal industry is a pressing demand in our country's economic development. Several years have passed since our people began to hasten the march of "the eighties" to implement the grand programs for socialist economic construction as unfolded by the Sixth Party Congress. A great success has been made in our economic construction during this period and a firm prospect for the occupation of the 10 major prospective targets of economic construction has been unfolded. We should put a premium on the development of the mining industry, railway transport, and metal industry by concentrating efforts on these sectors in order to fulfill the second 5-year plan and hasten the fulfillment of the 10 major prospective targets ahead of schedule.

When upturns are effected in the development of the mining industry, railway transport, and metal industry, a great advancement in occupying not only the heights of coal, steel, and various metal, but also other heights can be achieved.

What is required is the fulfillment of the country's coal, ore, metal, and steel products. And the demand for transport is daily increasing in all sectors of the national economy. Based on such a practical demand, our party is now putting forth a task to create a great upsurge in production in such sectors as the mining industry, electricity industry, and metal industry and to smoothly solve the problem of transport.

Next year is significant year in the history of our party and fatherland. It is our party's intention to create a great upsurge in socialist construction in that significant year. It is, therefore, important to give priority to the mining industry, railway transport, and metal industry in order to lay the groundwork for the implementation of such an intention by the party.

Our party's designation of a task to give priority to the mining industry and railway transport and to create a great upturn in the metal industry is a brilliant model of tested leadership of leading all socialist economic constructions to an upsurge by pinpointing key factors in the complicated reality and by concentrating efforts on them.

The party's directives will come to brilliant fruition when functionaries and working people at the mining industry, railway transport, and metal industry continue to create renovations without interruption with high sense of responsibility and with the air of being masters, when the other sectors of the national economy primarily ensure these sectors with supplies of facilities and materials, and when they are supported by society.

CSO: 4110/049

N.KOREA/ECONOMY

COUNTRY EXPECTS RECORD COAL OUTPUT IN 1984

OW171242 Beijing XINHUA in English 1209 GMT 17 Dec 84

["Korea: Record Coal Production in 1984 (by Qu Benjin)"--XINHUA Headline]

[Text] Pyongyang, 17 Dec (XINHUA)--The coal output of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is expected to reach a record of 70 million tons this year, the last year of the country's second seven-year plan (1978-1984).

In the past seven years, Korea's coal production rose by about 40 percent over the year before the plan with an average annual increase of 3 million tons.

Lacking oil resources, Korea is rich in anthracite and brown coal. The government always regards the development of the coal industry as a strategic task in developing national economy.

The state has laid a solid material and technological foundation for enhancing coal production capacity by increasing investment, training engineers and technicians and setting up coal mining machine-building bases through technological cooperation with foreign countries.

The Anju coal mine, called one of the three lifelines of the Korean economy, is a key energy base developed during the second seven-year plan. Its output in 1983 was 5 million tons, a 60-percent hike over the previous year, and that of this year is expected to go up by over 40 percent to surpass 7 million tons.

The output this year of the Sunchon mine in South Pyongan Province, another important base of the country, is expected to increase by 70 percent over last year.

CSO: 4100/090

LETTER OF KIM CHONG-IL TO LAND MANAGEMENT WORKER

SK210145 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 1000 GMT 20 Dec 84

[Letter of Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the Political Bureau Presidium and secretary of the WPK Central Committee, "On Improving and Strengthening Land Management," sent to a national meeting of land administration workers--date not given; however, Pyongyang KCNA in English at 1009 GMT on 20 November reported that the meeting was held on 18-19 November--read b. announcer]

[Text] A national meeting of land administration workers was held for the first time since the republic was founded. Summing up the proud successes and experiences won in the land management domain in the past, the meeting discussed measures for thoroughly implementing the party's land administration policy.

The national meeting of land administration workers is of great significance in improving and strengthening land administration work in accordance with the demands of the developing revolution and in accelerating socialist construction.

Land administration work in our country, which began from the time when the great leader Comrade Kim Il-sung personally went to the site of the conservancy works in the Potonggang River and picked up the first shovel after the national liberation, has been constantly strengthened and developed amid the arduous and complex struggle accompanied by bloody struggles against the class enemies at home and abroad and by serious social reform.

Thanks to our party's correct policy and wise leadership, the looks of our country, once awfully devastated and severely destroyed due to the Japanese imperialist colonial predatory policy and the war provoked by the U.S. imperialists, have undergone a complete change in cities and farms, in fields and mountain areas in a short time, eliminating the traces left by an outdated society and rigorous war. Nature-restoring work was vigorously carried out throughout the country and numerous eternal creations were built.

Cultivated land, forests, profitable animals and vegetables, and marine product resources were increased, and rivers, roads, and coast were newly built and were renovated beautifully and effectively. Thus, our country turned into a people's paradise.

The miraculous changes made in the past land management work clearly showed the justness and indomitable vitality of our party's unique policy for land administration. The unheralded efforts of party members and workers in the land management domain dwell in the proud successes achieved by our party and our people in the land administration work who struggled and dedicated everything to the prosperity and development of the nation and to the eternal happiness of the new generations.

Highly praising the achievements made in the land administration domain, I, in the name of the party Central Committee, extend my warm thanks to the attendants of the meeting and to the functionaries in the land administration domain across the nation for their devotion to land management work, cherishing lofty loyalty to the party and the leader, and a sense of devoted service for the nation and the people.

Today, important and glorious tasks to further improve the land administration work in accordance with the demands of the historical cause for the chuche-orientation of the entire society are being laid in the land management domain.

Land management is management work for all territories over which national sovereignty is exercised. In other words, land management is a work to protect and manage lands and resources, is a material foundation for the nation's economic development, and is a work to protect and manage the nature and the circumstances of life surrounding man.

The land management work is a nature-restoring work to manage the lands in accordance with the demands of the chuche idea. Land management work is a lofty work to provide our people with more independent and creative living conditions.

In order to emancipate man from the restriction of nature and to ensure the independent and creative living conditions for them, we should bring about affluent material wealth by conquering the nature and should provide beautiful and cultured living conditions.

Land management work provides the people with more independent and creative living conditions by protecting the land, resources, and natural circumstances in accordance with the people's aspirations and demands, and by encouraging the people to reasonably develop and utilize them.

Land management work is a rewarding work for the nation's endless prosperity and happiness for generations to come. We are communists who struggle not only for ourselves but also for future generations. Thus, we should hand over beautiful lands and rich resources to future generations.

Land management work enables us to provide future generations with eternal creations and happy living conditions by increasing the nation's material wealth and turning the nation's lands into a beautiful and affluent people's paradise.

land management work is an important work to which we should permanently adhere in socialist and communist construction. We effected great changes in past land management work through arduous struggles. However, they were merely the beginning. Because we were not able to reunify the divided nation, we could not carry out land management work nationwide.

After the nation is reunified, we should manage the southern half of the nation to make it a beautiful and affluent people's paradise as the northern half. Land management work is nature-remaking work. Thus, it should be ceaselessly continued throughout the entire course of the socialist and communist construction. Properly carrying out the land management work is one of the important missions for socialist countries.

Land is a material foundation in forming the nation's regime [chongkwon] and is the sphere over which the nation's sovereignty is exercised. The nation's sovereignty will be exercised with the land as its unit, and will be firmly ensured by the land.

In order for socialist countries to safeguard and exercise the nation's sovereignty, they should properly carry out land management work. Furthermore, all assets and wealth of a nation are the possessions of the nation and the people in socialist countries. Therefore, the nation should carry out land management in a responsible manner.

Socialist countries should regard land management work as their important mission and should direct great efforts to this work. Improving and strengthening land management work are urgent demands for developing the revolution in our country.

Today, our revolution has reached a very high stage through the struggle for the final victory in socialism, putting forth the target of the chuche-orientation of the entire society. The socialist society that won the perfect victory demands countenance of the land which corresponds to such a society.

However, land management work at present cannot comply with the demands of the rapidly developing realities. In order to successfully attain the 10 long-range targets in socialist economic construction for the 1980's by accelerating the economic construction and expediting the perfect victory in socialism, we should decisively improve and strengthen land management work.

Functionaries in the land management domain should effect a new turning point in their work by thoroughly implementing the party's policy for land management, and correctly realizing the importance in it. We should, first of all, properly prepare the general plan for land construction and, based on this plan, should carry out the land construction in a systematic manner.

The general plan for land construction is a unified, comprehensive, and prospective plan to reasonably develop and utilize the lands and resources in order to correspond to the development of the national economy, to the promotion of the people's welfare, and to build the lands beautifully. Only when we correctly establish the general plan for land construction, can we

reasonably develop and utilize the lands and resources in accordance with the development of the nation's economy and the people's demands in their livelihood, and by preventing wastes in labor, materials, and funds, manage the nation's household in a frugal manner.

Unless we correctly establish the general plan for land construction, we may cause a great loss to the nation, for we may build houses on grounds where iron ore is deposited and build railways and roads in a place where a reservoir should be constructed.

A general plan for land construction should be certainly and correctly laid out in order to carry out land construction in a unified manner and with a goal in mind. What should be correctly stipulated and reflected in the general plan for building up land are the overall ways to utilize arable land, forests, rivers, and coastal and territorial waters; to construct railways and roads, to deploy towns, villages, plants, and enterprises, and to develop natural resources.

The general plan for land construction should also be framed on the principle of taking into consideration the question of not damaging arable land; the question of not building oversized cities; the climatic and endemic characteristics of each region, prospects for its development, and demands in terms of national defense; and on the principle of taking measures to prevent pollution in advance.

To correctly map out the general plan for land construction, the work of comprehensively surveying and studying the status quo of land and natural resources should be carried out well. Comprehensively surveying and studying the status quo of land and natural resources are the first steps to correctly designing a general plan for land construction. Only when the work of comprehensively surveying and studying the status quo of land and natural resources is conducted well can a church-oriented and realistic general plan for land construction, which meets the actual circumstances of our country, be worked out and actively contributed to accelerating socialist economic construction and manage the economy of the country with a goal in mind.

The field of land administration should thoroughly established a system in which local land planning organs comprehensively survey the status quo of land and natural resources and regularly report any changes in the status quo to the central administration; should study and analyze the surveyed data in a scientific manner; and should correctly indicate the overall way of land construction from a party-minded and state-minded standpoint.

Unifying the work of mapping out the plan is among the important ways for correctly designing the general plan for land construction. Only when the work of designing the plan is unified can the demands of the party's policy, the creativity of localities, the centralized discipline of the state, and democracy be correctly combined with the plan and a scientific and dynamic plan be mapped out by getting rid of subjectivity and provincialism.

The field of land administration should thoroughly abide by the principle of unification in designing the general plan for land construction. To unify the work of framing the general plan for land construction, the central land planning administration should inform the local land planning organs of the direction for statewide development so that they can map out the general plans for land construction in each region in conformity with the demands of the state and their concrete conditions.

The local land planning organs should report to the central land planning administration the guidelines of the general plan for regional land construction which is laid out on the principle of removing particularism and maximizing mobilization of local reserves and potentials.

A system should be thoroughly established in which fields of the national economy inform the land planning organs concerned of the data concerning the work of mapping out plans and agree with them in framing their own prospective plan for construction.

To correctly map out the general plan for land construction, the subjectivity and arbitrariness of individual functionaries in mapping out plans should be eliminated, and full and maximum play should be given to collective wisdom.

Along with the work of correctly mapping out the general plan for land construction, strict discipline should be established in which all construction projects are carried out in accordance with the plan. Framing the general plan for land construction does not have a self-serving aim, but is aimed at execution without fail.

If all fields of the national economy arbitrarily conduct construction projects while failing to follow the general plan for land construction, land construction cannot be carried out with a goal in mind and there would be no need to map out a general plan. Since the general plan for land construction is a state law, no one has a right to violate it.

The field of land administration should not be content with the formulation of the general plan for land construction. It should establish strict discipline so that all construction projects can be carried out in accordance with the general plan.

The field of land administration should establish a system which, if plants, enterprises, or cooperative bodies raise a matter regarding application for a construction permit, would review in a concrete manner whether or not the matter meets the general plan for land construction and guide them to this end. Also, when technical tasks concerning the construction of plants or residential areas are raised it should, first of all, review whether or not they can be implemented on the principle of preventing pollution and building facilities that will preserve the environment in a concrete way, then, allow construction to be carried out.

The next question is the matter managing (protecting well). Farmland is an important means for production and a great asset for economic development

and the people's lives. Only when farmland management is carried out well can agricultural production be increased and the people's standard of living be improved constantly. Farmland is a precious property for making of our generation and generations to come flourish and prosper.

Protecting farmland is also important in its management. When we conduct this work well, we will not lose farmland and will effectively utilize it generation after generation. We should create many terraced fields, build dikes in needed places, plant weeping trees, make windbreaks on levees, and readjust ditches, thus preventing even an inch of farmland from being damaged or lost.

Actively improving farmland is also important in its management. Only when we actively carry out the work of improving farmland can we turn all paddy and dry fields into fertilized fields and constantly increase agricultural production. Farmland should be systematically improved by tilling the soil and applying crushed lime on the basis of ingredients of each piece of land.

We should fertilize dry land by putting much manure into it and by planting [word indistinct] crops on it.

Constantly increasing arable land is one of the important tasks in managing farmland. A reserve for increasing the production of grain lies with the expansion of the amount of arable land in our country where per-chongbo grain yield has reached a high level.

As put forth by the Sixth Party Congress, 300,000 chongbo of tideland should be reclaimed and 200,000 chongbo of new land should be found by vigorously waging the movement to reclaim tideland and find new land through an all-out mobilization of the entire party, country, and all the people.

Unnecessary levees and ditches around paddy and dry fields and fields full of stones should be removed and the amount of arable land should be expanded by powerfully conducting the work of land readjustment.

Thoroughly establishing the order of utilizing farmland is an important demand in protecting, managing, and making effective use of it. Only when the order of utilizing farmland is thoroughly established can the phenomenon of damaging or abusing it be removed and the national economy be managed well. We should prevent the phenomenon of leaving farmland unused or abusing it by thoroughly establishing the order of its utilization.

When one wants to use parcels of arable land as construction sites, he must obtain authorization for such a use of the land parcels and if and when the utility purpose becomes different from the original one, he must obtain another authorization even if one authorization has already been granted. Also, it must be seen to that people do not abandon whole parcels of arable land and leave them unused because they find the land unusable.

Next, the work of tree-planting and of preserving and managing the forest should be done well. The forest is one of the nation's valuable resources and a very

important means for the protection of the farmland. Only when tree-planting is done well and only when the forests are preserved and managed well, can we develop the economy, improve the living conditions of the people, protect the farm land, and beautify the land by endlessly increasing forest resources.

In a country like ours, which has a lot of mountains, it is especially important to do a good job of tree-planting and preserving and managing the forests. First of all, we must pay great attention to the work of tree-planting and create all kinds of forests, including timber forests, economic forests, protected forests, and ornamental forests--all with a view toward the future.

If we are to create forests well, we must set a plan for the creation of forests and do the work of tree-planting in accordance with the plan. We should correctly set a prospective plan for the creation of forests and an existing plan for the creation of forests in accordance with the purposes of forest preservation and kinds of trees to be planted as stipulated by the demands of the general plan for land building, and then create the forest based on such plans.

Giving priority to the production of seedlings is an important demand in the creation of the forests with a view toward the future. We must endlessly increase the production of seedlings and actively use even the self-grown seedlings by correctly establishing the system of gathering and growing seeds and by positively accepting the methods of growing seedlings in the forests, in between trees, and the advanced methods of growing seedlings.

In the work of creating the forests, it is imperative to observe the principles of planting trees in suitable place in a timely manner. For a tree to grow well, it must be provided with the proper weather and soil conditions for its biological characteristics. The work of creating forests should be done on the basis of concrete examination and analysis of the weather and soil conditions of the tree-planting location and in accordance with the characteristics of the districts and biological characteristics of the kinds of trees.

Making tree planting a mass movement participated in by all the people in the country has been a policy persistently maintained by our party in the work of creating forests. Since tree planting should be done collectively in vast areas within a short period of time, the work cannot be done well with only the forces of the forestry sectors; the entire population should be mobilized for the creation of many, many forests.

We must designate places of tree planting for institutes, enterprises, and cooperative organizations and see to it that they responsibly plant trees in those designated places.

In particular, we must see to it that LSWYK organizations and schools make positive efforts for the creation of LSWYK forests and Juvenile Corp forests and plant more trees. Also, we should see to it that people in the broad sectors actively participate in tree planting by doing a good job of

organization work on arbor day and during the month of tree planting. In this way, we should create forests of 2 million chongbo within a few years, in the near future.

The work of managing trees should be done well on top of the work of planting more trees. Tree planting will be meaningless, no matter how many may have been planted, if they are left to die through poor management. We should decisively raise the rate of surviving trees through good management of trees and should see to it that the trees grow well by planting many wild beans in between the trees so as to prevent weeds from growing there.

Preserving forests well is no less important than the work of creating forests. We should see to it that not even a single tree is harmed by paying great attention to the work of preserving forests. If we are to preserve the forests, we should take a thorough step to prevent brush fires. Once a brush fire erupts, the valuable forest resources that have grown for dozens of years can be lost instantly. We should see to it that people observe the dictates of order [word indistinct] when they go into the mountains and when people at cooperative farms make bonfires in fields and play games around them.

We should see to it that the system of surveillance for forest fires is established in an orderly way and that forest fires are thoroughly overseen. Also, we should set up a forest fire prevention belt, thereby preventing a forest fire from spreading further should one occur.

If the forests are to be preserved in good condition, we should see to it that no one cuts trees or cultivates forests without permission. If any agencies, enterprises, or cooperative organizations want to cut trees or cultivate forests, we should see to it that they get permission from the organs concerned.

It is also important to intensify the struggle against blight and harmful insects in the work of preserving forests. We should prevent harmful insects from spreading to forests by establishing a quarantine system and should detect blight and harmful insects on a timely basis and thoroughly exterminate them by stepping up (?surveillance) work.

We should map out a measure to comprehensively utilize the forestry resources in tandem with the work to create and preserve forests. We should do a good job in calculating the present situation and prospects for wood resources and should utilize them according to plans. At the same time, we should see to it that we effectively utilize raw materials for oil, feed, and medicines, such as pine nuts, wild walnuts, acorns, and medicinal herbs.

We should help make many profitable animals propagate by utilizing forests, thereby making the mountains teem with profitable animals such as deer, roe deer, pheasants, and woodpeckers.

It is necessary to correctly establish the order of utilization for forestry resources in order to comprehensively utilize those resources. The land management sector should survey and grasp all forestry resources as well as wood resources, should regularly (?check) the status of utilization of and change regarding forestry resources, and should organize and control, in a uniformed fashion, the work of utilizing forestry resources.

Next, it is necessary to do a good job in building and managing roads. Roads occupy an important position in developing the country's economy and providing accommodations for people's living. When we do a good job in building and maintaining roads, we can smoothly satisfy the increasing demand for transportation, accelerate economic construction, and provide better accommodations for the people's living.

Roads are the face of the country and one of the important symbols signifying the level of cultural development. The status of roads shows the level of development of a country and its cultural level. We should see to it that we establish the road network rationally by building many roads. We should build more expressways according to plans in conformity with the demands of the country's economic development and people's living. We should also complete the country's general road network by building necessary industrial roads, (?roads in fields, and roads in forests).

We should pay deep attention to endlessly improving the technical status of roads. When we endlessly improve the technical status of roads, we can increase the capabilities of vehicle transport and guarantee the safety and speediness of traffic.

It is necessary to ensure that all roads are of perfect style by broadening narrow roads, straightening winding roads, and leveling steep roads, while vigorously carrying out the work of technological (?improvement) of roads. At the same time, it is necessary to pave roads well and refurbish bridges so that heavy and bulky vehicles can cross. At present, we should pave all heavily-traveled roads and important arterial roads, including the road between (Sinanju) and Sinuiju and the road between Wonsan and Mount Kumgang. In order to successfully carry out the work of improving the technical status of roads, we should map out a state-level measure to provide modern road-building facilities, including road-paving machines, to the road building sector.

It is needed to regularly carry out the work of repairing and maintaining roads. If we just build roads but do not regularly repair and maintain them, we cannot see to it that the roads are maintained and kept durable and in good condition. It is necessary to allot shares for repairing roads to agencies, enterprises, and cooperative farms and make them regularly manage roads. Also, it is necessary to intensively mobilize the labor force and transport means during spring and autumn--the periods for work to put roads in good condition--and spread gravel and sand on roads. We should well maintain and manage (the roadbed and ditches) alongside roads in conformity with the demands of technical specifications, and plant fruit trees and profitable, beautiful, small trees, as well as lay turf along the roads.

Only by successfully carrying out riverine maintenance work can we prevent flood damage and protect the country's precious treasures, such as land, cities, villages, and plant life. In particular, under circumstance of heavy rain resulting from unusual weather conditions, it is very important to successfully carry out riverine maintenance work. The national territory maintenance sector should prevent rivers from overflowing by carrying out riverine maintenance work successfully.

The primary question in riverine maintenance work is to maintain rivers successfully. We should successfully maintain all rivers by extensively digging riverbeds, by correctly leading river streams, by building river banks, by planting willows along rivers, and by laying rocks and lawn cover. In particular, we should correctly maintain the Taedong and Chaeryong rivers with the construction of Wangpo lockgate so that we can prevent paddy fields along the rivers from being submerged in water.

We should correctly establish the work system for maintaining small- and medium-sized rivers in a planned manner. We should also take a correct measure to achieve this end on a state-wide scale.

We should extensively carry out erosion control work. The rising of riverbeds and the inundation of rivers are caused by landslides. In order to prevent flood damage, we should correctly carry out erosion control work. We should build banks to prevent landslides along the upper streams of rivers and along the steep slopes of river banks, build retaining walls, and plant trees so that we prevent soil and sand from drifting.

We should build and correctly maintain various facilities, such as banks and lockgates, along rivers. Only by building and correctly maintaining various facilities, such as banks and lockgates, along rivers can we prevent flood damage and increase the country's scenic beauty. In order to correctly control and utilize rivers, we should build more small- and medium-size banks and lockgates. For the time being, we should concentrate on lockgates that are being built on the Taedong river; we should quickly complete the construction of these lockgates.

We should correctly maintain beaches and coastal areas. There are large quantities of various maritime and underground resources in the coastal areas in our country. If we correctly exploit resources in coastal areas and seas, we can rapidly develop the country's economy and greatly improve the people's standard of living. We should maintain and make the fatherland's coastal areas much more beautiful and clean by correctly carrying out the controlling coastal areas and seas so that we can keep the seas well-stocked with fish. We should, first of all, correctly maintain beaches. We should maintain beaches in such a manner as to protect them from damage by waste water from plants and cities and tidal waves, in order to exploit maritime resources and defend the country. We should firmly build various fishing protection facilities, such as dams, along the beaches. We should also establish forests, as a wind breaker, along the beaches, with a view to the future.

Along with successfully maintaining the beaches, we should correctly protect and exploit maritime resources and resources under seabeds. We should take measures to protect fish that are designated by the government for special protection, fish that remain in a particular area, and newly-hatched fish, and stop catching fish with fishing gear whose use is prohibited and with explosives.

We should take measures to exploit resources under seabeds, with a view to the future.

In order to improve and strengthen the maintenance of the national territory, we should strengthen supervision and control of the maintenance of the national territory. Under circumstances in socialist society in which there remain the remnants of bourgeois ideologies in the minds of people and in which all people have not been remolded into communists who value and love the national territory and resources as their own, we cannot successfully carry out the work of maintaining the national territory with ideological indoctrination alone.

In order to carry out the work of maintaining the national territory successfully, we should strengthen supervisory and control work among workers, along with carrying out ideological indoctrination work. Only by strengthening supervision and control over the management of the national territory and take measures to reveal illegal acts in a timely manner.

In order to strengthen supervision and control over the management of the national territory, we should declare, improve, and complete laws and regulations for this sector. Laws and regulations on the management of the national territory are basic means for supervision and control over management of the national territory. Without improving the completion of laws and regulations on the management of the national territory to meet the requirements of the development of the situation, we cannot have a correct standard of supervision and control nor can we establish firm discipline and order in the management of the national territory. We should comprehensively review laws and regulations on the management of the national territory and make these laws and regulations much more complete by rescinding and correcting those which are out-dated and formulating those that are needed.

We should exert supervision and control over the management of the national territory by means of various forms and methods. By increasing the role of inspection and supervisory agencies, we should correctly review and supervise the state of observation and implementation of laws and regulations on the management of the national territory. We should prevent the trend of relaxation of laws and regulations by strengthening the system of licensing, legislation, and supervision.

The trend of relaxing laws and regulations on the management of the national territory should be controlled sternly.

Developing strikes and pickets in the sector of the management of the national territory is one of the important methods to improve the management of

the national territory. Without developing science and technology, we cannot continuously improve the management of the national territory to meet the requirements of the work of making the people's economy chuche-oriented, modern, and self-sufficient. Functionaries in the sector of the management of the national territory should correctly realize the significance of the development of science and technology in improving and strengthening the management of the national territory and should concentrate on developing science and technology.

We should strengthen research work for the national territory and for the management of resources. It is important to strengthen research work in forestry science and research work regarding the national territory and the management of resources. Natural science research agencies should closely link their work with the national territory. Without developing science and technology, we cannot continuously improve the management of the national territory to meet the requirements of the work of making the people's economy chuche-oriented, modern, and self-sufficient. Functionaries in the sector of the management of the national territory should correctly realize the significance of the development of science and technology in improving and strengthening the management of the national territory and should concentrate on developing science and technology.

We should strengthen research work for the national territory and for the management of resources. It is important to strengthen research work in forestry science and research work regarding the national territory and the management of resources. Natural science research agencies should closely study forestry and technological questions concerning the varieties of trees and the formation, protection, and management of forests. We should promote forestry research involving application of the results of modern science and technology, such as electronic computers, airplanes, and rockets, to plans for forestry surveying and the management of forests. We should quickly raise forestry science and forestry technology to a world level.

We should strengthen study on the construction of roads, bridges, and rivers. The construction of roads, bridges, and rivers is aimed at strengthening the national economy. In the future, we should build them in such a way that they will be superior to those in the distant future.

The forestry construction research sectors should strengthen their work on creating forms, methods, and materials well suited to the national conditions of our country and the taste of our people.

We should strengthen the research work regarding protecting our natural resources, including the air and water. Only by successfully carrying out measures to protect the natural environment, including the air and water, can we protect the people's health and provide them with much more healthful and comfortable living conditions. We should take correct scientific measures to protect the air and water in major cities and industrial areas and to protect the environment.

Along with the work of strengthening scientific research work, we should vigorously carry out a mass technical innovation movement. The sector of management of the national territory should correctly set the goal and stage of technical innovation to meet the characteristics of various sectors, should help scientists, technicians, and workers positively participate in the technical innovation movement, and should help them develop good experiences, creative ideas, and new discoveries by extensively organizing among them technical apprenticeship training sessions, technical innovation seminars, and presentations of experiences.

Successfully carrying out planning work is an important requirement for improving and strengthening the management of the national territory. The sector of management of the national territory should concentrate on planning work and decisively improve this work. We should thoroughly guarantee the scientific and practical nature of planning by making planning uniform and systematic, by increasing the abilities of planning workers, and by positively adopting advanced planning methods.

In order to improve and strengthen management of the national territory, the sector of management of the national territory should successfully carry out the work of managing and operating enterprises. The management of the national territory is difficult and complicated work that requires great quantities of equipment, materials, funds, and labor manpower, and that is indispensable to society to a great extent. Without successfully carrying out the work of managing and operating enterprises, the sector of management of the national territory cannot carry out management activities in a rational manner nor can it correctly implement the party's policy for management of the national territory.

The important thing in improving the management of enterprises is to successfully carry out economic organizational work in accordance with the requirements of the four work systems. By correctly carrying out the work of formulating plans and by strengthening technical guidance, the sector of management of the national territory should carry out the work of economic guidance and management of enterprises in accordance with socialist economic principles and enterprises that conform with socialist economic rules and with modern and technical requirements. By successfully carrying out the work of equipment maintenance and material, financial, and labor management, it should utilize equipment to the maximum, prevent waste of raw materials and funds, and utilize labor manpower effectively.

The correct implementation of the independent accounting system by the sector of management of the national territory is one of the important questions in improving the work of managing enterprises. The independent accounting system is a superior method of economic management that suits the transitional nature of socialist society. Only by correctly implementing the independent accounting system can we centralize economic management in a rational manner by increasing, unifying the interests of the government with that of the production workers and by having workers display their revolutionary zeal and creative positivity to the maximum.

In order to correctly implement the independent accounting system, we must first correctly formulate regulations and detailed rules. Without regulations and detailed rules that exist in the various sectors, we will dampen workers' zeal for production. Deviations in economic management. The sector of the national territory should comprehensively review the existing regulations and detailed rules, if necessary, it should formulate regulations and detailed rules, if necessary.

In order to revive and strengthen management of the national territory, we should further increase the role of government agencies. The national territory is one of the important basic agencies. As a master who is in charge of all affairs, government agencies should uniformly grasp the management of the national territory and carry out this work as the work of the

we should carry out the work of managing the national territory. Without mobilizing the broad strata of the people to carry out the work of managing the national territory, the work of managing the national territory is vast, and because this work requires

lowering rights of various levels should make them (1) in the land management work by making them (2) importance and significance of the work. (3) of the society in managing land and resources, (4) and enterprises, and make them manage land and

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burdened with a heavy responsibility for protecting land resources, the land management sector functionaries must be the party and more patriotic, and more faithful to the party than anyone else.

Party organizations should consolidate the ranks of land management functionaries as ranks of able persons among whom the political system is firmly established, and who are enthusiastic about the revolution, who are faithful to the party, and who are technologically and administratively.

What is also important in party guidance over land management is to intensify ideological indoctrination work for the land management working people. The party organizations should intensify ideological indoctrination about loyalty, indoctrination about emulating the unsung heroes, indoctrination about emulating the unsung heroes, and indoctrination about emulating the unsung heroes. The party members and working people in the land management sector, making them carry out the work assigned to them, with endless loyalty to the party and the leader, with endless loyalty to the fatherland and the people, and with self-reliance and arduous struggle.

Intensifying the (grasp and) control work of land management is one of important tasks in party guidance. The party organizations should regularly acquaint themselves with and grasp the status of the process of party policy concerning land management, the deviations, and solve relevant problems on a timely basis, so that that policy is implemented to the end.

Today, the party's expectations of the land management sector are very great. The party is guiding the land management sector functionaries, while leaving the work of land management and resources in their charge. The successful land management largely depends upon how the land management sector functionaries carry out their work. I firmly believe that all party members and working people in the land management sector will effect a new turn in land management by thoroughly implementing the party's line on land management and loyalty to the party.

N. KOREA/ECONOMY

DAILY ON STRENGTHENING PARTY ECONOMIC GUIDANCE

SK251130 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1023 GMT 25 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 25 Dec (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today in an article titled "Strengthening Party Guidance of Socialist Economic Construction" says that the reality today when socialist construction is being powerfully accelerated by the revolutionary enthusiasm and creative wisdom of the masses is a precious fruition of the outstanding leadership of the party centre over the revolution and construction.

Recalling that dear Comrade Kim Chong-il published on 25 December 1978, a work on bringing out a new turn in socialist construction by enhancing the militant capacity of the party, the article says:

The work, on the basis of principle, gives a profound exposition of the necessity of strengthening party guidance of administrative and economic work and its essence, ways of organising and mobilising the broad masses in the implementation of the party's economic policy, problems [word indistinct] in heightening the party's militant capacity, etc. the idea and theory clarified in the work serve as a compass to further strengthen and develop the party into a [words indistinct] of *chuche* and successfully accelerate the socialist economic construction.

It is an important problem arising in implementing the party's economic policy to guarantee economic work by political method.

The party guidance of economic work is a political guidance and a policy-oriented guidance.

The party's guidance of the administrative and economic work is well ensured in our country under the wise guidance of the party and the leader. The party political work and economic organisation are closely combined with each other and all work is conducted under correctly combined collective guidance of the party committee and unified command. The administrative and economic officials, under the guidance of party organisations, carry out their revolutionary tasks in responsible manner with the attitudes of the master, thus bringing great successes in socialist economic construction.

The article underlines important problems arising in implementing the economic policy of the Workers' Party of Korea at present.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/ECONOMY

KCNA ON SINUIJU SHOE-MAKING FACTORY

SK261525 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1504 GMT 26 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 26 Dec (KCNA)--Gross industrial output value grew 239 times and the variety of products 265 times.

These figures are data showing the level of development reached by the Sinuiju Shoe-making Factory over the last 36 years.

The factory is located in Sinuiju, a northwestern border city of Korea.

The factory which started the production with a roll and two calenders and more than 100 workers in 1948 has rapidly developed under the wise guidance of the great leader President Kim Il-song.

When President Kim Il-song visited the factory in April 1956, he acquainted himself with the actual conditions of the factory and the lives of workers and taught that the factory should be equipped with better machines to produce large quantities of good-quality shoes.

The workers and technicians encouraged by his on-the-spot guidance raised the annual shoe-making capacity of the factory to the level of 7,700,000 pairs of shoes in a year or so.

In July 1965 President Kim Il-song called managerial workers of the factory and indicated again the ways of establishing chuche in the shoe-making and of raising the quality of products.

The Sinuiju Shoe-making Factory has turned into a large-scale shoe production centre thanks to President Kim Il-song's repeated on-the-spot guidance, his teachings scores of times and continued solicitude.

The factory has five branch factories, a vinyl shop, press shop, boots shop and 10 other shops.

The factory whose overall production processes are mechanised and automated turns out a year more than ten millions of pair of various high-quality and well-shaped shoes to suit occupation, age and sex of people and seasons.

Sports shoes and basketball shoes produced by the factory are exported to many countries.

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

DPRK-USSR ARTISTS MEETING HELD IN PYONGYANG

SK220357 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0340 GMT 22 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 22 Dec (KCNA)--A friendship meeting of artists of Korea and the Soviet State Russian Ural People's Chorus was held on 21 December at the People's Palace of Culture.

Present there together with them were Minister of Communications Kim Yang-chic, chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean-Soviet Friendship Society, Vice-minister of Culture and Art Chang Chol, and Soviet ambassador to our country N.M. Shubnikov.

The Soviet artists expressed boundless thanks and reverence for the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song for inviting the chorus to visit Korea, seeing their performance and posing for a photograph with them.

The Korean artists warmly congratulated the Soviet State Russian Ural People's Chorus upon its successful performance in our country.

Speeches were exchanged at the meeting.

The artists of the two countries had colourful sports amusements, sang and danced, deepening sentiments of friendship.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

AGRICULTURAL PEOPLE'S ART CIRCLE'S FESTIVAL ENDS

SK270353 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0338 GMT 27 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 27 Dec (KCNA)--The National Festival of Agricultural Working People's Art Circles which has been under way since 14 December closed with success.

The festival was participated in by a large number of art circle members of agricultural working people selected from all provinces. They put on stage numbers based on the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the Workers' Party of Korea, those based on revolutionary and class education and national reunification, those depicting the worthwhile struggle of agricultural working people to implement the party's agricultural policy and pieces representing the great happiness and pride of the agricultural working people who have nothing more to desire in the socialist cultured rural villages.

The programs were acclaimed by the audience for representing the greatness, wise leadership and noble communist virtues of the great leader President Kim Il-sung and dear Comrade Kim Chong-il who are showing profound love and solicitude for the people and leading the agricultural working people to thoroughly apply the Juche method of farming.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

FILM ON KIM IL-SONG VIEWED IN JAPAN

SK230852 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0838 GMT 23 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 23 Dec (KCNA)--The documentary film on the official goodwill visit of the great leader President Kim Il-song to the Soviet Union and European socialist countries were screened in Tachigawa, Tokyo, on 7 December and Suita, Osaka prefecture, Japan, on 30 November, according to a KKS report.

The documentary film evoked widespread repercussions among Japanese people.

Noboru Ishino, general secretary of the Santama District Council of Trade Unions, said:

In the film I saw with joy President Kim Il-song conducting energetic activities in very good health. The welcome he enjoyed everywhere he went is an earnest and enthusiastic one.

The Korean people are happy indeed to hold President Kim Il-song and Comrade Kim Chong-il in high esteem. The recent foreign tour of President Kim Il-song is displaying a great vitality in the development of the world situation.

Hiroshi Tsunematsu, former socialist member of the Tachigawa City assembly, said:

I could not repress emotion while seeing President Kim Il-song conducting energetic activities in good health.

The visit of President Kim Il-song to the Soviet Union and European socialist countries carried great significance.

Tatsuo Honda, chairman of the Kokubun-cho Assembly, Akishima City, Tokyo Metropolis, said:

Seeing the film, I firmly realized that President Kim Il-song is not only the leader of the Korean people but also the great leader of the world people.

Now the attention of the world is focussed on Korea, and Korea will surely be reunified under the wise leadership of President Kim Il-song.

A teacher surnamed Maeta residing in Suita City, Osaka, said:

I saw for the first time such an enthusiastic welcome accorded to the head of state of a country.

Indeed, President Kim Il-song is the leader recognized by the world revolution.

[Name indistinct], residing in Suita, Osaka, said that seeing the film, he keenly realised what a high international authority President Kim Il-song enjoys.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

KCNA ON KIM CHONG-IL'S GUIDANCE OF CIRCUS ART

SK241528 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1508 GMT 24 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 24 Dec (KCNA)--The aerial stunt "Aerial Flight on the Swing" performed by acrobats of the Pyongyang Circus, who won a title at the 9th World Circus Championships held in England in November carried off a gold statuette, the highest prize at the 10th Monaco International Circus Festival held over 6-10 December.

At the 8th World Circus Championships held in England in November 1983 Korean acrobats made their debut with the "Aerial Flight on the Swing" and "Seesawing" to win a world title in the two events.

The Pyongyang Circus is over 30 years old.

In June 1952 when the hard-fought Fatherland Liberation War was still at its height, the great leader President Kim Il-sung personally founded the circus with nearly 200 acrobats and indicated the road to be followed by the circus in each period and each stage of the developing revolution.

In particular, Korean Circus greeted in a great heyday in the 1970s under the wise guidance of dear Comrade Kim Chong-il. Basing himself on a deep grasp of theoretical and practical problems arising in the acrobatic creation, he illumined a bright road for the achievement of the chuche-oriented national circus art.

He gave a new exposition of theoretical and practical problems arising in the acrobatic creation, the problem of correctly combining socialist content with national form, the problem of educating people ideologically and emotionally, physically and culturally, playing excellent and popular pieces of music in circus and other problems.

The principle and method of creation of chuche-based national circus art clarified by dear Comrade Kim Chong-il and his deep love shown for acrobats marked a new turn in the development of circus art.

Acrobats of the Pyongyang Circus produced many acrobatic works including the "Aerial Flight on the Swing", "Seesawing", "Rope Dancing" and "Cylinder Rolling" which are of high ideological and artistic value and require refined technical movement and magician tricks including "silk falls like waterfalls."

The Pyongyang Circus has participated in many circus festivals, won world championships and made a performance tour of more than 40 countries to win high acclaim of circus experts and lovers.

People's actor Kim Taek-song who came 11th in the 19th International Modern Jugglery Festivals since 1977 and other acrobats won the title of "World Jugglery King" and "World Jugglery Queen" at the 19th International Modern Jugglery Festival held in July 1981.

Korean Circus has a bright prospect for development.

Over the past ten years and more a large number of circus acrobats have grown up under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Chong-nam.

People's actor Choe Pok-nam, merited actor Kim Chong-nam, merited actor Hyeon-uk and actor Sin Pok-sun, Kim Chong-nam who performed the "Aerial Flight on the Swing" to win a world title this time at the World Jugglery Championships. And the highest prize at the International Circus Festival and merited actor Kim Chol (Son of people's actor Kim Taek-song who won the title of "World Jugglery King") who carried off the first prize "Grand" and first jumbo cup at the 19th International Modern Jugglery Festival are the famous circus acrobats.

CSO: 4100/100

PYONGYANG CIRCUS, ORCHESTRA TOUR THAILAND

SK250933 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0802 GMT 25 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 25 Dec (KCNA)--The State Pyongyang Circus and the Pyongyang Children's Instrumental Orchestra gave successful performances in Bangkok and local cities from 16 October to 17 December.

The chairman of the receiving committee said in his speech at the opening ceremony:

The great leader of the Korean people His Excellency President Kim Il-song and the dear leader His Excellency Kim Chong-il have shown particular solicitude by sending world's famous state Pyongyang Circus and Pyongyang Children's Instrumental Orchestra to Thailand.

We all express from the bottom of our hearts deep thanks to the great leader of the Korean people His Excellency President Kim Il-song and the dear leader His Excellency Kim Chong-il.

The performances were watched by the first deputy prime minister and several other deputy prime ministers, Prince Vajiralongkorn and his family, the foreign minister and other ministers, leading officials of the government, and foreign diplomats in Thailand.

The performances given by the State Pyongyang Circus and the Pyongyang Children's Instrumental Orchestra were applauded by the audience for their high ideological and artistic value and refined skill.

The audience said with admiration: Korea is a land of miracle that creates world's famous acrobatic pieces. What a wonderful talent Korean children have. It is the best performance in the world.

Thai Prime Minister Prem Tinsulanonda had this to say:

The State Pyongyang Circus and the Pyongyang Children's Instrumental Orchestra are doing a great deal for friendship between Korea and Thailand. Their show is greatly helpful to the education of the rising generation in Thailand.

That is why I express deep thanks in the name of the Thai Government and people to your government and the Korean people for sending such a good circus and Children's Instrumental Orchestra to Thailand.

When he met leading members of the circus and the orchestra, the first deputy prime minister of Thailand inquired after the health of President Kim Il-sung and expressed his sincere, deep thanks to the great leader His Excellency President Kim Il-sung and the dear leader His Excellency Kim Chong-il for sending excellent art troupes to Thailand.

Kirangsak Chamansak, leader of the National Democratic Party of Thailand and ex-prime minister, said:

The respected leader His Excellency President Kim Il-sung is a great man who enjoys deep respect from politicians and people the world over.

I have respected him at all times, when I was prime minister and now.

Please convey, back home, my best wishes for good health and long life to the great leader His Excellency President Kim Il-sung.

CSO: 5100/100

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

KPA SONG DANCE ENSEMBLE CONTINUES USSR VISIT

SE250929 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0814 GMT 23 Dec 84

[Text] Moscow, 23 Dec (KCNA)--The song and dance ensemble of the Korean People's Army successfully wound up its performance tour of Minsk amid acclamation of the audience.

It gave performances before capacity audiences in the soldiers hall of the Byelorussian Military District over 20-21 December.

The first-day show was seen by G.G. Bartochovich, second secretary of the Central Committee of the Byelorussian Communist Party, the commander of the Byelorussian Military District and leading officials concerned and thousands of people.

The Korean artistes put on stage such numbers as choruses, Kavgun chorus with a solo and Soviet songs to be warmly acclaimed by the audience for their refined skill.

Earlier, the ensemble performed three times to a full house in the Kirov Palace of Culture in Leningrad over 16-17 December.

The ensemble returned to Moscow on 21 December after its local performance tour.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KCNA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

SOVIET PERFORMING GROUP ENDS TOUR; EMBASSY HOLDS PARTY

SK260355 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0134 GMT 26 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 26 Dec (KCNA)--Soviet ambassador to Korea N.M. Shubnikov hosted a cocktail party at his embassy in the evening of 25 December upon the conclusion of the Soviet State Russian Ural People's Chorus's performance tour of Korea.

Invited to the cocktail party were Kim Yong-chae, minister of communications and chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean-Soviet Friendship Society, Chang Chol, vice-minister of culture and art, Choe Yong-hwa, first vice-chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Unions of Literature and Art, Yi Tuk-yop, vice-chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal People's Committee, O Kil-pang, vice-chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean-Soviet Friendship Society, personages concerned, and artists in the city.

N.M. Shubnikov and Chang Chol made speeches.

The attendants toasted the indestructible friendship and solidarity between the peoples and men of literature and art of Korea and the Soviet Union, the good health and long life of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-sung and the good health and long life of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il and the good health and long life of respected Comrade Yonatanin Estimovich Chernenko.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

PHOTO. FILM SHOW MARKS CUBAN REVOLUTION

SK270407 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0354 GMT 27 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 27 Dec (KCNA)--A photo exhibition and film show were held at the Chollima House of Culture on 26 December on the 26th anniversary of the victory in the Cuban revolution.

Invited there were Cuban ambassador to Korea Ricardo Danza Sigas and his embassy officials.

On hand were vice-chairman of the Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries and vice-chairman of the Korea-Cuba Solidarity Committee Han Ik-su, personages concerned and working people in the city.

The attendants saw the photographs showing the successes achieved by the Cuban people in the socialist revolution and construction under the leadership of the Cuban Communist Party following the triumph of the revolution and appreciated a Cuban film.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/MEDIA AND THE ARTS

BANQUET GIVEN FOR CHONGNYON OPEPA TROUPE

SK280917 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0811 GMT 28 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 28 Dec (KCNA)--The administration council hosted a banquet last evening at Ongnyu Restaurant in honor of the Kungangsan Opera Troupe of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) headed by its chief No Un-san on a visit to the socialist homeland.

In his speech Vice-minister of Culture and Art Chang Chol touched upon the proud successes achieved by the opera troupe through its brisk creative activities and art performances in response to the chuche-oriented idea of the leader leader Marshal Kim Il-song on literature and art and the original policy of the glorious party centre on literature and art.

I firmly believe the opera troupe visiting the socialist homeland with intense loyalty to Marshal Kim Il-song and the glorious party centre will achieve greater success in its future performances, he said.

Speaking at the banquet No Un-san said:

I extend my highest glory and most heartfelt thanks to the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il for showing profound love and solicitude for the Korean compatriots in Japan always paying attention to them despite the pressure of time for wisely leading the Korean revolution and the world revolution, and giving our troupe an opportunity to revisit the homeland.

We will meet the 30th anniversary of the formation of Chongnyon with a high degree of political enthusiasm and brilliant labor successes and carry out more briskly creative activities and performances in step with the vigorous struggle of the people in the homeland to implement the decisions of the 10th plenary meeting of the Sixth Party Central Committee.

The attendants toasted the good health and long life of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the good health and long life of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

CSO: 4100/100

BRIEFS

FILM SHOW FOR FOREIGN DIPLOMATS--Pyongyang, 21 Dec (KCNA)--The Foreign Ministry arranged a film show on December 20 at the People's Palace of Culture for diplomatic envoys and embassy officials of the Soviet Union and European socialist countries which the great leader President Kim Il-song visited. Attending there were diplomatic envoys and embassy officials of the Soviet Union and European socialist countries in Pyongyang, Yo Chong-mok, first vice-minister of foreign affairs, and other personages concerned. The attendants saw the feature film "The Way Too Far." [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2307 GMT 20 Dec 84 SK]

PRESIDENT'S FOREIGN TRIP FILM--Pyongyang, 21 Dec (KCNA)--The Korean films "Yugoslav Visit of the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il-song Leading a Party and State Delegation" and "Pyongyang Today" were screened in Subotica commune, Vojvodina Autonomous Province, Yugoslavia, on December 14. After seeing the films, the chairman of the Assembly of Subotica commune said: The Yugoslav people cherish deep respect and reverence for the great Comrade President Kim Il-song who has provided friendly relations between Yugoslavia and Korea. It was a pride of our commune and happiness for all of us that we all greeted and warmly welcome in Subotica in June this year respected Comrade President Kim Il-song whom all of us deeply revere. The great Comrade President Kim Il-song met our ordinary personnel unceremoniously at the rest room of Subotica railway station and gave warm and inspiring words to them. We will remember forever the day which seethed with boundless emotion and happiness. The Korean films "35th Anniversary of the Founding of the DPRK" and "Korean Visit of the Party and Government Delegation of the Republic of Malta" were screened at the Malta-Korea Friendship Association on November 23. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0801 GMT 21 Dec 84 SK]

KPA GROUP RETURNS FROM USSR VISIT--Pyongyang, 26 Dec (KCNA)--The song and dance ensemble of the Korean People's Army flew back home Tuesday from the Soviet Union. It was met at the airport by Vice-minister of Culture and Art Chang Chol, KPA Lt. Gen. Yun Chi-ho and artists. Soviet ambassador to Korea N.M. Shubnikov and his embassy officials were also present at the airport. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0343 GMT 26 Dec 84 SK]

CHORUS LEAVES FOR HOME--Pyongyang, 28 Dec (KCNA)--The Soviet State Russian Ural People's Chorus which had visited Korea upon the invitation of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song flew home Thursday. Many artists in Pyongyang warmly saw off the friendly art mission of the Soviet people leaving for home at the end of their successful performance. The chorus was seen off at the airport by Chang Chol, vice-minister of culture and art, Choe Yong-hwa, first vice-chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of the Unions of Literature and Art, Yi Tuk-yop, vice-chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal People's Committee, O Kil-pang, vice-chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean-Soviet Friendship Society, and other personages concerned. The Soviet ambassador to Korea N.M. Shubnikov and his embassy officials farewelled the chorus. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0009 GMT 28 Dec 84 SK]

CSO: 4100/100

N.KOREA/SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

BRIEFS

STUDENTS' SCIENTIFIC STUDY DISCUSSION--Pyongyang, 21 Dec (KCNA)--A national general meeting of students for publishing results of scientific study closed in Pyongyang on December 20. Papers which were highly appraised at the national meeting of students for publishing the results of scientific study on December 19 were read out at the general meeting by students of the faculty of industrial management of Kim Chaek University, the faculty of industrial management of Kim Chaek University of Technology, the faculty of foodstuff industry of the University of Light Industry, the faculty of chemistry of the University of Science and the faculty of irrigation of the Hamhung University of Hydraulics. The papers drew the attention of the attendants as they solved scientific and technical problems helpful to the chuche-orientation, modernization and scientization of the national economy. The meeting marked a good occasion in preparing students better as scientists and technicians who would make a positive contribution to carrying out the cause of modelling the whole of society on the chuche idea. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0331 GMT 21 Dec 84 SK]

CSO: 4100/090

N.KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

KIM RECEIVES LETTERS FROM CHONGNYON MEMBERS

SK191017 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1001 GMT 19 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 19 Dec (KCNA)--The great leader Marshal Kim Il-song received letters from a meeting held for conveying honorary titles, orders and medals of the DPRK which were awarded to educational personnel of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGNYON), a meeting celebrating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Association of Korean Journalists and Publishers in Japan and the 24th general meeting of stockholders of the Tonghae Trading Company, Ltd.

A letter from the meeting for conveying honorary titles, orders and medals of the DPRK which were conferred upon educational workers of CHONGNYON said:

Educational workers of CHONGNYON had the boundless honor of being awarded honorary titles, orders and medals of the DPRK. This is a clear expression of deep love and solicitude of Marshal Kim Il-song who leads them to the end along the road of the sacred struggle for the strengthening and development of the movement of the Koreans in Japan and the work of democratic national education of CHONGNYON.

A letter from the meeting celebrating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Association of Korean Journalists and Publishers in Japan expressed a determination of officials, journalists and editors who are embraced in the association to positively contribute to modelling CHONGNYON on the *chuche* idea by further strengthening the press work with main emphasis on the propaganda of the *chuche* idea of the great leader.

All the letters sincerely wished the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song good health and a long life.

CSO: 4100/090

N.KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

CHONGNYON SENDS LETTER TO UN GENERAL SECRETARY

SK270452 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0700 GMT 26 Dec 84

[Text] CHONGNYON and its 17 umbrella organizations, such as the Committee of Korean Residents in Japan for Protection of Peace, the League of Korean Youth in Japan, the League of Korean Democratic Women in Japan, the Federation of Korean Traders and Industrialists in Japan, the Association of Korean Journalists and Publishers in Japan, and the Korean Unification Comrades Society in Japan, sent a jointly-written letter to Javier Peres de Cuellar, the UN general secretary, on 24 December. Because of the U.S. obstructionist maneuvers, the CHONGNYON delegation could not go to the UN with the signatures collected through a campaign to collect signatures from 5 million people conducted by the Korean residents in Japan to oppose the U.S. imperialist maneuvers to provoke a nuclear war, and to support the republic's proposal for tripartite talks.

This letter recalled that, amid deep concern and support at home and abroad, all the Korean residents in Japan had collected signatures from some 6.47 million people, by far surpassing the campaign goal, while vigorously conducting, beginning last March, a campaign to collect signatures from 5 million people to oppose the U.S. imperialist maneuvers to provoke a nuclear war, and to support the republic's proposal for tripartite talks.

While denouncing the U.S. imperialists for causing the situation to be extremely strained by deploying numerous nuclear weapons and continuously stationing the forces of aggression in South Korea, the letter said:

As long as the outside forces armed with nuclear weapons are stationed in South Korea, threatening the peace and security of the Korean peninsula, the peace and security of Northeast Asia and the world cannot be guaranteed. For that very reason, the peace-loving people of the world raise their voices supporting our people's struggle to remove the danger of a nuclear war, to maintain peace on the Korean peninsula, and to achieve peaceful reunification of Korea.

Noting that it is hoped the Korean problem will be solved peacefully by the Korean people themselves without interference by outside forces, the letter emphasized that this [method] wholly corresponds to the UN Charter.

The letter urged the United Nations to take a deep interest in the Korean people's struggle to guarantee stable peace on the Korean peninsula and develop an advantageous condition for the peaceful reunification of the fatherland, and to make efforts to realize the republic's proposal for tri-partite talks.

CSO: 4110/052

N.KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

PYONGYANG RADIO REPORTS DEATH OF USSR'S USTINOV

SK220603 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0500 GMT 22 Dec 84

[Text] Comrade Dmitriy Fedorovich Ustinov, the Soviet defense minister, has died.

According to a TASS report, Comrade Dmitriy Fedorovich Ustinov, the renowned activists of the CPSU and the Soviet state, member of the CPSU Central Committee Politburo, the Soviet defense minister, and a Soviet marshal, died of a serious illness on 20 December at the age of 77.

On 21 December, the CPSU Central Committee, the Supreme Soviet Presidium of the USSR, and the USSR Council of Ministers issued an obituary on the occasion of his death.

According to the obituary, Comrade Dmitriy Fedorovich Ustinov was born in a worker's home in (Kunivishev) City in 1908. He voluntarily entered the Red Army in 1922 and became a Communist Party member in 1927. In June 1941, Comrade Dmitriy Fedorovich Ustinov was appointed a commissar of the Soviet defense industry. During the Great Fatherland War days, he guided the work of developing weapons and producing them in large quantity, thereby greatly contributing to the work of vanquishing Hitlerite fascism and Japanese militarism.

From 1946 to 1957, Comrade Dmitriy Fedorovich Ustinov worked as the minister of the USSR Defense Industry Ministry, then as a deputy chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, and as the first deputy chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers and concurrently chairman of the Supreme Soviet of the Soviet people's economy [as heard].

In 1965, he was elected secretary of the CPSU Central Committee. In April 1976, Comrade Dmitriy Fedorovich Ustinov was appointed Soviet minister of defense. While in this post, he accomplished the party policy of increasing the defense capabilities of the Soviet state and greatly contributed to strengthening the combat preparedness posture of the Soviet Army and to training and indoctrinating Soviet soldiers.

Because of his great exploits for the party and state, he was awarded many station citations, including the Soviet hero title, the double Hero of Socialist Labor title, and 11 Lenin medals. He was awarded high citations from many countries.

The Soviet party and state guiding cadres, including Comrade Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko, general secretary of the CPSU Central Committee and chairman of the Supreme Soviet Presidium of the USSR, signed the obituary.

The government funeral organizing committee for Comrade Dmitriy Federovich Ustinovich has been formed. His remains will be placed at the wall of Kremlin in Red Square.

CSO: 4110/052

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

BURKINA FASO GROUP CONDEMNS U.S. FOR PANMUNJOM INCIDENT

Solidarity Message

SK300852 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0847 GMT 30 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 30 Dec (KCNA)--A solidarity message has come to the Korea-Burkina Friendship Association from the Burkina Association for Friendship and Solidarity with the Korean people denouncing the U.S. imperialist aggressors for having killed guards of the DPRK side of the conference room district in Panmunjom.

The message says:

Our association calls on the American people to denounce the manoeuvrings of U.S. imperialism and strongly demand the withdrawal of the U.S. aggression forces from South Korea.

We demand that the American people join in the struggle of the world's progressive people for peace to avert a thermo-nuclear war which would plunge mankind and nature into hideous calamities.

Our association bitterly denounces the U.S. troops entrenched in South Korea for having committed a brutal murder in the conference room district in Panmunjom.

DPRK Envoy Met

SK311015 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1009 GMT 31 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 31 Dec (KCNA)--Thomas Sankara, chairman of the National Revolutionary Council and head of state of Burkina Faso, met Korean ambassador to his country Yi Tae-kyun on 22 December.

The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of President Kim Il-song and Comrade Kim Chong-il to Thomas Sankara.

The head of state expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey his wholehearted greetings to President Kim Il-song and Comrade Kim Chong-il.

Saying that the Burkina Faso people are always with the Korean people, he expressed full support to the policy of national reunification advanced by the great leader comrade President Kim Il-song and the Korean people's struggle to reunify the country.

I and the Burkina Faso people, he stressed, heartily wish good health and a long life to the great leader comrade President Kim Il-song and dear Comrade Kim Chong-il.

The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

CSO: 4100/100

N.KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KIM IL-SONG RECEIVES REPLY FROM CHERNENKO

SK142359 Pyongyang Domestic Service in Korean 0800 CMT 7 Dec 84

[Text] The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the WPK Central Committee and president of the DPRK, received a reply from the CPSU Central Committee and the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet to his message of greetings sent to Comrade Konstantin Ustinovich Chernenko, general secretary of the CPSU Central Committee and chairman of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet, on the occasion of the 67th anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution.

The reply message is as follows:

Pyongyang

Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the WPK Central Committee and president of the DPRK:

The CPSU Central Committee and the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet express sincere thanks for your congratulations on the occasion of the 67th anniversary of the Great October Socialist Revolution. We firmly believe that the traditional friendship and cooperative relations between our two countries, two parties, and two peoples, which are based on the principle of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, will expand and deepen in the future, too, in accordance with the agreement reached at the summit talks held in May 1984 in Moscow.

We wish you and all the workers of the DPRK greater success in socialist construction and in the struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea. The CPSU Central Committee, the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet
30 November 1984, Kremlin, Moscow.

CSO: 4110/049

N.KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

SOVIET ENVOY DISCUSSES USSR ECONOMIC PLAN

SK200348 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0333 GMT 20 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 20 Dec (KCNA)--Soviet Ambassador to Korea N.M. Shubnikov arranged a press conference at his embassy on December 19.

Present there were newspaper, news agency and radio reporters in Pyongyang and press officials of foreign embassies here.

At the press conference Ambassador N.M. Shubnikov introduced review of the socio-economic development for 1984 and the national economic plan for 1985 in the Soviet Union.

He said this year's plan has been successfully fulfilled in the Soviet Union and a mass socialist emulation is being expanded to arrange reliable reserves for successful advance in the new year and significantly mark the 40th anniversary of the victory in the Great Patriotic War.

He dwelt on the great successes achieved in the machine-building, chemical and all other fields of the national economy and in the scientific-technological field in the Soviet Union this year.

Noting that in 1985 the Soviet people are faced with more responsible tasks to consolidate and further expand the successes already registered in the social and economic fields, the ambassador referred to the prospect for the development of the national economy next year.

He said the Soviet working people, united around the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, would make endeavors for peace and happiness in their motherland and on the globe and make next year a year of successful communist construction.

The Soviet ambassador answered questions raised by reporters.

CSO: 4100/090

N.KOREA FOREIGN RELATIONS

FOREIGN NATIONS PRAISE KIM IL-SONG'S FOREIGN VISITS

SK210405 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0338 CMT 21 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 21 Dec (KCNA)--This year the great leader President Kim Il-song paid an official goodwill visit to the Soviet Union and European socialist countries, leading a party and state delegation, and made an unofficial visit to China.

His significant foreign tour was a historic event which marked a new milestone in the history of friendship and unity with socialist countries and made an imperishable contribution to the development of our revolution and the world revolution.

His visit to the Soviet Union and European socialist countries evoked stormy repercussions among the world political, public and press circles.

It was reported in fraternal countries that the visit of President Kim Il-song was "an international event in cementing the unity and cohesion of socialist countries, demonstrating its might and dealing a heavy blow at the imperialists" and "a great historic event substantially contributing to defending world peace and security".

Congratulatory messages and letters came almost every day from prominent political activists and public figures in various countries of Asia, Europe, Africa and Latin America.

Meetings, lectures, photo exhibitions and other functions were held in congratulation of the historic foreign tour of President Kim Il-song and the documentary films on the tour screened in various countries.

Adam Sapi Mkwawa, speaker of the National Assembly of Tanzania, said:

The historic foreign tour of the great leader President Kim Il-song greatly encouraged the peoples of non-aligned and developing countries in the building of a new independent society. Recorded in letters of gold in the history of the Korean and world revolutions, it will shine long generation after generation.

Jose Francisco Aguilar Bulgarelli, general secretary of the popular force organized in Costa Rica, stressed:

The visit of the great leader to European socialist countries was an important event of world-historic significance.

The chairman of the Ghanaian National Institute of the Chuche Idea had this to say:

The official goodwill visit of the respected leader President Kim Il-song to the Soviet Union and European socialist countries constitutes a historic event of epochal significance in developing the friendly relations between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and other socialist countries and in carrying out the cause of socialism and communism and world peace.

The information secretary of the National Youth Union of Uganda said:

No other head of state has ever received such a warm welcome and cordial hospitality during his foreign tour as President Kim Il-song did.

The cheers spread far and wide in Europe is a paean of the world revolutionary people to the great President Kim Il-song.

CSO: 4100/090

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

WORLD YOUTH FEDERATION'S SOLIDARITY STATEMENT NOTED

SK221018 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1004 GMT 22 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 22 Dec (KCNA)--An extraordinary meeting of the bureau of the World Federation of Democratic Youth for Solidarity with the Korean youth and people was held in Budapest on 6 December.

In his opening address Vilmos Cserveny, general secretary of the World Federation of Democratic Youth, said it was very important in the progressive movement of the world to strengthen solidarity with the Korean people and youth.

We support the efforts of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the replacement of the Korean armistice agreement signed in 1953 with a peace agreement and for the conversion of Korea into a nuclear-free zone, he noted.

Speeches were made at the meeting.

Nguyen Van Thi, delegate of the Ho Chi Minh Communist Youth League of Vietnam, speaking on behalf of the Asian sub-committee said the present situation calls for further lifting up the voice of international support to the Korean people and bitterly denounced the U.S. imperialists' occupation of South Korea and the schemings to trump up a three-way military alliance of Washington, Tokyo and Seoul.

Salim Altamint, delegate of the Yemen Socialist Youth Union, speaking on behalf of the Near and Middle East Sub-committee strongly condemned the U.S. imperialists for obstructing the peaceful reunification of Korea, stating that their occupation of South Korea is the biggest stumbling-block in the way of carrying out the Korean people's cause of peace, security and reunification.

J. Selebi, delegate of the African National Congress of South Africa, speaking on behalf of the African Sub-committee, denounced the dangerous aggressive and belligerent moves of the U.S. imperialists and called upon all the youth organizations of the world to fully support the Korean people's struggle for the peaceful reunification of the country.

Referring to the DPRK's proposal for tripartite talks, he stressed Korea should be reunified without fail.

Lubomir Redl, delegate of the Czechoslovak Union of Socialist Youth, speaking on behalf of the European Sub-committee flailed the U.S. imperialists' moves for creating "two Koreas" and unleashing a new war and demanded an immediate end to their interference in the internal affairs of Korea.

Fredi Fernandez, delegate of the Venezuelan Communist Youth League, speaking on behalf of the Latin American Sub-committee, said the Venezuelan youth bitterly denounce the South Korean dictators and firmly support the struggle of the Korean youth and people.

The delegates of youth organizations of the Soviet Union and Mongolia also expressed support to the Korean people's struggle for the reunification of the country and scathingly denounced the aggressive and belligerent moves of the U.S. imperialists.

A statement on solidarity with the South Korean youth and students was adopted at the meeting.

Noting that the struggle of the South Korean youth and students against fascism and for democracy is being further intensified, the statement declares:

The Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique must stop its brutal suppression of South Korean youth and students, release the arrested students and step down from power at once.

The World Federation of Democratic Youth demands that the U.S. imperialists discontinue encouraging the puppet regime and withdraw from South Korea, taking along their armed forces of aggression.

We call upon all our member organisations and democratic and progressive forces of the world to wage more energetically the solidarity movement in support of the struggle of the South Korean youth and students.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

MINJU CHOSON HAILS ACCORD ON HONG KONG

SK231102 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1040 GMT 23 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 23 Dec (KCNA)--MINJU CHOSON today runs an editorial titled "Great Victory of Chinese People" in connection with the formal signing of a joint declaration on the question of Hong Kong between the governments of the People's Republic of China and Britain.

The editorial says:

The formal signing of the joint declaration is an important first step taken by China on the road of completely accomplishing the cause of the country's reunification with the smooth settlement of the question of resuming her sovereignty over Hong Kong.

We sincerely rejoice as over our own over the satisfactory solution of the long-standing Hong Kong question in conformity with the desire and interests of the Chinese people and warmly hail this.

The fair solution of the Hong Kong issue, the editorial goes on, means a big stride forward in the Chinese people's realisation of their cause of national reunification. With this the People's Republic of China has become to restore Hong Kong, an inseparable part of its territory and exercise sovereignty over it which was lost.

The smooth settlement of the Hong Kong issue in keeping with the Chinese people's interests and desire has created a reliable guarantee for a prolonged stability and prosperity of Hong Kong and opened a new chapter in the development of relations between the Chinese and British peoples. And it made it possible to liquidate one more left-over of colonialism in Asia and open a favorable phase for defence of peace in this region. This accords with the desire and demand not only of the Chinese and British peoples but of the Asian and all other peaceloving peoples the world over.

This signing of the joint declaration on the question of Hong Kong showed to the world public an example of settling a problem left over by history through talks in the spirit of friendship and cooperation and mutual understanding.

The satisfactory solution of the long-standing Hong Kong question by agreement between the Chinese and British governments is ascribable to persevering efforts

made by the Chinese government for a correct policy it set forth in conformity with history and reality of Hong Kong and its people's will and demand.

"One country, two systems" is the principle maintained by the Chinese government in exercising its sovereignty over Hong Kong. This principle is in full accord with the interests of the Chinese and Hong Kong peoples and conducive to the development of relations between countries.

When the sovereignty over Hong Kong is resumed, it will open a favorable phase for the fraternal Chinese people's struggle to realize the programme of socialist modernisation and reunify the whole country by having Taiwan returned.

The Korean people earnestly wish the fraternal Chinese people greater victory and success in their future revolutionary struggle and construction work under the correct leadership of the Communist Party of China.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KIM CHONG-IL'S WORK STUDIED IN GUYANA, INDIA

SK240507 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0342 GMT 24 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 24 Dec (KCNA)--A seminar on "On Further Developing the Educational Work", work of Comrade Kim Chong-il, member of the presidium of the political bureau, and secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, was held on 29 November at the group for study of the chuche idea of Comrade Kim Il-song of Enmore, Guyana.

Placed at the background of the hall were a portrait of the great leader President Kim Il-song and a portrait of dear Comrade Kim Chong-il.

In his report the chief of the group said Comrade Kim Chong-il's work has comprehensively reviewed and analyzed the successes achieved by the Korean people in the struggle to implement the "Theses on Socialist Education" authored by President Kim Il-song.

Comrade Kim Chong-il's work is a great programme to be surely taken by the peoples of the countries building new societies after independence and the countries building socialism and communism as a guideline in their educational work, he emphasized.

Korea with the world's best educational system is bringing up her new generation to be dependable builders of socialism and communism, he added.

A reading of this work was held respectively at the Chuche Idea Study Society of India and the Chuche Philosophy Study Committee of India on 2 December.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KIM IL-SONG RECEIVES REPLY MESSAGE FROM 'ARAFAT

SK260423 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0411 GMT 26 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 26 Dec (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a reply message from 'Arafat, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation and commander-in-chief of the Palestine Revolutionary Armed Forces.

The reply message dated 15 December reads:

Allow me to convey revolutionary greetings to you.

I received with great excitement a solidarity message sent by you on the occasion of the "Day of World Solidarity With the Palestinian People".

It gives me great pleasure to extend on behalf of our Palestinian Arab people and the members of the executive committee of the Palestine Liberation Organisation, my brothers, and on my own, most heartfelt thanks to your excellency and, through your excellency, to your government and the friendly Arab people for solidarity and firm support and encouragement rendered by your friendly country under the wise and bold leadership of your excellency.

Under the leadership of the Palestine Liberation Organisation, our legitimate representative, we Palestinian Arab people will continue to struggle against all forms of plots and provocative moves of the imperialists and Zionists opposing the desire and hope of our people for realizing the inalienable legitimate national rights including the right to return to their motherland, right to self-determination and right to found an independent state in Palestine with Kudus as the capital in their soil.

We assure your excellency that our people value the friendly relations and militant solidarity forged between our two friendly peoples and between the Palestine Liberation Organisation and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and will always make efforts to strengthen and develop these friendly relations to a higher stage in conformity with our common interest for progress, prosperity and peace.

Reaffirming the unshakable and principled stand of our people for the Korean people's struggle for reunifying the country by means of founding the Democratic Confederal Republic of Koryo under your excellency's wise leadership. I wish your excellency success in your great work for national reunification.

In closing, I wish your excellency and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il longevity and happiness.

I also wish your friendly people greater progress, development and prosperity under the wise and bold leadership of your excellency.

Till the victory of the revolution.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

WORLD PUBLIC LEARNS FROM KIM CHONG-IL

SK261133 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1022 GMT 26 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 26 Dec (KCNA)--The world public circles are conducting brisk activities such as seminar, short-term course and lecture to learn from dear Comrade Kim Chong-il's greatness, wise leadership and noble virtues, highly praising him as a great thinker and theoretician and a true popular leader.

A joint seminar of Maltese chuche idea study groups on dear Comrade Kim Chong-il's greatness and wise leadership was held in Valletta.

A report "On the Greatness and Wise Leadership of the Dear Leader Comrade Kim Chong-il" at the seminar was followed by speeches on the subjects "Korea has a Bright Future," "Dear Comrade Kim Chong-il's Energetic Guidance" and "The Dear Leader Comrade Kim Chong-il Unfolds a History of Great Leap."

The reporter and speakers said dear Comrade Kim Chong-il declared the great President Kim Il-song's revolutionary idea Juche and develops and enriches it with his energetic ideological and theoretical activities.

A Sind Provincial Joint Seminar on the Chuche Idea and Inheritance of Leadership took place in Pakistan and a seminar on dear Comrade Kim Chong-il's imperishable feats in Ghana.

At the seminar held in Ghana speeches were made on the subjects "Main Characteristic Features of the Dear Leader Comrade Kim Chong-il's Ideological and Theoretical Activities and His Brilliant Feats" and "Noble Virtues of the Dear Leader Comrade Kim Chong-il."

Seminars on Comrade Kim Chong-il's greatness, wise leadership and noble virtues took place in Bangladesh, Tanzania, India and many other countries.

An Indian national short-term course on the chuche idea and dear Comrade Kim Chong-il's greatness and wise leadership was held at the Government Conference Hall in New Delhi under the sponsorship of the Asian Regional Institute of the Chuche Idea. It was attended by doctors and professors from 16 national and local universities, scholars of the Council for Social Development of India and the National Academy of Sciences of India and members of chuche idea study organizations.

In his lecture titled "The Dear Leader Comrade Kim Chong-il Is An Outstanding Thinker and Theoretician Who Constantly Develops in Depth the Chuche Idea," T.B. Mukherjee, President of the Asian Regional Institute of the Chuche Idea, said dear Comrade Kim Chong-il's ideological and theoretical activities are characterized by the fact that they have firmly defended the revolutionary ideas of the great President Kim Il-song and developed them profoundly and they are all-encompassing and encyclopedic.

Lectures were given in Helsinki and Harare City, Zimbabwe, at the Kim Il-song Library in Somalia and in Antananarivo on the respective subjects "On the Dear Leader Comrade Kim Chong-il's Greatness, Wise Leadership and Noble Virtues," "Revolutionary Cause of Chuche Creditably Carried Forward," "Korea Has a Bright Future As It Is Guided by the Dear Leader Comrade Kim Chong-il" and "Dear Comrade Kim Chong-il is the wise leader of the Korean people."

Lectures were also given in Mali, Ghana, Guyana, Peru, Malta, Nepal, Uganda, Togo, Ethiopia, Norway, Austria and many other countries.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

DAILY ON ANNIVERSARY OF RELATIONS WITH CONGO

SK241311 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1027 GMT 24 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 24 Dec (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today dedicates an article to the 20th anniversary of the opening of diplomatic relations at ambassadorial level between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Congo. The establishment of the diplomatic relations was an event of particular significance in the development of the friendly relations between the two peoples, the author of the article says, and continues:

When the Congolese people won the country's independence and founded the republic, freed from the blood-stained yoke of the imperialist colonial rule, our people rejoiced at this as at their own affairs and have actively supported their endeavours for consolidating the national independence and building the national economy.

President Denis Sassou Nguesso visited our country in spring 1983. It marked a momentous occasion that developed to a new height the friendly relations between the two peoples which were established on the road of the struggle for independence against imperialism.

Today the Congolese people are making a great advance in building an independent and prosperous new Congo under the leadership of the Congolese Workers' Party and government.

This year the Third Congress of the Congolese Workers' Party and elections to the people's national congress and power bodies of different levels were held in the Congo. In this connection, the Congolese people renewed their determination to consolidate their party and revolutionary government and register fresh successes in the building of the national economy.

We wish the Congolese people successes in building a new society.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

DPRK DAILY SENDS SOLIDARITY TO ANGOLA

SK270427 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0416 GMT 27 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 27 Dec (KCNA)--The Angolan president in his recent letter to the U.N. Secretary General on the situation created in his country clarified the stand of the Angolan Government for making the South African aggressive forces withdraw from the southern territory of Angola illegally occupied by them, guaranteeing the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of Angola and solving the Southwest African problem.

In this connection, MINJU CHOSON today carries a commentary titled "Angolan People's Just Cause Will Triumph."

Noting that the proposition of the Angolan Government this time reflects the Angolan people's desire and demand for independence against imperialism, the author of the commentary says:

We express firm solidarity with the Angolan people in their just cause.

Hating the victorious advance of the Angolan people along the road of building a new life under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence as a thorn in the flesh, the imperialists constantly resort to undisguised military intervention, subversive activities and sabotage to stifle the Angolan revolution at any cost.

It is with the zealous encouragement of the imperialists that the South African racists are committing military provocations, continuing an undeclared war in Angola.

The South African racists must respond without delay to the just proposal advanced by the Angolan Government and completely withdraw from the Angolan territory and Namibia at an early date.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KIM IL-SONG GREET'S CONGO'S SASSOU-NGUESSO

SK310018 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2338 GMT 30 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 31 Dec (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, on 30 December sent a message of greetings to Denis Sassou-Nguesso, chairman of the Central Committee of the Congolese Party of Labour.

The message reads:

On the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the founding of the Congolese Party of Labour, I extend warm congratulations to you, the entire members of the Congolese Party of Labour and the Congolese people on behalf of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and on my own.

The founding of the Congolese Party of Labour, a vanguard organisation, 15 years ago was a historic event in the struggle of the Congolese people against imperialism and colonialism and for the building of a new society.

Over the past 15 years the Congolese Party of Labour headed by you has achieved big successes in the struggle for building socialism, consolidating the gains of the revolution which have already been achieved.

Our party and our people sincerely rejoice as at their own at all the successes made by the Congolese Party of Labour and Congolese people and warmly hail them.

Believing that the excellent relations of friendship forged between our two parties and peoples will grow stronger and develop in the future, I take this opportunity to heartily wish you greater success in your noble work for implementing the decisions of the third congress of your party.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

DAILY MARKS ANNIVERSARY OF PALESTINIAN STRUGGLE

SK310837 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0818 GMT 31 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 31 Dec (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today dedicates an editorial article to the 20th anniversary of the start of the revolution by the Palestinian people, which stresses: the Korean people extend firm support to and solidarity with the just cause of the Palestinian people and strongly demand the Israeli aggressors to withdraw from the Arab territory they are occupying.

The article says:

The 20 year course covered by the Palestinian people and resistance fighters has been days in which they have closed their ranks and advanced the revolution, not losing the conviction of victory in manifold hardships and trials and turns and twists.

Theirs is a just struggle for regaining their lost homeland from foreign aggressors and recovering their lawful national rights including the right to found an independent state.

The imperialists persist in their aggressive moves against the Arab people, putting up the Israeli aggressors as their shock brigade. But their sinister aim can never be attained.

The Palestinian people and resistance fighters are surmounting the temporary difficulties.

When the Arab people fight resolutely in close unity, they will smash the aggressive manoeuvres of the imperialists and Zionists and defend national dignity and territorial integrity and the Palestine people also will accomplish their cause of liberation.

CSO: 4100/100

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

BRIEFS

KSDF GREETINGS TO SPANISH GROUP--Pyongyang, 22 Dec (KCNA)--The Central Committee of the Korean Social Democratic Party sent a message of greetings on 18 December to Felipe Gonzalez, general secretary of the Federal Committee of the Spanish Socialist Workers' Party. The message says: The Central Committee of the Korean Social Democratic Party extends warm congratulations to you upon your reelection as general secretary at the 30th congress of the Spanish Socialist Workers' Party. We heartily wish you greater success in your responsible activity for the strengthening and development of your party and for the democratic development of the country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2327 GMT 21 Dec 84 SK]

LIGHT INDUSTRY SOVIET VISIT--Pyongyang, 22 Dec (KCNA)--The light industry delegation of our country headed by Kim Pok-sin, vice-premier and chairman of the light industry commission, returned home on 21 December by air after visiting the Soviet Union. The delegation stayed in the Soviet Union from 12 to 20 December. Head of the delegation Kim Pok-sin, vice-premier and chairman of the light industry commission, separately met Nikolay Talyzin, vice-chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR and chairman of the Soviet side to the Korean/Soviet governmental economic and scientific-technological consultative committee, Nikolay Baybakov, vice-chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR and chairman of the State Planning Committee, and Nikolay Martynov, vice-chairman of the Council of Ministry of the USSR and chairman of the State Material Supply Committee. The problems of cooperation between the two countries were discussed at conversations which proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. The delegation visited factories, enterprises and a research institute in the light industry domain in Moscow. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2331 GMT 21 Dec 84 SK]

SENEGALESE PRAISE KIM CHONG-IL--Pyongyang, 22 Dec (KCNA)--The Senegalese paper SOLEIL 7 December carried an article entitled "Kind-hearted Leader of People" speaking highly of the noble virtues and popular traits of dear Comrade Kim Chong-il. Noting that Comrade Kim Chong-il always finds himself among people, taking deep care of their lives, the paper introduced an impressive story that he said he was also a son of working people, helping a grandmother at work at the time of the expansion project of the Ryongsong Highway. The paper wrote in detail that dear Comrade Kim Chong-il had visited Chongsan-ri and pointed to the direction to be followed by it to realise the far-reaching plan of the great leader President Kim Il-song for rural construction. The

paper said: The Korean people reaped unprecedented rich crops this year under the wise guidance of Comrade Kim Chong-il. In the near future the Korean people will surely attain the 15 million ton target of grain production. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1014 GMT 22 Dec 84 SK]

AUSTRIAN PRESIDENT MEETS DPRK AMBASSADOR--Pyongyang, 22 Dec (KCNA)--Austrian President Rudolf Kirchschlaeger on 17 December met Choe Ki-chol, Korean ambassador to his country. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of President Kim Il-song to President Rudolf Kirchschlaeger. The president expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to transmit his wholehearted greetings to President Kim Il-song. He sincerely wished President Kim Il-song great success in his noble work and happiness in the new year 1985, too. Referring to the development of the friendly relations between Austria and Korea, the president expressed support to the Korean people's cause of national reunification. The conversation proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0335 GMT 22 Dec 84 SK]

GREETINGS TO AUSTRALIA'S HAYDEN--Pyongyang, 22 Dec (KCNA)--Foreign Minister Kim Yong-nam sent a message of greetings to William George Hayden upon the victory of the labour party in the elections and his reappointment as Minister of Foreign Affairs of Australia. Expressing the belief that the relations between the two countries will favorably develop in the future, the message wishes the Australian foreign minister new success in his work. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0811 GMT 22 Dec 84 SK]

RAJIV GANDHI MESSAGE--Pyongyang, 23 Dec (KCNA)--Premier of the DPRK Administration Council Comrade Kang Song-san received a message from Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi in reply to his message of sympathy sent to the latter in connection with many casualties caused by an unexpected accident in India recently. The reply message expressed deep thanks for the message of sympathy with the recent tragic accident. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0848 GMT 23 Dec 84 SK]

WPK GREETSPAIN'S GONZALEZ--Pyongyang, 23 Dec (KCNA)--The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea on 20 December sent a message of greetings to Felipe Gonzalez upon his reelection as general secretary of the Socialist Workers' Party of Spain. The message says: The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea extends you warm felicitations and greetings upon your reelection as general secretary of your party at its recent 30th Congress. We take this opportunity to sincerely wish new success to you in your responsible work for the independent development of the country and for the democratic rights and interests of the people and to your party in its future activity. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0854 GMT 23 Dec 84 SK]

INDEPENDENCE OF NAMIBIA SUPPORTED--Pyongyang, 24 Dec (KCNA)--The Namibian question must be solved in accordance with the will and demand of the South West Africa People's Organisation (SWAPO), the true master of the country, stresses NODONG SINMUN 23 December. Referring to the Namibian question attracting the attention in the world political arena, the paper says: At the 39th U.N. General Assembly session many countries demanded the independence of Namibia and a resolution on supporting the struggle of Namibian patriots was adopted

there. This was an entirely just one. Noting that the South African racists are persistently scheming to occupy Namibia indefinitely in defiance of the U.N. resolution and the call of the world public circles for a fair solution of the Namibian question, it says: These days the South African racists brought forward a "new proposal" on the Namibian question in an attempt to solve the question in their interest. The "new proposal" is that SWAPO, together with the pro-South African forces, shall organize and lead an interim government in Namibia and hold some ministerial posts. And South Africa is resorting to such double-faced tactics as releasing Namibian political prisoners. Such schemes of the South African racists are nothing but the last resort to save themselves from isolation from and rejection by the world public circles. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2358 GMT 23 Dec 84 SK]

CONDOLENCE AT SOVIET EMBASSY--Pyongyang, 24 Dec (KCNA)--Diplomatic envoys of foreign countries in Pyongyang and their embassy officials visited the Soviet Embassy on 23 December to express condolences upon the death of Soviet Marshal Comrade D.F. Ustinov, member of the political bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and minister of national defence. They observed a moment's silence in memory of the deceased. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2357 GMT 24 Dec 84 SK]

CHONG-OK MEETS MONGOLIAN AMBASSADOR--Pyongyang, 25 Dec (KCNA)--Vice-president Yi Chong-ok met and had a talk on 24 December with Purenleir Urjinkhundeir, Mongolian ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Korea, who paid a courtesy call on him. Present on the occasion were Vice-minister of Foreign Affairs Kim Chae-suk and an official of the Mongolian Embassy. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2351 GMT 24 Dec 84 SK]

SONG-SAN MET PDRY DELEGATION--Pyongyang, 25 Dec (KCNA)--Comrade Kan Song-san, premier of the administration council, met and had a friendly talk Monday with the peasant union delegation of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen for the study of the chuche idea led by secretary of the Mudia County Committee of the Union in Abian Province of Democratic Yemen Hadi Nasir Muhammad, elder brother of Comrade 'Ali Nasir Muhammad, chairman of the presidium of the People's Supreme Council and chairman of the Council of Ministers of the PDRY. Premier Kang Song-san gave a dinner for the delegation. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2348 GMT 24 Dec 84 SK]

DJURANVIC REPLY RECEIVED--Pyongyang, 25 Dec (KCNA)--President Kim Il-song received a reply message from Veselin Djuranovic, president of the presidency of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia. The message dated 14 December reads: The presidency of the SFRY and I express deep thanks to you for your kind message of warm and friendly feelings on the National Day of Yugoslavia. We believe that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two socialist, non-aligned countries that gained a new strong impetus from your recent visit to Yugoslavia will strengthen with greater success. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2346 GMT 24 Dec 84 SK]

JAPANESE STUDY KOREAN AFFAIRS--Tokyo, 24 Dec (KNS-KCNA)--An inauguration of the Society for the Study of Korean Affairs, the Japanese Teachers' Group for the Study of the Chuche Idea, was held in Ube City, Yamaguchi Prefecture, Japan on 8 December. Utaka Takeda, chairman of the Yamaguchi Prefectural Union of Teachers, delivered a report on the work undertaken until the organisation of the society at the meeting. Noting that it stands out as a pressing problem related to the peace movement to study Korean affairs at present, the reporter declared the realisation of the DPRK's proposal for tripartite talks would be greatly conducive to averting the danger of a nuclear war and preserving global peace. He called for making a deep-going study of the chuche idea fathered by President Kim Il-song and embodying it in their work. Utaka Takeda, chairman of the Yamaguchi Prefectural Teachers' Union and general secretary of the Yamaguchi Prefectural People's Council supporting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, was coopted chairman of the study society. In another development, the Simonoseki Society for the Study of Korean affairs, the group for the study of the chuche idea, was inaugurated in Simonoseki, Yamaguchi Prefecture, on 5 December. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0805 GMT 26 Dec 84 SK]

SFRY COUNCIL REPLY RECEIVED--Pyongyang, 26 Dec (KCNA)--Premier of the Administration Council Comrade Kang Song-san received a message from president of the Federal Executive Council of Yugoslavia Comrade Milka Planic in reply to his message of greetings sent to the latter on the day of the republic, national holiday of the Yugoslav people. The message expressed most heartfelt thanks for the premier's felicitations. Availing myself of this opportunity, I'd like to reiterate our wish and will to further develop the relations of comprehensive friendship and cooperation between the two socialist, non-aligned countries, the message said. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0809 GMT 26 Dec 84 SK]

CAR ENVOY ARRIVES--Pyongyang, 26 Dec (KCNA)--Edouard Frank, councillor to the presidency of the Military Committee for National Redressment of Central Africa and a special envoy of His Excellency Andre Kolingba, president of the Military Committee for National Redressment and head of state of Central Africa, and his party arrived here Tuesday by plane. They were met at the airport by Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Kang Sok-chu and other officials concerned. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2336 GMT 25 Dec 84 SK]

MALTESE PREMIER GREETED--Pyongyang, 26 Dec (KCNA)--President Kim Il-song sent a message of greetings on 26 December to Carmelo Mifsud Bonnici on his appointment as prime minister of Malta. The message reads: I extend my warm congratulations to you on your appointment as prime minister of the Republic of Malta on behalf of the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and on my behalf. Believing that the friendship and cooperation between our two countries will continue to develop happily in the future I take this occasion to sincerely wish you greater successes in your responsible activities to build a prosperous new Malta under the banner of independence, non-alignment and neutrality. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1512 GMT 26 Dec 84 SK]

BENIN PRESIDENT MEETS AMBASSADOR--Pyongyang, 26 Dec (KCNA)--Benin President Mathieu Kerekou on 13 December met Korean ambassador to Benin Kim Song-hwan. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of President Kim Il-song and Comrade Kim Chong-il to President Mathieu Kerekou. The president expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey his best wishes for good health and long life to President Kim Il-song and Comrade Kim Chong-il. I actively support the great leader President Kim Il-song in his efforts for the reunification of the country, the president said. Benin will never recognize South Korea, he added. He denounced the Panmunjom gun-firing incident. The talk proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0333 GMT 26 Dec 84 SK]

PLO MESSAGE RECEIVED--Pyongyang, 27 Dec (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song received a message of thanks from 'Abd al-Rahim Ahmad, member of the executive committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization and general secretary of the Arab Liberation Front, leaving Korea on 25 December. The message reads: Upon leaving your friendly, beautiful country, my companions and I extend most heartfelt thanks to you the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the founder of the great chuche idea, for the warm hospitality accorded us during the visit of the PLO delegation to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. We take this opportunity to sincerely wish your excellency good health and a long life and affirm that the militant relations between our two peoples will steadily develop and strengthen. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0335 GMT 27 Dec 84 SK]

CHONG-IL RECEIVES PLO MESSAGE--Pyongyang, 27 Dec (KCNA)--The dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il received a message of thanks from 'Abd al-Rahim Ahmad, member of the executive committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization and general secretary of the Arab Liberation Front, leaving Korea on 25 December. The message reads: Upon leaving your beautiful, friendly country, my companions and I extend most heartfelt thanks to you the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il for having sent a special train for our delegation's satisfactory and successful performance of its duty and shown great favour and concern for it during its stay in your friendly country. Assuring you of the militant relations between our two peoples, we express our support and solidarity for the struggle of the friendly Korean people to reunify the country independently and peacefully under the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il's bold and wise guidance. We sincerely wish you good health and a long life. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0402 GMT 27 Dec 84 SK]

PRAGUE EMBASSY HOSTS AUTO WORKERS--Pyongyang, 28 Dec (KCNA)--A friendship gathering with employees of the "Avia" automobile factory in Prague which the great leader President Kim Il-song had visited was held at the Korean embassy in Prague on 21 November. Hung on the background of the platform of the hall was a picture of President Kim Il-song firmly shaking hands with President Gustav Husak. The Korean documentary film "The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song Visits Czechoslovakia at the head of a party and state delegation" was screened at the gathering. Speeches were exchanged between the director of the factory and the Korean ambassador at the end of the film show. The director said in his speech: It was a great honor and pride for us that Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers'

Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, called at the "Avia" automobile factory. What respected Comrade Kim Il-song wrote after visiting our factory greatly encourages us in the fulfillment of the Seventh Five-Year Plan and the production of automobiles in future. I will make every effort possible to further develop the friendly and cooperative relations between Czechoslovakia and Korea and sincerely wish respected Comrade Kim Il-song good health and a long life in the name of the entire employees. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1003 GMT 28 Dec 84 SK]

SPECIAL ENVOY OF CAR LEADER--Pyongyang, 29 Dec (KCNA)--Edouard Frank, councillor to the presidency of the Military Committee for National Redressment of Central Africa and special envoy of Andre Kolingba, president of the military committee and head of state of Central Africa, and his party left here for home Friday after concluding their Korean visit. They had arrived here on 25 December, during their stay, they visited Mangyongdae and went round the tower of chuche idea, the grand people's study house, the Chonsung revolutionary site, the Pyongyang metro and other monumental edifices in Pyongyang. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2341 GMT 28 Dec 84 SK]

DPRK-JAPAN MEETING IN TOKYO--Tokyo, 25 Dec (KPSAWZDO)--The 7th Japan-Korea solidarity meeting of the youth department of the National Railway Workers Union opposing the Japan-U.S.-South Korea military integration and supporting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea was held in Tokyo on 18 December. Hiroshi Nishizawa, director of the youth department of the National Railway Workers Union, in his speech, referred to the South Korean students' anti-fascist struggle for democracy gaining momentum these days and called for vigorously conducting the solidarity movement in support of their righteous struggle. After a keynote report was made and a lecture given at the meeting, it adopted a declaration calling for active support to the struggle of the South Korean people for democracy and of the Korean youth in Japan. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1501 GMT 28 Dec 84 SK]

ALBANIAN LEADERS REPLY RECEIVED--Pyongyang, 29 Dec (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a reply message from Enver Hoxha first secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, and Ramiz Alia, president of the presidium of the People's Assembly of the People's Socialist Republic of Albania. The reply message dated 20 December reads: We would like to express our thanks to you for your felicitations sent on the occasion of the 40th anniversary of the liberation of Albania and the victory of the people's revolution, our national holiday. We take this opportunity to wish the Korean people continued success in the work of the country's prosperity and in the efforts and struggle to drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea and achieve the independent reunification of the country. We hope that the friendly relations existing between our two peoples will continue to grow strong in their common interests. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2334 GMT 28 Dec 84 SK]

CHONG-OK MET CZECH AMBASSADOR--Pyongyang, 29 Dec (KCNA)--Vice-president Yi Chong-ok on 28 December met and had a talk with Vaclav Herman, Czechoslovak ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Korea, when he paid a courtesy call on him. Kim Chae-suk, vice-minister of foreign affairs, was on hand. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2333 GMT 28 Dec 84 SK]

PAPERS OBSERVE NEPALESE NATIONAL DAY--Pyongyang, 28 Dec (KCNA)--Papers here today dedicate articles to the national day of Nepal. Noting that, after overthrowing the feudal dictatorial regime in 1951, the Nepalese people have achieved successes in the struggle for consolidating the national independence and building the national economy and national culture of the country, the author of a NODONG SINMUN article says: Their efforts to develop the national industry with their own strength under the slogan of building a "self-reliant economy" are bringing about natural results. The successes of the Nepalese people show their will to build a new life by their own efforts. Pursuing a policy of peace, friendship and non-alignment, the Nepalese government and people are striving to develop friendly relations with other countries. The friendship between Korea and Nepal is developing favourably. The Korean people believe that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries will grow in stronger and develop in the future, too. A signed article of MINJU CHOSON notes that our people wish the Nepalese people greater success in their work for the building of a new society. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1144 GMT 28 Dec 84 SK]

MEDIA ON KIM IL-SONG'S CHINA VISIT--Pyongyang, 28 Dec (KCNA)--An account of the unofficial China visit of the great leader President Kim Il-song was reported by the Polish ZYCIE WARSZAWY 2 December, the Yugoslav VJESNIK and POBJEDA 1 December. The Yugoslav papers said Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, had talks with the top Chinese party leaders and reached a complete identity of views on all matters discussed. Thai papers and TV reported the unofficial China visit of President Kim Il-song respectively on 1 and 2 December. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0335 GMT 28 Dec 84 SK]

KIM IL-SONG CABLES MALAGASY PRESIDENT--Pyongyang, 29 Dec (KCNA)--President Kim Il-song on 29 December sent a message of greetings to Didier Ratsiraka, president of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar. The message reads: I, on behalf of the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and on my own behalf, extend warm congratulations to you, your government and the Malagasy people on the occasion of the 9th anniversary of the proclamation of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar. Since the proclamation of the Republic, the Malagasy people, under your correct leadership, have achieved great successes in the struggle to build a new society, independent and prosperous, in accordance with the charter of the Malagasy socialist revolution. The Korean people sincerely rejoice over the successes registered by the Malagasy people under the banner of the republic and always express firm support to your just struggle for building socialism and turning the Indian Ocean into a peace zone. Expressing the belief that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries will grow stronger and develop in the future, I take this opportunity of heartily wishing you and your people greater success in the work for the prosperity and development of the country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1511 GMT 29 Dec 84 SK]

KIM IL-SONG GREETES PAKISTANI PRESIDENT--Pyongyang, 29 Dec (KCNA)--President Kim Il-song on 29 December sent a message of greetings to Mohammad Zia-ul-Baq, president of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan. The message reads: I extend my warm congratulations to you on your capture of absolute support from the Pakistani people in the recent referendum held in your country. I take this opportunity to wish you greater successes in your future endeavours for building a prosperous new Pakistan and express my conviction that the friendly relations between our two countries will further strengthen and develop. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1509 GMT 29 Dec 84 SK]

YONG-NAM CONGRATULATES GUINEA COUNTERPART--Pyongyang, 29 Dec (KCNA)--Foreign Minister Kim Yong-nam sent a message to Facine Toure congratulating him on his appointment as state minister for foreign affairs and international cooperation of Guinea. The message wished Facine Toure new success in this responsible work and expressed the belief that the friendly and cooperative relations between the two peoples would further strengthen and develop in the future in their interests. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 29 Dec 84 SK]

BULGARIAN AMBASSADOR RECEIVED--Pyongyang, 30 Dec (KCNA)--Premier of the administrative council Comrade Kang Sok-son Saturday met and conversed with Vassil Khubchev, Bulgarian ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Korea. Vice-minister of foreign affairs Kang Sokchu was present on the occasion. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0653 GMT 30 Dec 84 SK]

MONGOLIA'S BATMUNKH MESSAGE--Pyongyang, 30 Dec (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a reply message from J. Batmunkh, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Mongolian people's revolutionary party and chairman of the presidium of the great people's hural of the Mongolian People's Republic. The message dated 24 December reads: I express deep thanks to the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and to you, respected Comrade Kim Il-song, for your congratulations to me on my election as chairman of the presidium of the great people's hural of the Mongolian People's Republic. I reciprocate your belief that the friendship and cooperation between our two peoples will expand and develop as ever on the principle of "Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism. I wish you and the fraternal Korean people fresh success in the just struggle to build socialism in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and reunify the country peacefully on a democratic principle. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0832 GMT 30 Dec 84 SK]

DELEGATION TO GDR RETURNS--Pyongyang, 31 Dec (KCNA)--Comrade Yon Hyong-muk, member of the political bureau and secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, returned home on 30 December by plane after visiting the German Democratic Republic. He was met at the airport by Comrade Ho Jong, member of the political bureau, and secretary, of the WPK Central Committee, and personages concerned and GDR ambassador to Korea Kral-Heinz Kebn. Comrade Yon Hyong-muk left Berlin on 29 December. He was seen off at the airport by Comrade Egon Krenz, member of the political bureau, and secretary, of the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany, and personages concerned. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2347 GMT 30 Dec 84 SK]

TANZANIAN LEADER MEETS AMBASSADOR--Pyongyang, 31 Dec (KCNA)--Tanzanian President Julius K. Nyerere met Korean ambassador to his country Yi Yong-yon on 21 December. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of President Kim Il-sung and Comrade Kim Chong-il to President Nyerere. President Nyerere expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey his heartfelt wishes for good health and a long life to President Kim Il-sung and Comrade Kim Chong-il. He stressed that the great leader Comrade Kim Il-sung is a benefactor of the Tanzanian people. He expressed satisfaction with the favorable development of the friendly and cooperative relations between Tanzania and Korea. The conversation took place in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 31 Dec 84 SK]

ANNIVERSARY OF SWISS RELATIONS--Pyongyang, 20 Dec (KCNA)--Papers here today observe the 10th anniversary of the establishment of Korean-Swiss diplomatic relations at an ambassadorial level. A signed article of NODONG SINMUN points out mutual understanding between the peoples of the two countries has been promoted and their friendly relations developed. It says: Over the last decade the friendship between the Korean and Swiss peoples has developed favorably. The Swiss committee for supporting the Korean reunification and other friendship organizations were formed and active in Switzerland. Several delegations from Switzerland visited Korea. It is the DPRK's consistent stand to develop the relations of friendship with those countries that are friendly towards us. The Korean people set store by their friendly relations with the Swiss people and will do their best to boost it. The Korean-Swiss friendship will continue to develop in the interests of the two peoples. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1011 GMT 10 Dec 84 SK]

DIPLOMATIC TIES WITH AUSTRIA MARKED--Pyongyang, 19 Dec (KCNA)--The Foreign Ministry arranged a friendship meeting last evening on the 10th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Austria. Attending the meeting were Kang Sok-chu, vice-minister of foreign affairs, and other personages concerned. Invited there were Franz M. Palla, commercial counsellor of the Austrian Embassy in Pyongyang and embassy officials. Speeches were exchanged at the meeting which took place in a friendly atmosphere. The attendees appreciated a Korean film. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0816 GMT 19 Dec 84 SK]

ENVOY TO SIERRA LEONE--Pyongyang, 19 Dec (KCNA)--DPRK Ambassador to the Republic of Sierra Leone Kim Pyong-ki on December 3 paid a farewell call on President Siaka Probyn Stevens. The president asked the ambassador to convey his heartfelt greetings to President Kim Il-sung. Noting that he was deeply rejoiced over the favorable development of friendly and cooperative relations between Sierra Leone and Korea, he sincerely hoped for further strengthening and development of these relations in the future. He expressed the belief that Korea would be reunified without fail. The conversation proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0814 GMT 19 Dec 84 SK]

ENVOY TO CONGO--Pyongyang, 19 Dec (KCNA)--Kim Pong-kon, DPRK ambassador to the Congo, on December 13 paid a farewell call on Ange Edouard Poungui, prime minister of the Congo. The Congolese prime minister asked the ambassador to convey his wholehearted greetings to the great leader President Kim Il-song and dear Comrade Kim Chong-il. He said the Congolese Party and Government were rejoiced as over their own over the brilliant successes achieved by the Korean people in socialist construction under the wise guidance of the great leader President Kim Il-song and warmly hail them. Referring to the question of Korean reunification, he stated that the Congolese Party and Government would fully support in the future, too, the Korean people's struggle for the reunification of the country. Noting that the friendly and cooperative relations between the Congo and Korea were excellently strengthening and developing, the prime minister stressed that his government would strive to further develop the friendly and cooperative relations in the future. The conversation proceeded in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1014 GMT 19 Dec 84 SK]

KOREAN SOLIDARITY MEETINGS IN JAPAN--Tokyo, 18 Dec (KNS-KCNA)--Meetings for solidarity with the Korean people were held in different parts of Japan. A Shimane prefectural citizens' meeting for Japan-Korea friendship was held on December 4 under the co-sponsorship of the Matsue District, Shimane Prefecture, Council of Trade Unions and 15 other organizations and a friendship meeting of the Nerima Ward, Tokyo Metropolis, Assemblymen's League for Japan-Korea Friendship held on December 5. The meetings were preceded by the screening of the documentary films on the official goodwill visit of the great leader President Kim Il-song to the Soviet Union and European socialist countries. Speeches were made at the meetings. A Shimane prefectural women's meeting was held on December 11 in Matsue in support of the Korean people's struggle for the reunification of the country. Speaking at the meeting, the chairman on the Shimane prefectural women's council for supporting Korea's reunification stressed that the women's council should contribute to realizing tripartite talks between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the United States and the South Korean authorities to get over the state of things in which the military integration of Japan, the United States and South Korea is being hastened and the situation surrounding Korea has been strained these days. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0804 GMT 20 Dec 84 SK]

CONSTRUCTION GROUP IN PRC--Beijing, 18 Dec (KCNA)--Comrade Wan Li, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and vice-premier of the State Council, on December 18 met at the Great Hall of the People in Beijing, the construction friendship delegation of our country headed by Cho Chol-chun, minister of construction, on a visit to China. The head of the delegation asked the vice-premier to convey cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and dear Comrade Kim Chong-il to respected comrades Hu Yaobang and Deng Xiaoping. Comrade Wan Li expressed deep thanks for this and asked the head of the delegation to convey warm greetings of comrades Hu Yaobang, Deng Xiaoping, Li Xiannian and Zhao Zhiyang to Comrade Kim Il-song and Comrade Kim Chong-il. A conversation took place in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1004 GMT 20 Dec 84 SK]

INDIAN PRESIDENT'S REPLY--Pyongyang, 21 Dec (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Indian President Giani Zail Singh in reply to his message of condolence sent to the latter upon the unexpected death of Indira Gandhi, prime minister of the Republic of India. The reply message dated December 1 reads: Excellency, we deeply appreciate your message of sympathy and concern on the assassination of Prime Minister Indira Gandhi. I am particularly touched at Mr Pak Song-chol, vice-president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, being present with us at this time of personal and national loss. Indira Gandhi has left a void in our national life that will be difficult to fill. The principles and ideals for which India has consistently fought under her leadership shall continue to guide our policies. We look forward to the understanding and cooperation of our friends in this task. Yours sincerely. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0346 GMT 21 Dec 84 SK]

INDIAN PRIME MINISTER'S REPLY--Pyongyang, 21 Dec (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi in reply to his message of condolence sent to the latter upon the unexpected death of Indira Gandhi. The reply message dated November 23 reads: Excellency, I express deep thanks to you in the name of the Indian Government and people and in my own name for your kind message of sympathy and condolence. The message gave us consolation and strength at the tragic and difficult time. Our two countries have excellent bilateral relations and are linked with each other in various domains. Our government will continue to establish the traditions of this mutually beneficial cooperation. I express thanks to you for giving assurances of support to these efforts. Please accept your excellency our highest considerations. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0805 GMT 21 Dec 84 SK]

CSO: 4100/090

BRIEFS

TRADE DELEGATION TO CSSR--Pyongyang, 20 Dec (KCNA)--A government trade delegations of our country headed by Han Su-kil, vice-minister of foreign trade, left Pyongyang on December 19 by air for a visit to Czechoslovakia. It was seen off at the airport by Yi Song-nok, vice-minister of foreign trade, and Vaclay Herman, Czechoslovak ambassador to our country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2321 GMT 19 Dec 84 SK]

AGRO-TECHNICAL GROUP TO AFRICA--Pyongyang, 20 Dec (KCNA)--A government agro-technical delegation of our country headed by Yi Chong-in, vice-chairman of the agricultural commission, and another government agro-technical delegation headed by Pak Gyong-hwan left Pyongyang on December 19 respectively for a visit to Tanzania and Mozambique. The delegations were seen off at the airport by Kim Hong-chan, vice-chairman of the agricultural commission, and Kim Song-hwan, vice-minister of external economic affairs. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2319 GMT 19 Dec 84 SK]

CSO: 4100/090

N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

NODONG SINMUN ON U.S. WITHDRAWAL FROM UNESCO

SK240930 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0801 GMT 24 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 24 Dec (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today comes out with an article headlined "Withdrawal or Expulsion?" in connection with the formal announcement of the U.S. Government that the United States would withdraw from the UNESCO, effective from 31 December.

Recalling that the United States sent an "ultimatum" on 28 December last year that it would formally withdraw from the UNESCO one year thenceforth, if there were no "radical reform" in the organisation, the paper continues:

Accusing the UNESCO of having been too much politicized and squandering funds and having turned into an international forum attacking the United States, it demanded that the UNESCO should take "a fundamental step" to end such activity through the afore-said "reform."

This was a very impudent act for gaining control on the UNESCO and manipulating its activities for reactionary purpose. This ran up against the strong opposition of many countries of the world from the first step.

The "politicisation" and "squander of funds" on which the United States raised such a terrific outcry were nothing but an absurd pretext for delivering itself out of the sorry plight into which it had been driven by its utter isolation in the organisation. Now three-quarters of the 160 UNESCO members are developing countries.

With the admission of a great many Third World countries to this organisation, their will began to be reflected in its activities. As a result, the United States could no more freely dictate its terms to it and, moreover, found itself isolated or put in the dock more often than not.

Unreasonable is their cry over "squander of funds." Everyone knows that the UNESCO is operated on the principle of agreement. Its secretariat refuted the allegation of the United States, declaring that it had so far executed only the decisions adopted by consensus at the general meetings. The U.S. demand was intended to threaten the UNESCO with the "weapon of money."

But the "effect" of the threat of the U.S. policy-makers to the UNESCO for a term of one year turned out to be rejection by the overwhelming majority of its member nations. The United States was denounced and isolated for its base act over the last one year.

People now see clearly once again that the days have gone never to return when the United States could ride the high horse and it is running headlong downhill.

It is reasonable enough to say that the United States did not withdraw, but was expelled from the UNESCO.

CSO: 4100/100

N.KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

DAILY FLAYS KIRKPATRICK'S REMARKS AT UN MEETING

SK202313 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1504 GMT 20 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 20 Dec (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN Thursday carries a short commentary titled "Interventionist's Complaint," which says:

Some time ago, U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations Kirkpatrick, in a fit of anger, made a scene, grumbling that the UN General Assembly was wantonly interfering in the internal affairs of the United States.

The UN General Assembly had adopted a resolution to convene a Middle East peace conference with the attendance of all the parties concerned with 121 votes for and 3 against. The U.S. ambassador's complaint was incurred by the "regret" expressed over the U.S. opposition to the resolution when it was put to vote in the name of the General Assembly.

In the past days, the majority of the countries acted under the United States' "baton". But now, on the contrary, it has become an object of their criticism and derision. Even its closest NATO allies disregard it. The U.S. imperialists who had once used the United Nations as a stage for justifying their aggression and interference while oppressing and exploiting people, now find themselves in the dock in that very place to be denounced. No wonder they flew into one of their tempers.

No matter how wildly the United States may stamp with mortification, it can never check such development in the United Nations today when the trend of independence is sweeping the whole world.

The outcry of Kirkpatrick is a grumble lamenting over the sorry sight of the United States isolated and rejected, pining for its past days which have gone never to return.

CSO: 4100/090

N.KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

DAILY ON CONVERSION OF JAPAN INTO NUCLEAR BASE

SK181532 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1509 GMT 18 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 18 Dec (KCNA)--The Japanese reactionaries' joining the U.S. imperialists in the latter's nuclear war strategy with a loud cry for "common destiny" with the United States is a dangerous and stupid act which would reduce the Japanese territory to ruins like Hiroshima, declares NODONG SINMUN today.

The recent call of the U.S. imperialists' latest-type carrier "Carl Vinson" at Yokosuka port showed that the U.S. imperialists have the privilege to send their nuclear-powered warships to any port of Japan they want, unhindered by the three non-nuclear principles of Japan, says the paper.

Its article titled "Growing Danger of Nuclear Attack Base" continues:

The Japanese Government ostensibly opposes the introduction of U.S. nuclear weapons under its three non-nuclear principles banning the production, possession and production of nuclear weapons. [as published] But it, in fact, approves this.

The three principles remain only in name. The U.S. imperialists and the Japanese reactionaries use them as a camouflage for the conversion of Japan into a nuclear base.

The conversion of Japan into a nuclear base is an important demand of the U.S. imperialists' global strategy. Clinging to the aggressive strategy for dominating the world, the U.S. imperialists are trying to inveigle Japan into the nuclear military alliance by linking her with the NATO, contending that Japan is "the first line of the U.S. strategy" along with Western Europe.

The U.S. defense secretary, when he visited Tokyo in spring this year, demanded Japan to take a more active part in the U.S. global strategy and Japan showed a response to this. This has given a powerful impetus to the conversion of Japan into a nuclear base, that is, into a bridgehead for a nuclear attack on socialist countries.

The U.S. imperialists' nuclear weapons deployed at bases in Japan are not for defending Japan. They are entirely for attacking other countries. The spearhead of the attack is, for the present, directed to Korea.

Nuclear war exercise holds an important place in the war exercises of the U.S. imperialist aggression forces simulating another Korean war. The war game staged by a U.S. imperialists' carrier task force including the "Carl Vinson" in the East Sea of Korea was designed for a nuclear forestalling strike at Korea.

It is a dangerous risk to leave Japan to the U.S. imperialists as their nuclear attack base.

The Japanese Government has no say as regards the use of nuclear weapons by the U.S. imperialists in a war, let alone their introduction into Japanese bases or transfer to other places. The U.S. imperialists would have to get the approval of the NATO nations, if it wanted to use nuclear weapons in Europe. But they do not need it in Korea. The U.S. imperialists' nuclear weapons deployed in South Korea and Japan are levelled at the northern half of Korea and other socialist countries. Should a nuclear war break out in Korea, its flames would easily spread to Japan and Japan proper would inevitably turn into a theatre of nuclear war. With Japan bound to the U.S. imperialists' nuclear strategy, no one can bar her from being involved into a nuclear war.

CSO: 4100/090

PAPER HITS JAPAN'S INCREASED MILITARY BUDGET

SK211118 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1018 GMT 21 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 21 Dec (KCNA)--The Japanese reactionaries are pushing Japan's military spending beyond one percent of GNP to build a springboard for her military buildup and overseas advance, says NODONG SINMUN today in an article on the renewed hot debate over the military spending limited to one percent of GNP.

The article captioned "Limit Being Overstepped To Build Springboard" says in part:

The war-hawks of the Liberal Democratic Party are hell-bent on destroying the military spending limit to complete the revival and rearmament of Japanese militarism and realize their old dream of "great East Asia coprosperity sphere."

The Japanese Defense Agency tries hard of late to pass through the Diet a bill calling for a military spending to the tune of 3,188,100 million yen for fiscal 1985, or 8.6 percent up above the previous year's.

If the bill is passed, the limit of Japan's military spending to one percent of GNP which they called a "symbol of peace policy" will be destroyed for good.

Japan grew to be the world's 8th military power over 30 years after the Second World War.

Nonetheless, the Japanese reactionaries are scheming to advance the limit of one percent of GNP, claiming that arms buildup is an "inevitable demand."

Why are Japanese authorities anxious to destroy even the nominal one percent limit?

They seek to complete the revival and rearmament of Japanese militarism along the track of the U.S. global strategy and realize their old dream of "greater East Asia coprosperity sphere." Herein the United States and Japan have common interest.

American authorities strongly urge Japanese authorities to hasten arms build-up despite Japanese public protest.

Japanese authorities under American pressure take this occasion to prepare for a new leap. They openly call for a revision of the Japanese constitution, claiming that limiting military spending to one percent of GNP is outdated.

CSO: 4100/090

DAILY ON IMPERIALISTS' UNFAIR TRADE SYSTEM

SK221606 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1510 GMT 22 Dec 84

[Text] Pyongyang, 22 Dec (KCNA)--It is one of pressing questions facing the developing countries to destroy the old international economic order and establish instead a new one, stresses NODONG SINMUN Saturday in an article titled "Imperialism and Inequitable Trade System."

The paper says:

Today the imperialists continue selling at high prices industrial goods produced in their countries while taking from the developing countries countless quantities of raw materials and primary products at cheap prices under the unfair trade system built by them.

This brings capitalist countries a colossal amount of black figures in trade but developing countries huge red figures.

The imperialists are persisting in the scheme to keep the old trade system in an attempt to further intensify plunder of the developing countries.

The Western capitalist countries are finding themselves in such an impasse where they cannot maintain their ailing economic system without robbing the developing countries of raw materials and primary products. Hence they are resorting to all descriptions of tricks regarding prices in order to take from the developing countries raw materials and primary products at cheaper prices.

Owing to such plunder by the Western capitalist countries, not a few of the developing countries which have already achieved political independence have not yet gained full economic emancipation. In actuality, the raw material production structures in the developing countries have become lopsided. In many of them more than 80 percent of foreign currencies are from the export of raw materials and their varieties limited to one or two.

For this reason the developing countries are suffering from a serious shortage of raw and other materials in developing their economy in a many-sided way and facing great difficulties in the struggle for economic self-reliance and social progress.

It is a struggle to build a new international economic order to destroy the unfair trade system cooked up by the imperialists and colonialists.

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